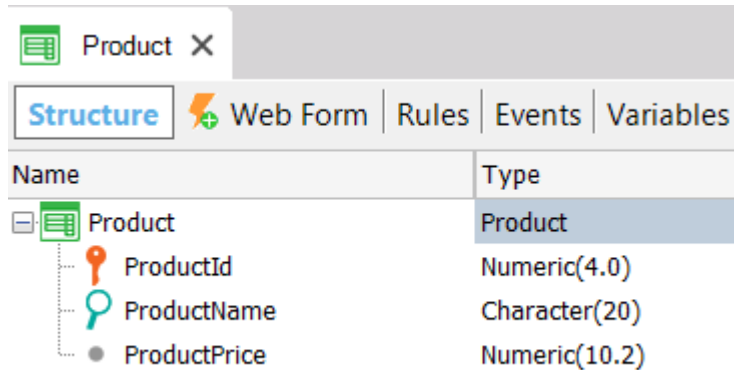


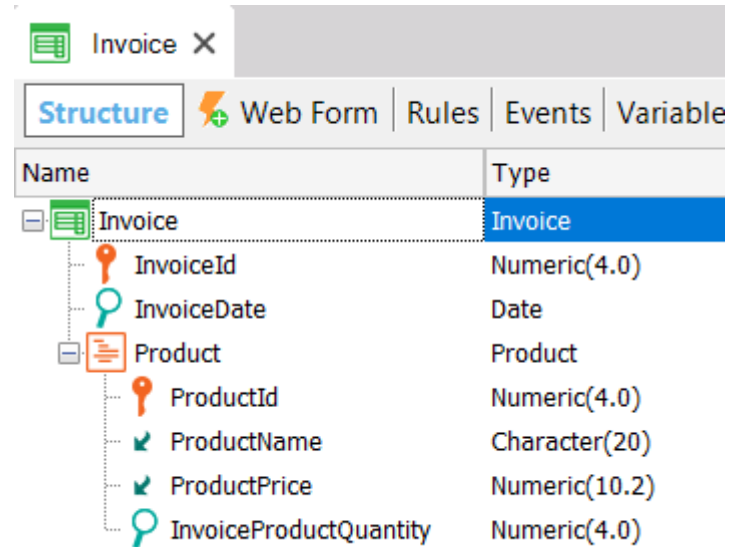


# Transactions

## What attribute names do we use?



Name	Type
Product	Product
ProductId	Numeric(4.0)
ProductName	Character(20)
ProductPrice	Numeric(10.2)



Name	Type
Invoice	Invoice
InvoiceId	Numeric(4.0)
InvoiceDate	Date
Product	Product
ProductId	Numeric(4.0)
ProductName	Character(20)
ProductPrice	Numeric(10.2)
InvoiceProductQuantity	Numeric(4.0)

## GIK Naming convention

Entity + Category [+ Qualifier]

### Product

```
{  
  ProductId* (PK)  
  ProductName (S)  
  ProductPrice (S)  
}
```

### Invoice

```
{  
  InvoiceId* (PK)  
  InvoiceDate (S)  
  -----  
  Product  
  {  
    ProductId* (PK, FK)  
    ProductName (I)  
    ProductPrice (I)  
    InvoiceProductQuantity (S)  
    -----  
  }  
}
```

# Transaction Design

## Strong 1 - N

Each customer belongs to a country and a country has many customers



COUNTRY
CountryId*
CountryName



```
Country
{
  CountryId* (PK)
  CountryName
}
```

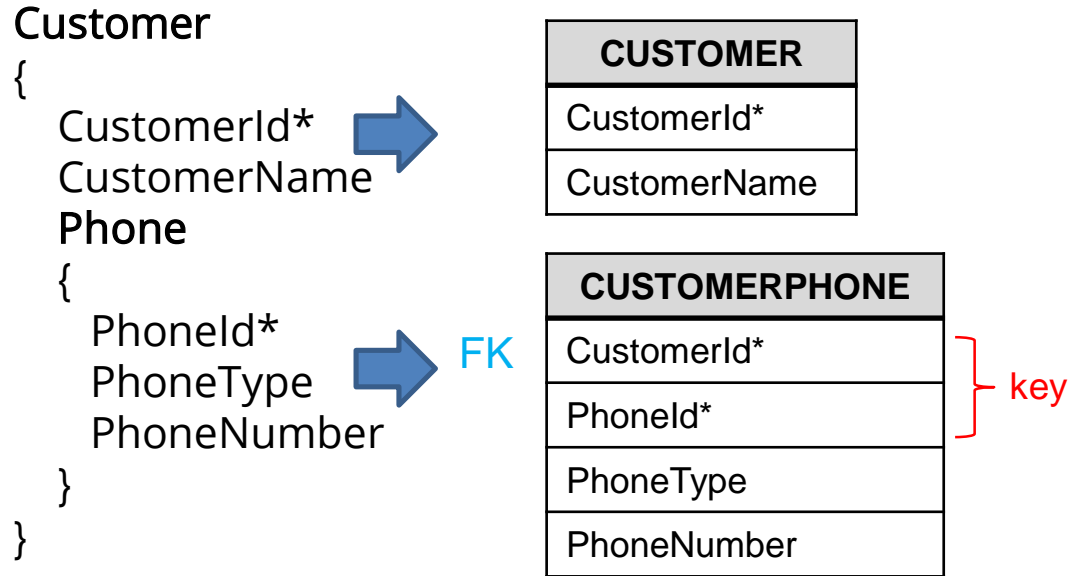
```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId (FK)
  CountryName
}
```



CUSTOMER
CustomerId*
CustomerName
CountryId

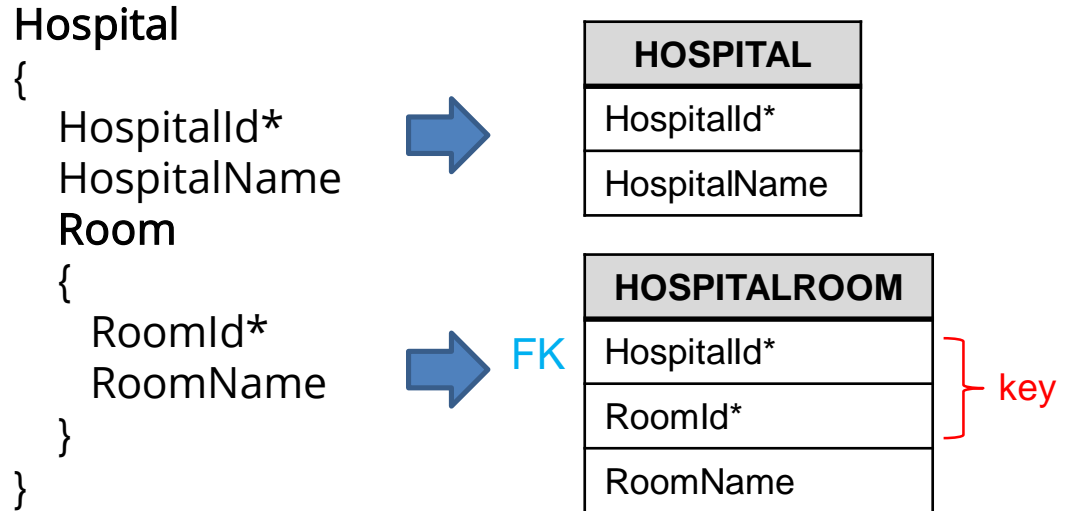
## Weak 1 – N

Each customer has many phones, and each phone belongs to a single customer



## Weak 1 – N

Each hospital has many rooms and each room belongs to a single hospital





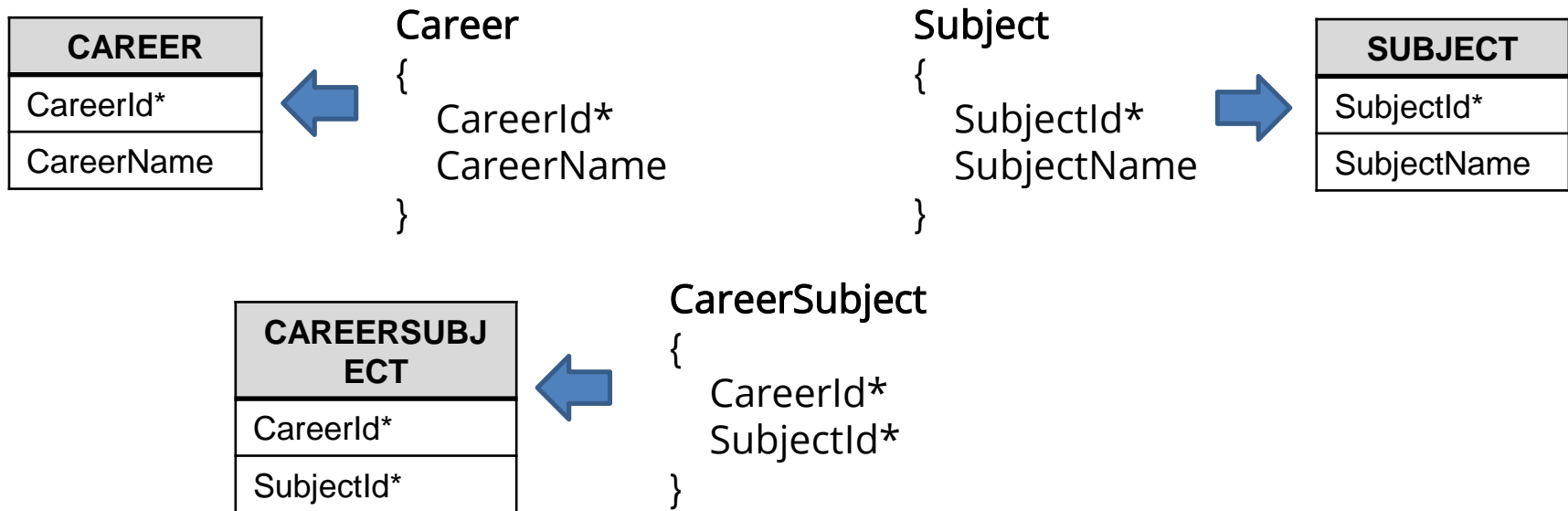
## N – N (M)

Each degree program has many subjects and each subject can be included in many degree programs



## N – N: Option 1 of 4

Each degree program has many subjects and each subject can be included in many degree programs



## N – N: Option 1 – Generated tables

CAREER

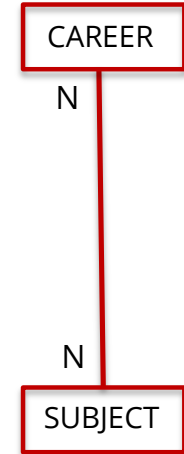
CareerId	CareerName
1	Computer Science
2	Data Science for Health

SUBJECT

SubjectId	SubjectName
1	Computer Logic
2	Programming Fundamentals

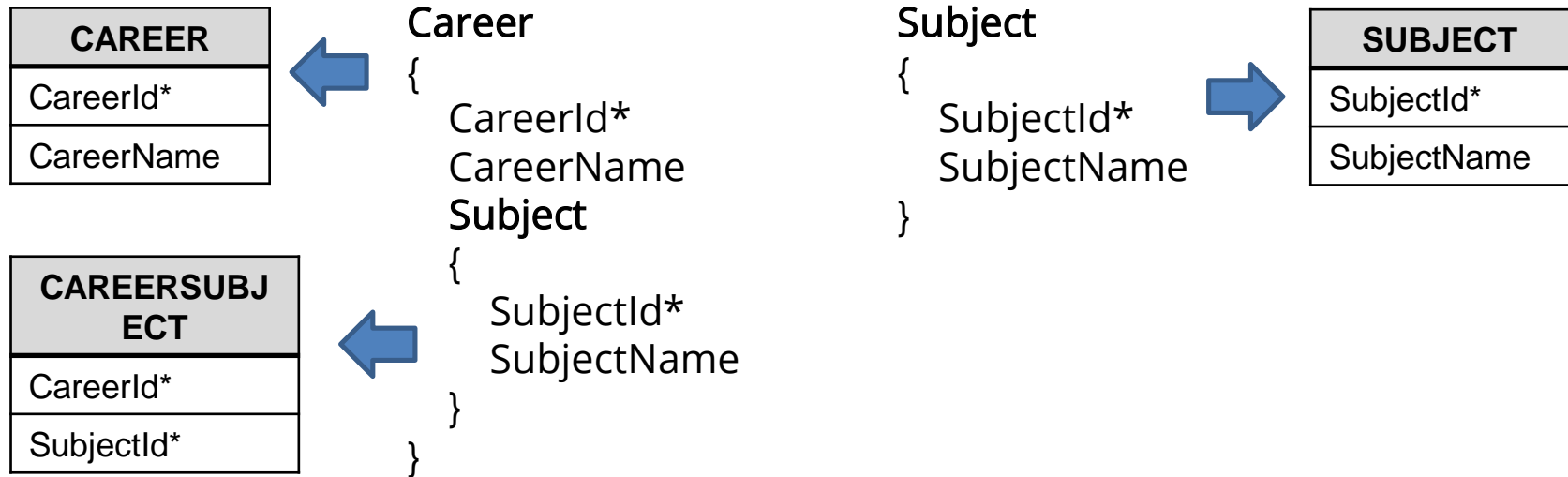
CAREERSUBJECT

CareerId	SubjectId
1	1
1	2
2	2



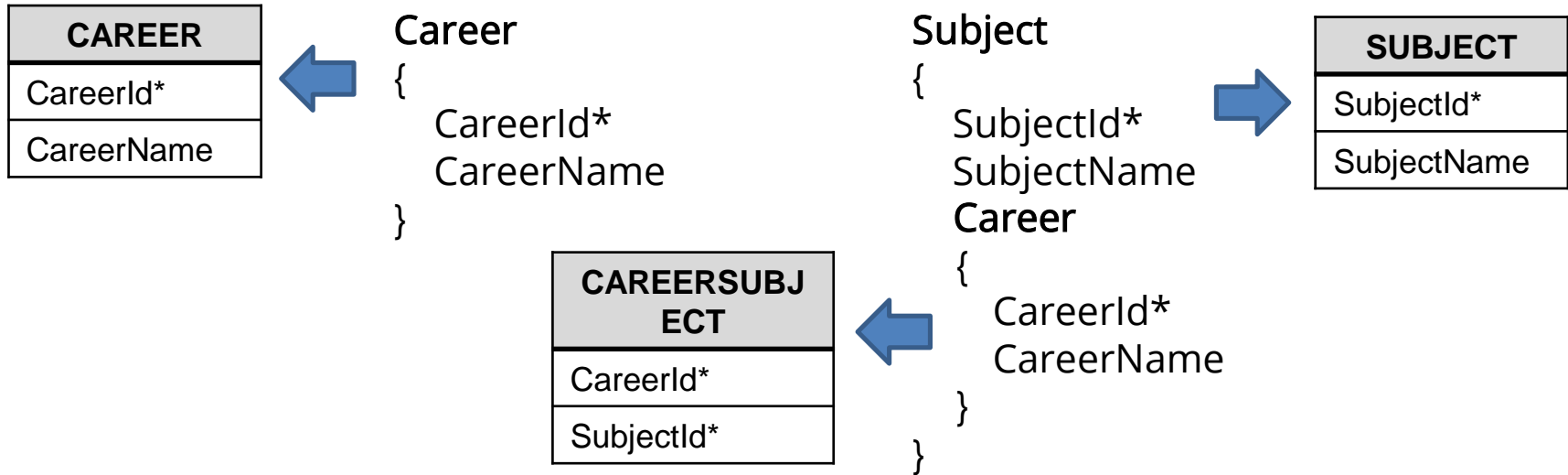
## N – N: Option 2 of 4

Each degree program has many subjects and each subject can be included in many degree programs



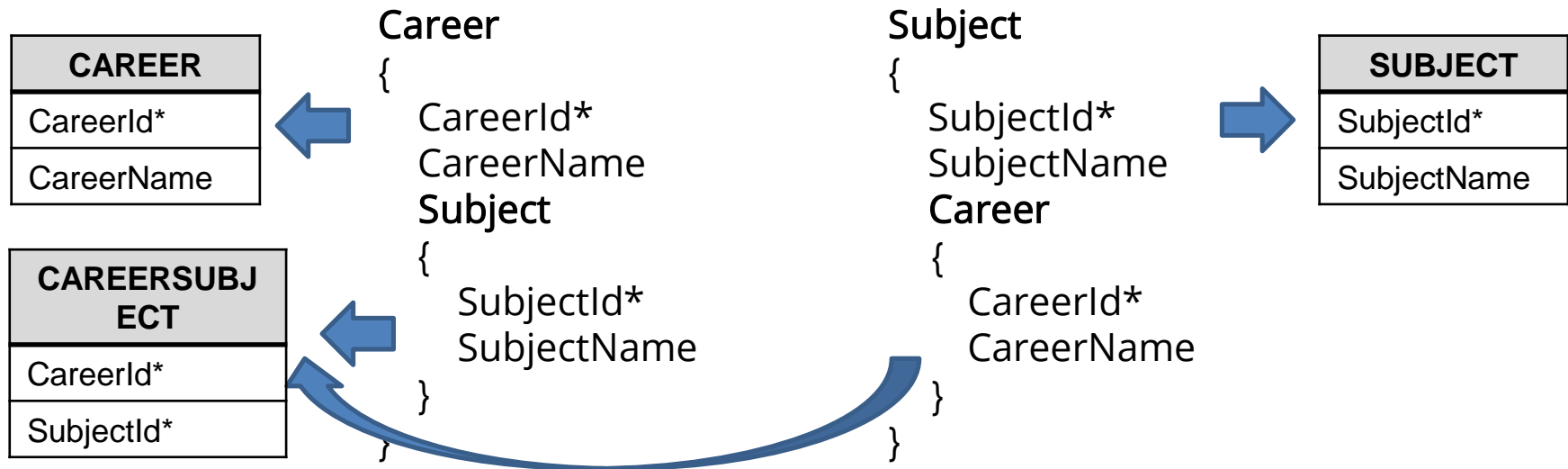
## N – N: Option 3 of 4

Each degree program has many subjects and each subject can be included in many degree programs



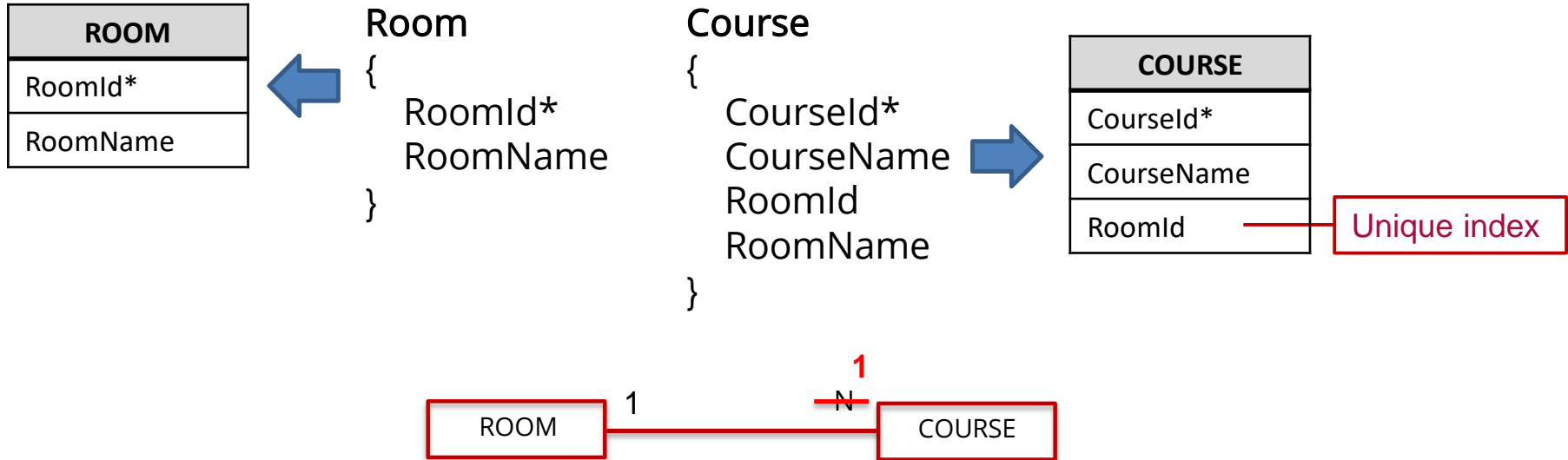
## N – N: Option 4 of 4

Each degree program has many subjects and each subject can be included in many degree programs



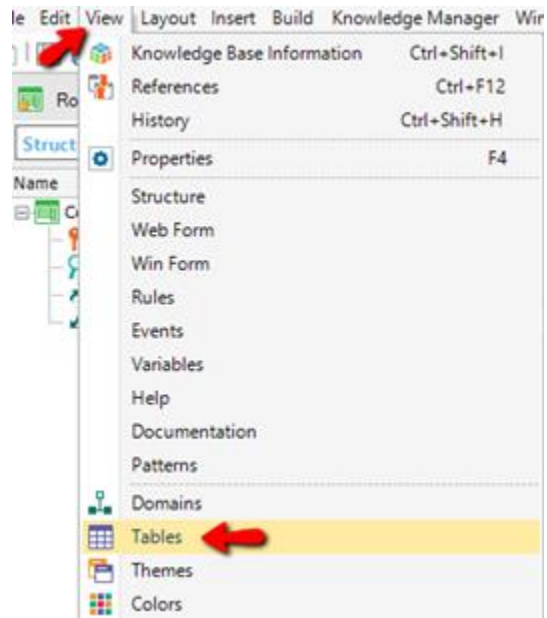
1 - 1

Each course is taught in a classroom, and this classroom can only be used to teach this course

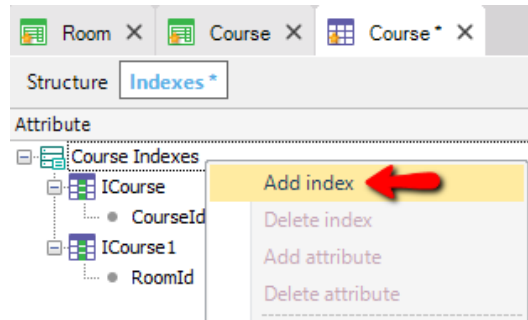


# Creating an index

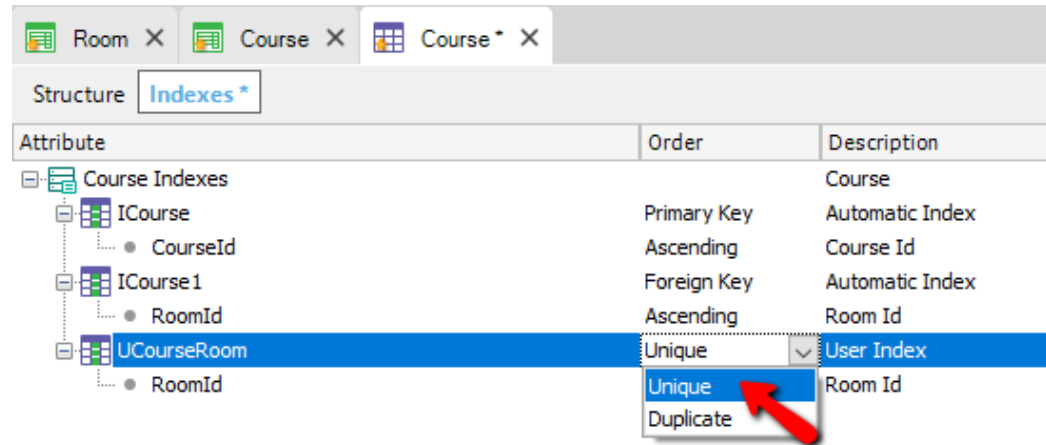
1



2



3





# Normalization

## GeneXus normalize tables in Third Normal Form (3NF)

- Inferred attributes in a transaction, are not included in the generated table

Continent

```
{  
  ContinentId* (PK)  
  ContinentName  
}
```



CONTINENT
ContinentId*
ContinentName

Country

```
{  
  CountryId* (PK)  
  CountryName  
  ContinentId (FK)  
  ContinentName (INF)  
}
```



COUNTRY
CountryId*
CountryName
ContinentId

Customer

```
{  
  CustomerId* (PK)  
  CustomerName  
  CountryId (FK)  
  CountryName (INF)  
  ContinentId (INF)  
  ContinentName (INF)  
}
```



CUSTOMER
CustomerId*
CustomerName
CountryId

# Referential Integrity

## Referential Integrity

```
Country
{
  CountryId* (PK)
  CountryName
}
```

CountryId	CountryName
1	URUGUAY
2	ARGENTINA

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId (FK)
  CountryName
}
```

CustomerId	CustomerName	CountryId
1	ANA	1
2	PEDRO	2
3	LUIS	2
4	JOSE	3



The record is  
not inserted



## Referential Integrity

```
Country
{
  CountryId* (PK)
  CountryName
}
```

CountryId	CountryName
1	URUGUAY <del>X</del>
2	ARGENTINA



The register is not deleted

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId (FK)
  CountryName
}
```

CustomerId	CustomerName	CountryId
1	ANA	1
2	PEDRO	2
3	LUIS	2
4	JOSE	3

# Base Table and Extended Table

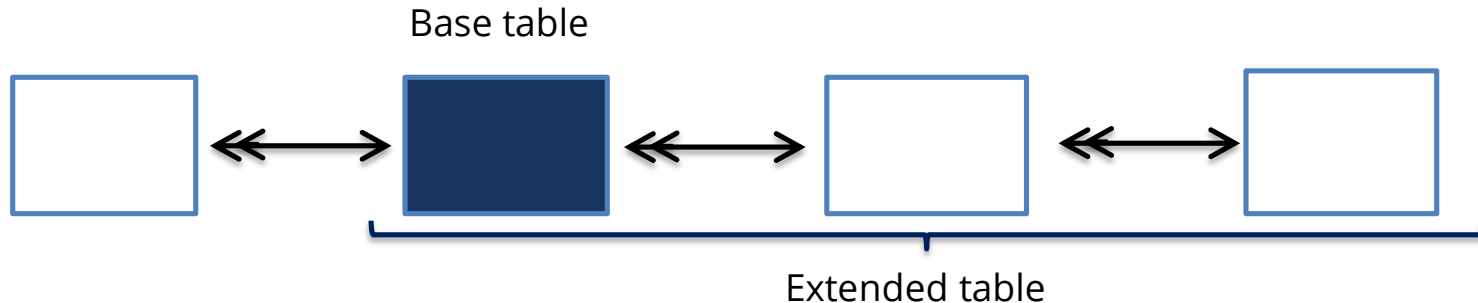
- **Base table**

Any table in the database where we may be working at a given moment.

- **Extended table**

For a given table, its extended table is a concept that allows us to consider all the information that we can access from it, using its foreign keys.

It is the set of attributes of the table itself + all the attributes of the tables with which it has an N to 1 relation, either directly or indirectly.



## Example

### Customer

```
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
}
```

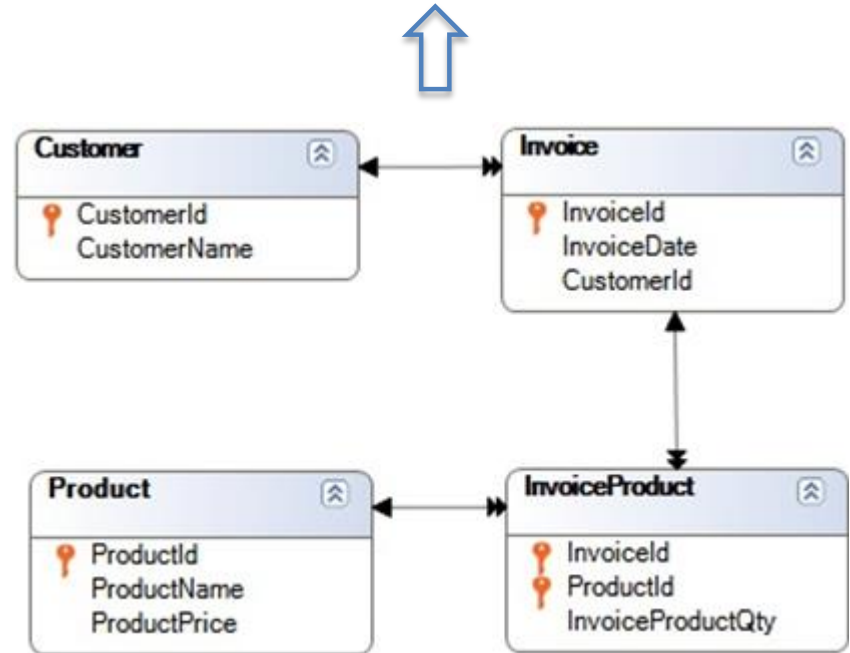
### Product

```
{
  ProductId*
  ProductName
  ProductPrice
}
```

### Invoice

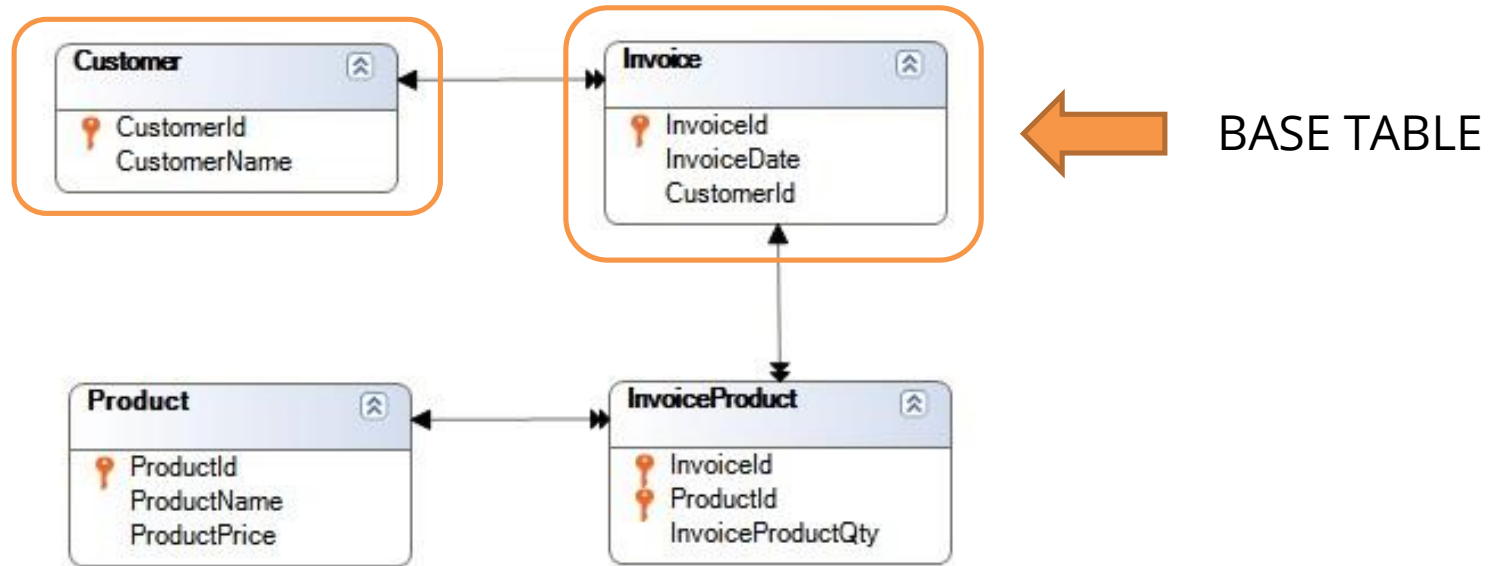
```
{
  InvoiceId*
  InvoiceDate
  CustomerId
  CustomerName
  Product
  {
    ProductId*
    ProductName
    ProductPrice
    InvoiceProductQuantity
    -----
  }
}
```

Table diagram  
(Bachman diagram)



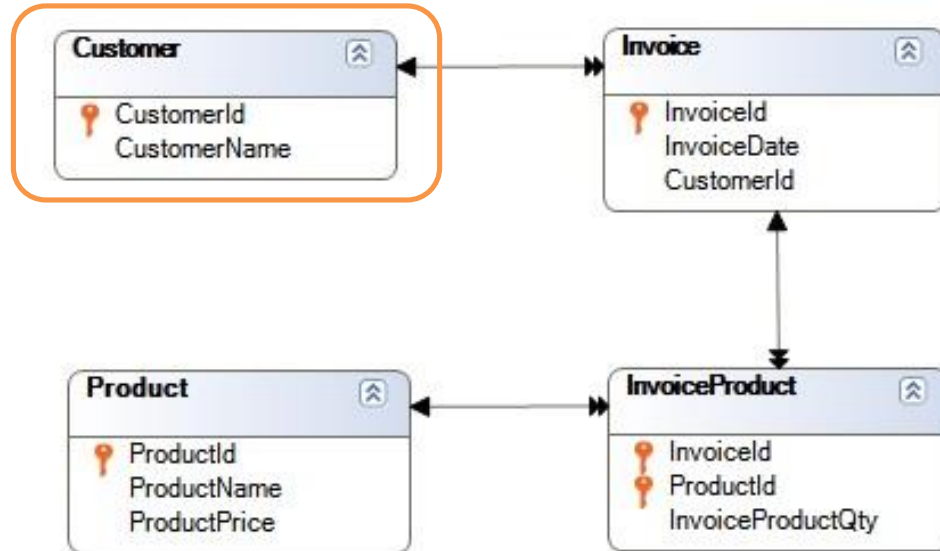


## Example: Invoice Extended Table

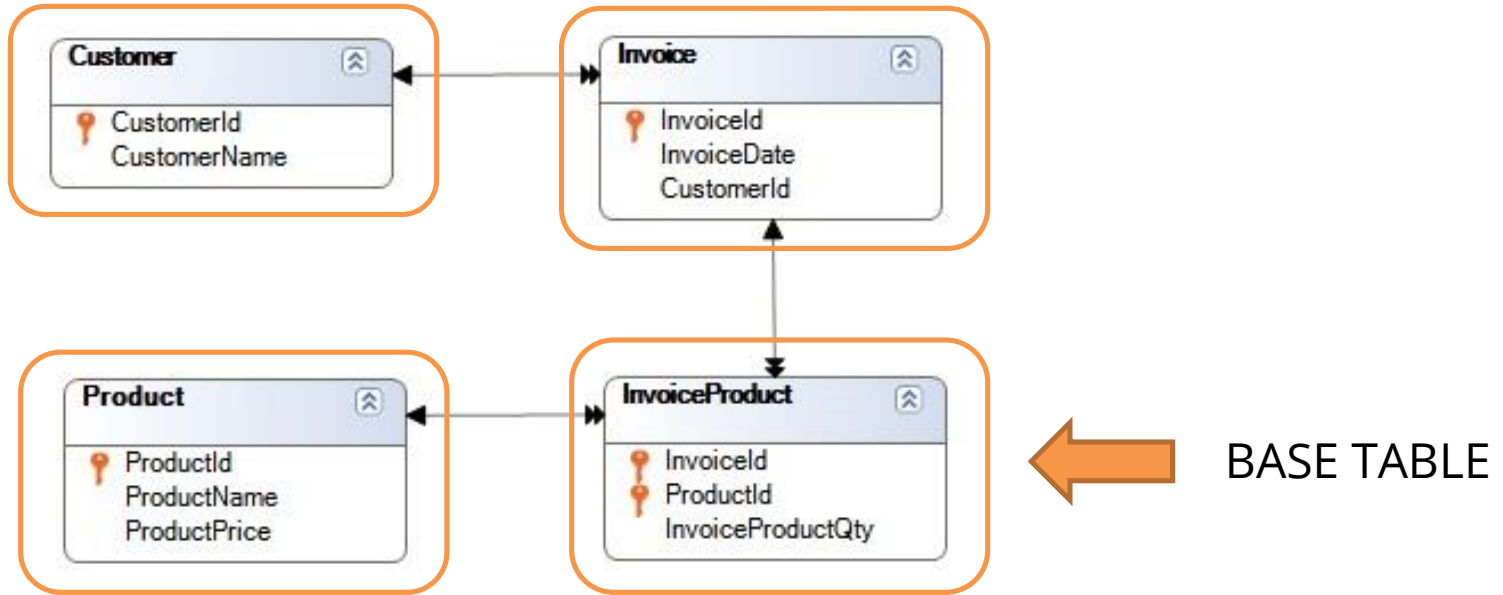


## Example: Customer Extended Table

BASE TABLE

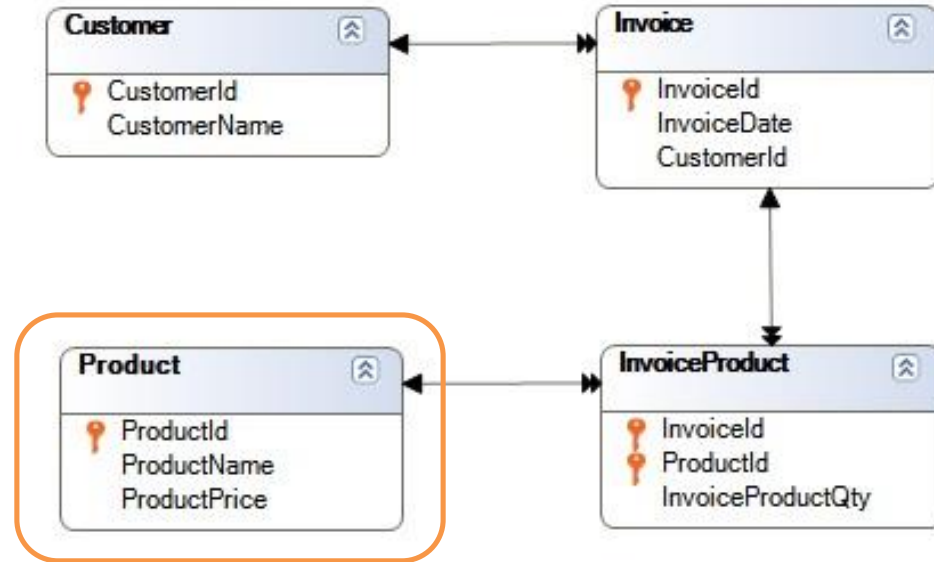


## Example: InvoiceProduct Extended Table



## Example: Product Extended Table

BASE TABLE



# Subtypes

## Multiple references:

For every flight, the departure and arrival airports must be saved

### Airport

```
{  
  AirportId*  
  AirportName  
}
```

### Flight

```
{  
  FlightId*  
  FlightDate  
  AirportId  
  AirportName  
  AirportId  
  AirportName  
}
```



Error due to  
duplicated attribute  
names

Flight	Flight	Flight
FlightId	Id	Flight Id
FlightDate	Date	Flight Date
AirportId	Id	Airport Id
AirportName	Name	Airport Name
AirportId	Duplicate Attribute Name: 'AirportId'	

## Solution 1 of 3: create two subtype groups, one for the departure airport and another for the arrival airport

**Airport**

```
{
  AirportId*
  AirportName
}
```

**Flight**

```
{
  FlightId*
  FlightDate
  DepartureAirportId
  DepartureAirportName } Subtype group: DepartureAirport
  ArrivalAirportId
  ArrivalAirportName } Subtype group: ArrivalAirport
}
```




Subtype	Description	Supertype
DepartureAirport		
DepartureAirportId	Departure Airport Id	AirportId
DepartureAirportName	Departure Airport Name	AirportName

Subtype	Description	Supertype
ArrivalAirport		
ArrivalAirportId	Arrival Airport Id	AirportId
ArrivalAirportName	Arrival Airport Name	AirportName

## Solution 2 of 3: create one subtype group for the departure airport only

```
Airport
{
  AirportId*
  AirportName
}
```

```
Flight
{
  FlightId*
  FlightDate
  DepartureAirportId
  DepartureAirportName } Subtype group: DepartureAirport
  AirportId
  AirportName
}
```

Subtype	Description	Supertype
 DepartureAirport		
 DepartureAirportId	Departure Airport Id	AirportId
 DepartureAirportName	Departure Airport Name	AirportName



## Solution 3 of 3: create one subtype group for the arrival airport only




```

Airport
{
  AirportId*
  AirportName
}

Flight
{
  FlightId*
  FlightDate
  AirportId
  AirportName
  ArrivalAirportId
  ArrivalAirportName
}

```

} Subtype group: ArrivalAirport

Subtype	Description	Supertype
 ArrivalAirport		
 ArrivalAirportId	Arrival Airport Id	AirportId
 ArrivalAirportName	Arrival Airport Name	AirportName

## Multiple references:

In addition to the customer's country, the country where the invoice was issued must also be saved

### Country

```
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

### Customer

```
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

### Invoice

```
{
  InvoiceId*
  InvoiceDate
  CustomerId
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
  InvoiceCountryId
  InvoiceCountryName
}
```

Inferred attributes

Subtype group: InvoiceCountry

Subtype	Description	Supertype
InvoiceCountry		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>InvoiceCountryId</li> </ul>	Invoice Country Id	CountryId
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>InvoiceCountryName</li> </ul>	Invoice Country Name	CountryName

# Rules

## Rules

Name	Type
Student	Student
StudentId	Id
StudentName	Name
StudentAddress	Address, GeneXus
StudentBirthDate	Date
StudentAddedDate	Date

**Error**("Enter the student name") if  
StudentName.isEmpty();

**Msg**("The address is empty") if  
StudentAddress.isEmpty();

**Default**(StudentAddedDate, &Today);

**Noaccept**(StudentAddedDate);

& Variables	
& Standard Variables	
GxRemove	Numeric(1.0)
Mode	Character(3)
Pgmdesc	Character(256)
Pgmname	Character(128)
Time	Character(8)
Today	Date

## Rules

Name	Type
Country	Country
CountryId	Id
CountryName	Name
CountryLastLine	Numeric(4.0)
City	City
CityId	Id
CityName	Name

**Serial**(CityId, CountryLastLine, 1);

**Parm**(attribute1, &variable1, ....);



**Variable:** Space in memory that has a name and data type it can save. It is referenced using “&.”

# Triggering Moments

### Browser

Transaction

http://trialapps3.gonexus.com/ld8562acf4/

Attribute-1

Attribute-2

...

Attribute-n

Level

AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
data1-1	data1-2	...	<input type="radio"/>
data2-1	data2-2	...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
data3-1	data3-2	...	<input type="checkbox"/>
data4-1	data 4-2	...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

**CONFIRM** CANCEL

### Server

Attribute-1  ✓

Attribute-2  ✓

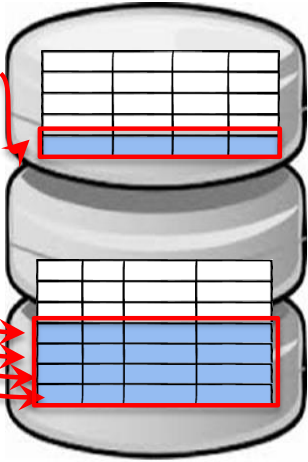
...

Attribute-n  ✓

Level

AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
data1-1	data1-2	...	<input type="radio"/> ✓
data2-1	data2-2	...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ✓
data3-1	data3-2	...	<input type="checkbox"/> ✓
data4-1	data 4-2	...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ✓

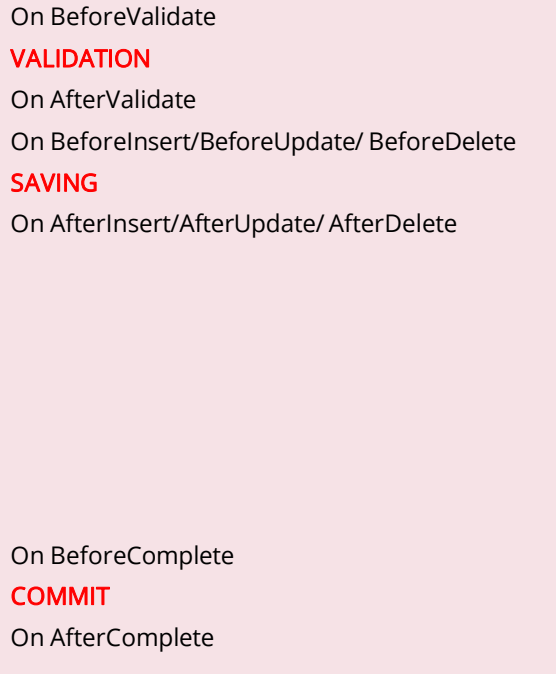
### Database



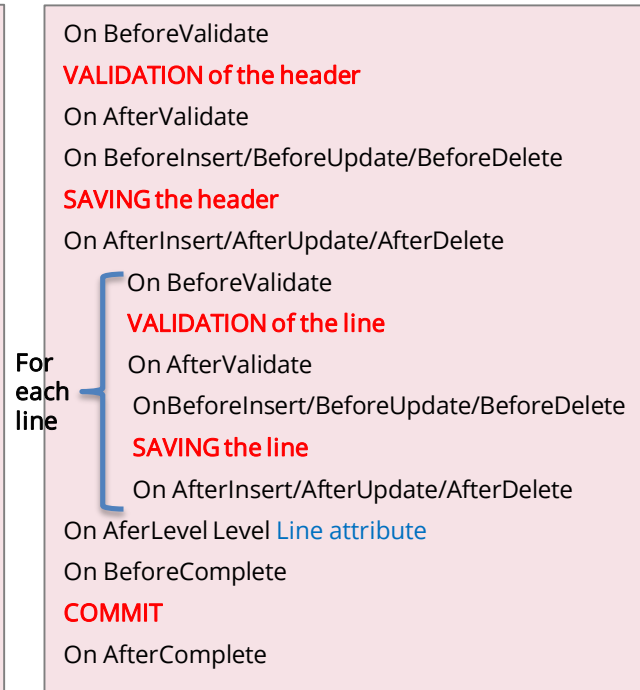
Commit

## Rule triggering moments

In single-level transactions:



In two-level transactions:





## Rule triggering moments

PrintCustomer(CustomerId) on AfterInsert, AfterUpdate;

Is it correct or not?



It is correct!

The screenshot shows a web application window titled "Transaction" with a browser address bar containing "http://trialapps3.genexus.com/1d8562acf4/". The form contains several input fields labeled "Attribute-1", "Attribute-2", and "Attribute-n". Below these is a table with the following structure:

Level	AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
	data1-1	data1-2	...	⊙
	data2-1	data2-2	...	☑
	data3-1	data3-2	...	☐
	data4-1	data 4-2	...	☑

At the bottom of the form are two buttons: "CONFIRM" and "CANCEL".

### VALIDATION

On Aftervalidate

### SAVING

On AfterInsert / On AfterUpdate / On AfterDelete

## Rule triggering moments

PrintCustomer(CustomerId) on AfterDelete; Is it correct or not?



It is not correct because it is invoked AFTER the deletion and the customer will not be found with that ID in the table.

Transaction

http://trialapps3.genexus.com/Id8562acf4/

Attribute-1

Attribute-2

...

Attribute-n

Level

AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
data1-1	data1-2	...	⊙
data2-1	data2-2	...	☑
data3-1	data3-2	...	☐
data4-1	data 4-2	...	☑

CONFIRM CANCEL

### VALIDATION

On Aftervalidate

### SAVING

On AfterInsert / On AfterUpdate / On AfterDelete

## Rule triggering moments

```
Error('The seat quantity should be equal or greater than 8') if FlightCapacity < 8
on AfterLevel
Level FlightSeatChar;
```

Transaction

http://trialapps3.genexus.com/Id8562acf4/

Attribute-1

Attribute-2

...

Attribute-n

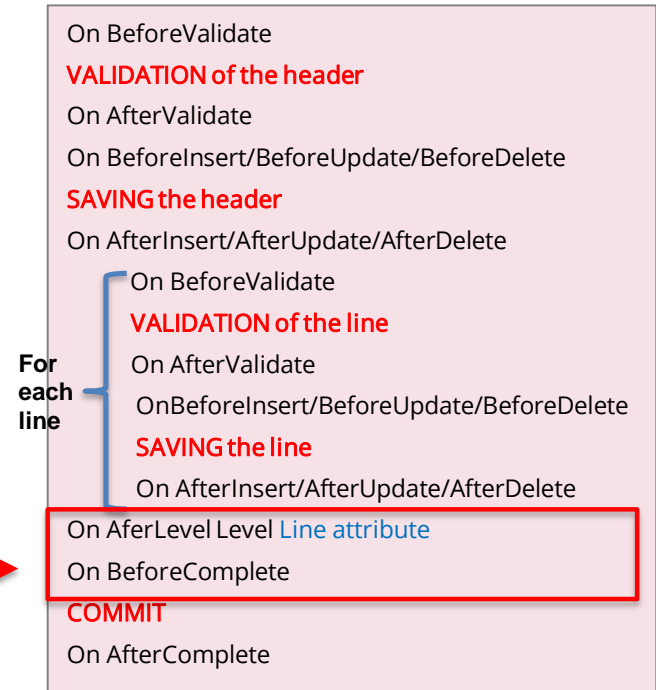
Level

AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
data1-1	data1-2	...	<input type="radio"/>
data2-1	data2-2	...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
data3-1	data3-2	...	<input type="checkbox"/>
data4-1	data 4-2	...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

< 8

CONFIRM CANCEL

In two-level transactions:

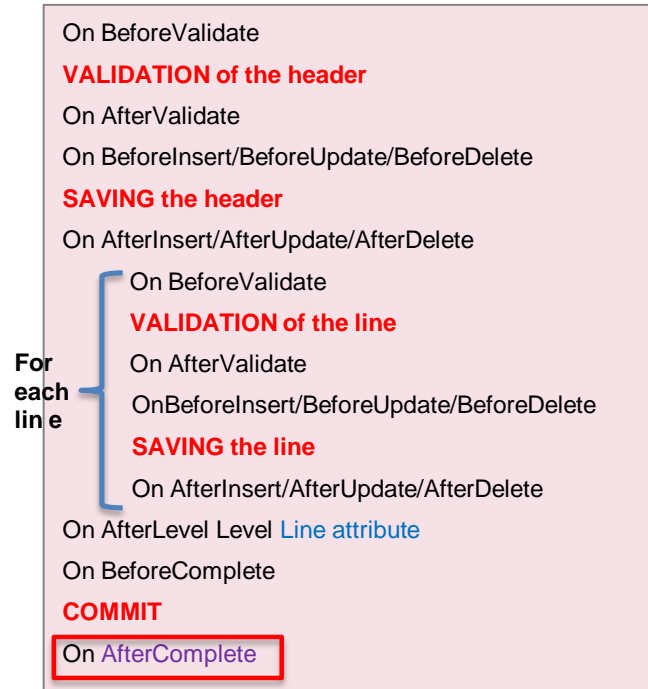


## Rule triggering moments

```
PrintFlight(FlightId) on AfterComplete;
```

✓ on **AfterComplete**: Right after **Commit** is performed in the database.

In two-level transactions:



## Examples

Invoice

```
{
  InvoiceId*
  InvoiceDate
  -----
  Product
  {
    ProductId*
    ProductName
    ProductPrice
    InvoiceProductQuantity
    -----
  }
}
```

Determine if is it correct or not:

PrintInvoiceDetail(InvoiceId) on **AfterComplete**;



ProductControl(ProductId) on **BeforeInsert**;

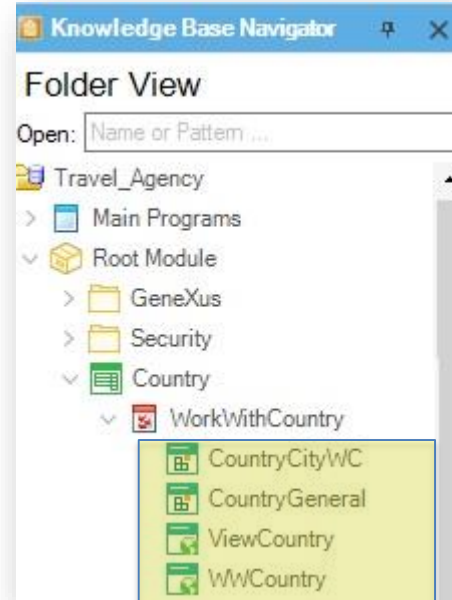
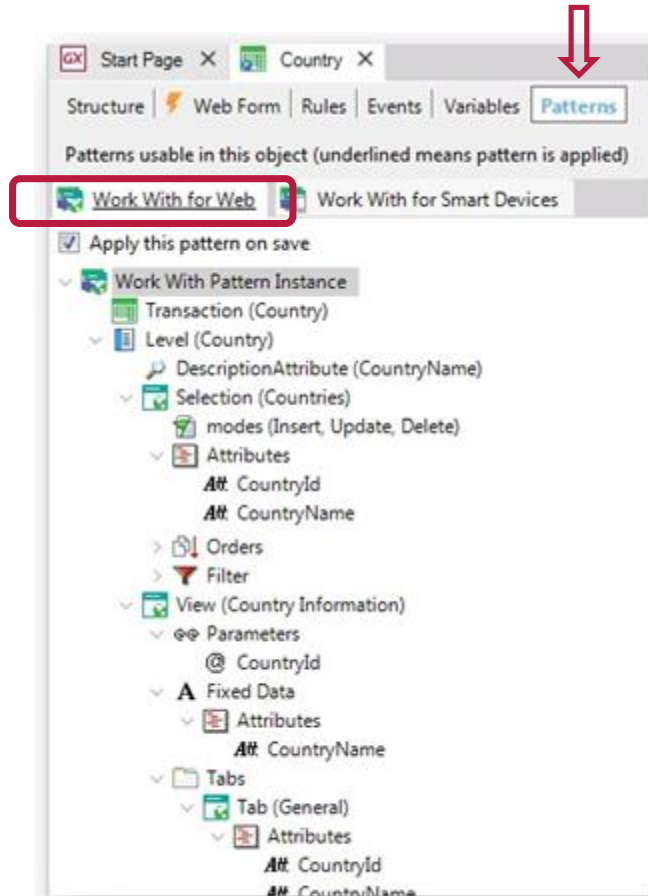


ProductControl(ProductId) on **AfterComplete**;



Can I assign a value to an attribute on  
AfterInsert?  **NO**

# Patterns



Automatically generated by GeneXus




## Dynamics



Example: New attribute CountryFlag

The image illustrates the dynamic generation process for a new attribute. It shows three main components:

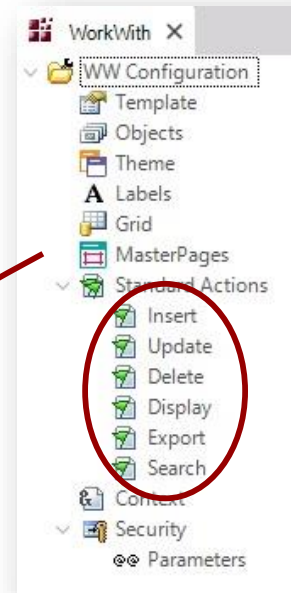
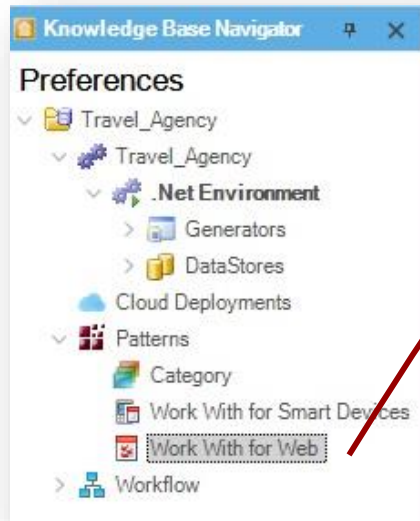
- Entity Structure:** A table showing the 'Country' entity with attributes: CountryId (Id), CountryName (Name), CountryFlag (Image), City (City), CityId (Id), and CityName (Name). A red arrow points to the 'CountryFlag' attribute.
- Work With Pattern Instance Configuration:** A screenshot of the 'Work With Pattern Instance' dialog. It shows the configuration for the 'Country' pattern, including the 'Attributes' section where 'CountryFlag' is listed as a new attribute. A red arrow points to the 'CountryFlag' attribute in the configuration.
- Generated Web Application:** A screenshot of the 'Travel Agency' web application showing a 'Countries' table. The table displays data for Brazil, China, and France, including their respective flags. A red dashed arrow points from the 'CountryFlag' attribute in the configuration to the flag images in the table.

Id	Name	Flag	UPDATE	DELETE
4	Brazil		UPDATE	DELETE
6	China		UPDATE	DELETE
2	France		UPDATE	DELETE



## General Settings

How are all instances initialized?



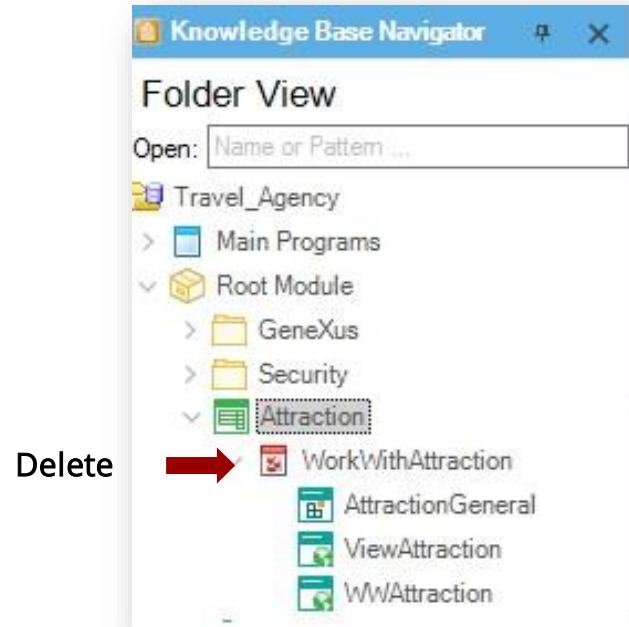
In Country...

Properties

modes: Ins: default, Upd: default, ...

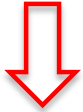
Insert	default
Update	default
Delete	default
Display	default
Export	default

## Deleting the pattern



# Formulas

## Global Formulas



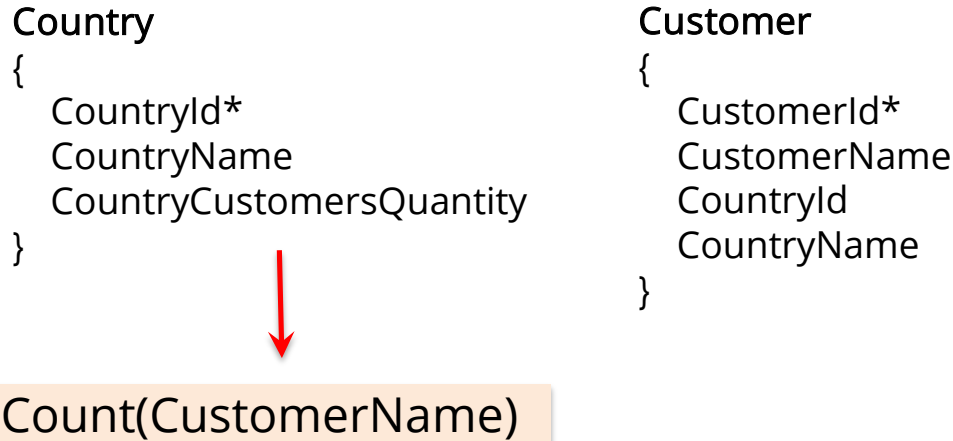
- It's a calculation associated with an attribute in a transaction
- They are known throughout the KB

```
Product
{
  ProductId*
  ProductName
  ProductPrice
}
```

```
Invoice
{
  InvoiceId*
  InvoiceDate
  InvoiceAmount → Sum(InvoiceProductAmount)
  Product
  {
    ProductId*
    ProductName
    ProductPrice
    InvoiceProductQuantity
    InvoiceLineAmount
  }
}
```

“Virtual” attributes (not saved in the DB)

```
ProductPrice*InvoiceProductQuantity*0.9 if ProductId = 1;
ProductPrice*InvoiceProductQuantity*0.8 if ProductId = 3;
ProductPrice*InvoiceProductQuantity otherwise;
```



Will this formula count the customers by country or the total number of customers?

It will count the customers by country because GeneXus applies an automatic filter by the common attribute (*CountryId*).

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CustomerTotal
}
```

```
Invoice
{
  InvoiceId*
  InvoiceDate
  InvoiceType
  CustomerId
  CustomerName
  InvoiceAmount
}
```

Domain that  
provides two  
Enum Values

credit  
cash



Calculation  
condition

Sum(InvoiceAmount, InvoiceType=InvoiceType.Credit)

If CustomerId = 3



Triggering  
condition

## Inline Formulas



- They are formulas defined in the code section of an object
- They are only known in the object in which they have been defined

**Requirement:** A list of countries with the number of attractions in each one of them

Countries List	
Country	Quantity
Argentina	2
Uruguay	3
Paraguay	1
United States	5



```

Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
  
```

```

Attraction
{
  AttractionId*
  AttractionName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
  
```

## Inline Formula in the code of a Procedure object

```
Print Header
```

```
For each Country
```

```
  &AttractionsQuantity = Count(AttractionName)
```

```
  Print Countries
```

```
Endfor
```

Base table of the For Each command: COUNTRY

Table read by the formula: ATTRACTION

Will this formula count the attractions by country or the total number of attractions?

It will count the attractions by country because it is applied an automatic filter by the common attribute *CountryId* (both tables are related).



For Each command

## Base Transaction

```
Flight
{
  FlightId*
  FlightDate
  ----
  Seat
  {
    FlightSeatId*
    FlightSeatChar
  }
}
```

For each **Flight**

-----  
Endfor

For each **Flight.Seat**

-----  
Endfor

Base Transaction

Name of the transaction  
whose associated  
physical table is to be run  
through

## Order


```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  -----
}
```

**Requirement:** A list of all customers in alphabetical order by name.

```
For each Customer order CustomerName
  -----
Endfor
```

**Requirement:** A list of all customers in descending order by name.

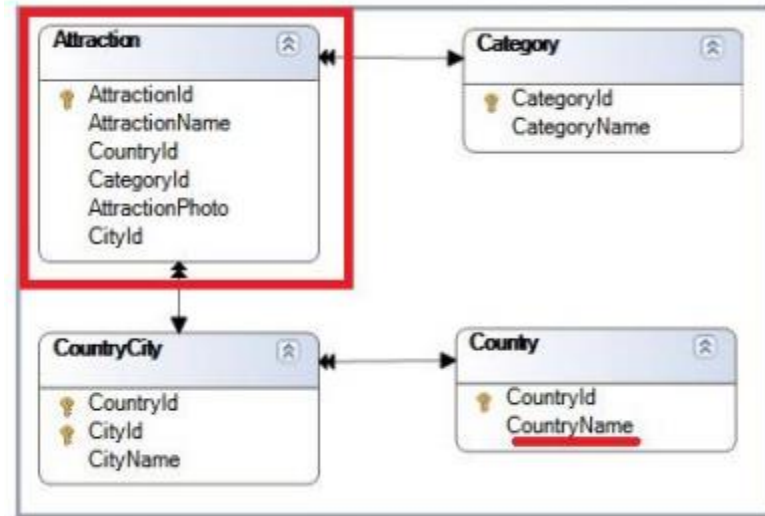
```
For each Customer order (CustomerName)
  -----
Endfor
```



## Order

GeneXus allows ordering by the value of an attribute not included in the table being run through, but in its extended table.

```
Print Header
For each Attraction order CountryName
  Print Attractions
Endfor
```



## Filters

```
Flight
{
  FlightId*
  FlightDate
  -----
  Seat
  {
    FlightSeatId*
    FlightSeatChar
  }
}
```

```
For each Flight
  Where FlightDate = Today()
  -----
Endfor
```

```
For each Flight.Seat
  Where FlightId = 1
  -----
Endfor
```

## Filters

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CustomerAddress
}
```

Index



```
For each Customer order CustomerName
  Where CustomerName >= &NameFrom
  -----
Endfor
```

Warnings

 **spc0038** There is no index for order CustomerName; poor performance may be noticed in group starting at line 2.

Attribute	Order	Description
Customer Indexes		
ICustomer	Primary Key	Automatic Index
CustomerId	Ascending	Customer Id
UCustomerName	Duplicate	User Index
CustomerName	Ascending	Customer Name

The query has been optimized!



## Nested For Each commands + Different base table + Tables NOT related = CARTESIAN PRODUCT

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

```
Room
{
  RoomId*
  RoomName
}
```

### Cartesian Product

```
For each Country
  Print Country

  For each Room
    Print Room
  Endfor
Endfor
```

```
1 - Brazil
    RoomA
    RoomB
    RoomC

2 -Uruguay
    RoomA
    RoomB
    RoomC

3 - Argentina
    RoomA
    RoomB
    RoomC

4 - United States
    RoomA
    RoomB
    RoomC
```

## Nested For Each commands + Different base table + Related tables = JOIN

```

Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}

↓ 1
  N

Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}

```

Join

```

For each Country
  Print Country

```

```

  For each Customer
    Print Customer
  Endfor

```

```

Endfor

```

1 - Brazil	LUIS JORGE
2 - Uruguay	
3 - Argentina	
4 - United States	ANA



## Nested For each commands + Same base table + Related tables = CONTROL BREAK

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

Control Break

```
For each Customer order CountryId
  Print Country
```

```
  For each Customer
    Print Customer
  Endfor
```

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

```
Endfor
```

1 - Brazil

LUIS  
JORGE

4 - United States

ANA

## Summary

### Cartesian Product

```
For each Country
  Print Country
```

```
  For each Room
    Print Room
  Endfor
```

```
Endfor
```

Different tables,  
with no relation  
between them

### Join

```
For each Country
  Print Country
```

```
  For each Customer
    Print Customer
  Endfor
```

```
Endfor
```

Different tables  
which are  
related

### Control Break

```
For each Customer order CountryId
  Print Country
```

```
  For each Customer
    Print Customer
  Endfor
```

```
Endfor
```

Same table,  
grouped with order

## Summary

### Cartesian Product

1 - Brazil	RoomA
	RoomB
	RoomC
2 -Uruguay	RoomA
	RoomB
	RoomC
3 - Argentina	RoomA
	RoomB
	RoomC

*“Both entities are not related;  
show all possibilities for each  
country”*

### Join

1 - Brazil	LUIS JORGE
2 - Uruguay	
3 - Argentina	
4 - United States	ANA

*“All countries and their  
customers, regardless if they  
have customers or not”*

### Control Break

1 - Brazil	LUIS JORGE
4 - United States	ANA

*“Only those countries that  
have customers”*

# Communication between objects

## Example: sending parameters

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

For example, in the Rules of the Country trn:

```
CustomerList(CountryId) on AfterComplete;
```



```
CustomerList
```

```
Parm(in: &CountryId);
```

```
For each Customer
```

```
  Where CountryId = &CountryId
```

```
  -----
```

```
Endfor
```

Variable  
Explicit filter

## Example: sending parameters

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

For example, in the Rules of the Country trn :

```
CustomerList(CountryId) on AfterComplete;
```



```
CustomerList
```

```
Parm(in: CountryId);
```

```
For each Customer
```

```
Where CountryId = &CountryId
```

```
-----
```

```
Endfor
```

Attribute  
Implicit filter

## Example: returning a value

```
Country  
(  
  CountryId*  
  CountryName  
)
```

```
Customer  
(  
  CustomerId*  
  CustomerName  
  CountryId  
  CountryName  
)
```

For example, in the Rules of the Customer trn:

```
&Control = CustomerControl(CustomerId);
```



CustomerControl

```
Parm(in: &CustomerId, out: &Control);
```

```
For each Customer  
  Where CustomerId = &CustomerId
```

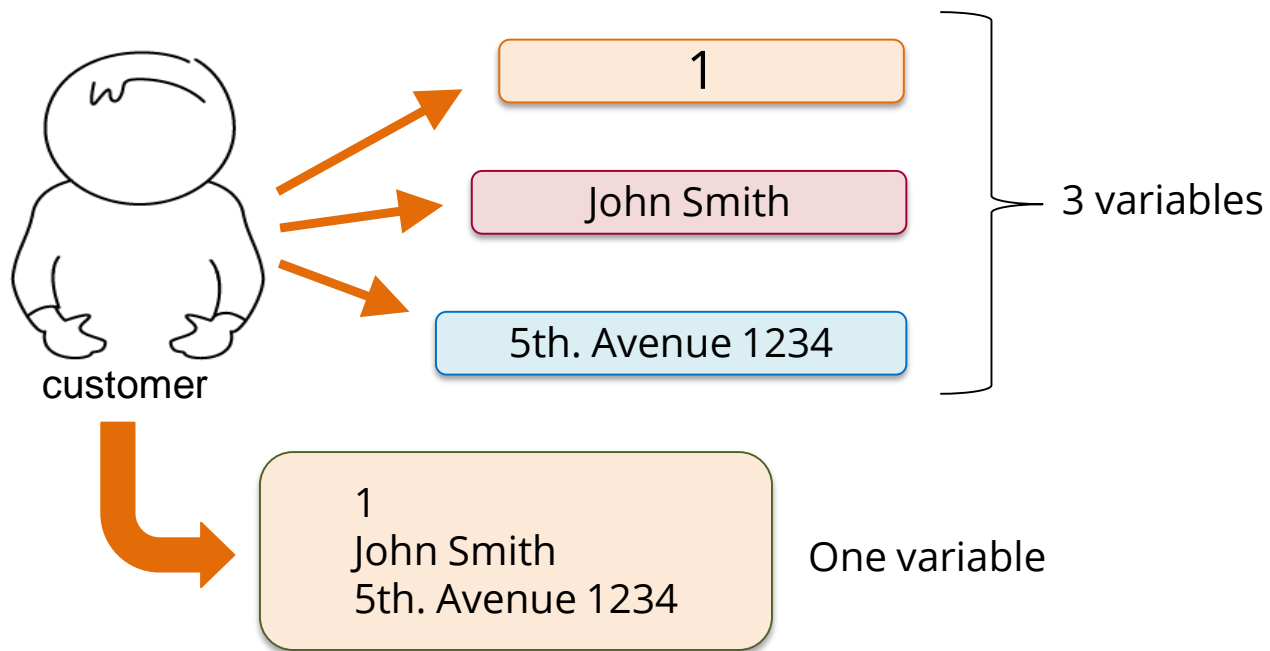
```
-----  
  &Control = True
```

```
Endfor
```

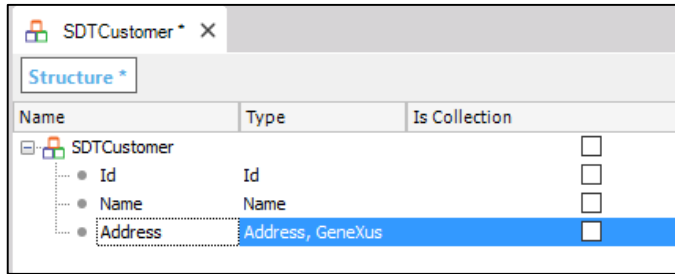
# Structured Data Types



## Concept



## Definition



Name	Type	Is Collection
SDTCustomer		<input type="checkbox"/>
• Id	Id	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Name	Name	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Address	Address, GeneXus	<input type="checkbox"/>

Structured Data Type object



customer



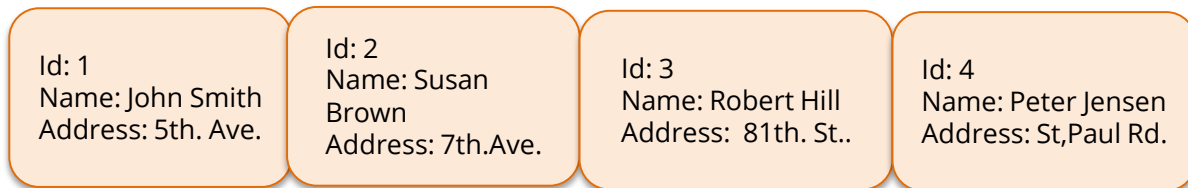
&OneCustomer: SDTCustomer

```
&OneCustomer.Id = 1  
&OneCustomer.Name = 'John Smith'  
&OneCustomer.Address = '5th. Avenue 1234'
```

# Data Providers



## SDTCustomer



↑  
**Customer Collection**

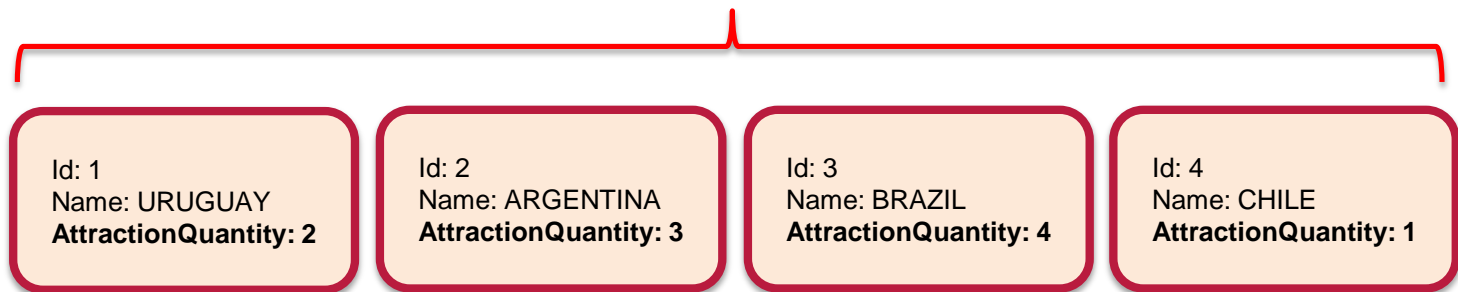
## Example: Ranking of attractions per country

<b>Country</b>	<b>Number of attractions</b>
BRAZIL	4
ARGENTINA	3
URUGUAY	2
CHILE	1
....	
...	

## Example: Ranking of attractions per country

### SDTCountries

A collection of countries



## Example: Ranking of attractions per country

Country

```
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

Attraction

```
{
  AttractionId*
  AttractionName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

SDTCountries Structure

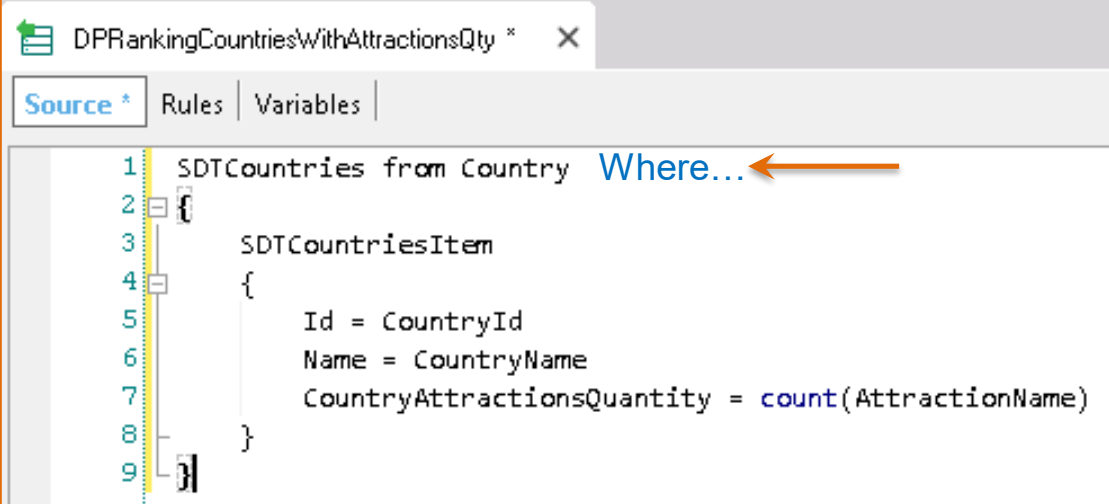
Name	Type	Is Collection
SDTCountries		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
SDTCountriesItem		
Id	Id	<input type="checkbox"/>
Name	Name	<input type="checkbox"/>
CountryAttractionsQuantity	Numeric(4,0)	<input type="checkbox"/>

DPRankingCountriesWithAttractionsQty Source

```
1 SDTCountries from Country
2 {
3   SDTCountriesItem
4   {
5     Id = CountryId
6     Name = CountryName
7     CountryAttractionsQuantity = count(AttractionName)
8   }
9 }
```

Output	
Infer Structure	No
Output	SDTCountries
Collection	False

## Example: Ranking of attractions per country



The screenshot shows a window titled "DPRankingCountriesWithAttractionsQty \*". The "Source" tab is active, displaying the following code:

```
1 SDTCountries from Country Where... ←
2 {
3   SDTCountriesItem
4   {
5     Id = CountryId
6     Name = CountryName
7     CountryAttractionsQuantity = count(AttractionName)
8   }
9 }
```

An orange arrow points to the "Where..." text in line 1, indicating a filter or condition to be applied to the data source.



## Example: Ranking of attractions per country

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

```
Attraction
{
  AttractionId*
  AttractionName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

Country	Number of attractions
BRAZIL	4
ARGENTINA	3
URUGUAY	2
CHILE	1

```
PrintCountries *
Source *
Subroutines
1 &Countries = DPRankingCountriesWithAttractionsQty()
2 &Countries.Sort("[CountryAttractionsQuantity]")
3
4 Print Title
5
6 For &OneCountry in &Countries
7   print Country
8 Endfor
9
```

Name	Type	Is Collection	Description
&Variables		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
&Standard Variables		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
• Countries	SDTCountries	<input type="checkbox"/>	Countries
• OneCountry	SDTCountries.SDTCountriesItem	<input type="checkbox"/>	One Country

# Collection Variables

&amp;numbers

Name	Type	Is Collection	Description
& Variables			
& Standard Variables			
numbers	Numeric(4.0)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	numbers

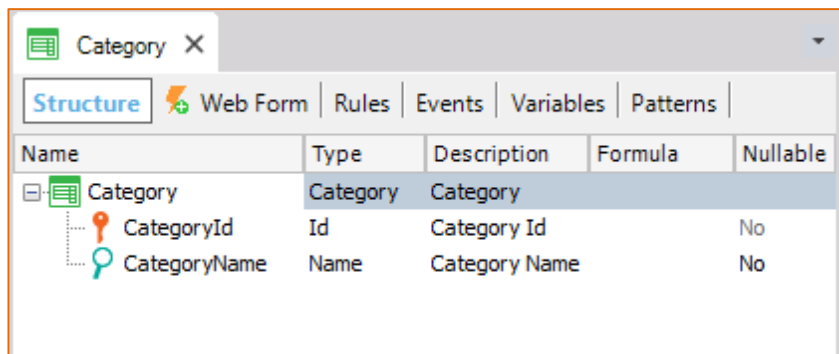
Name	Type	Description	Is Collection
SDTCountry		SDTCountry	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Id	Numeric(4.0)	Id	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Name	Character(20)	Name	<input type="checkbox"/>

&amp;Countries

Name	Type	Is Collection	Description
& Variables			
& Standard Variables			
Countries	SDTCountry	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Countries

# Business Components

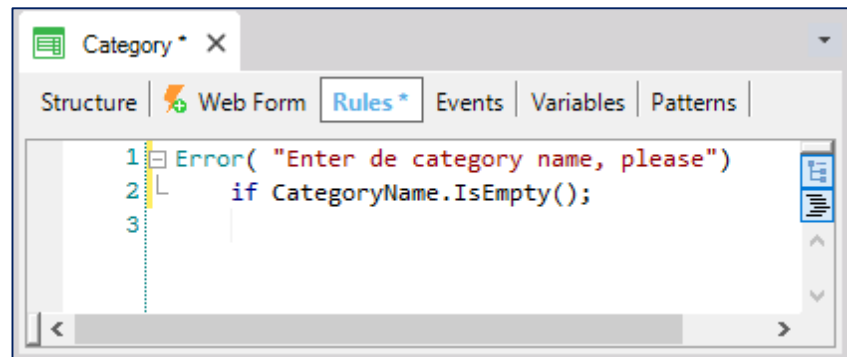
## Concept: special data type based on a transaction



Category X

Structure Web Form Rules Events Variables Patterns

Name	Type	Description	Formula	Nullable
Category	Category	Category		
CategoryId	Id	Category Id		No
CategoryName	Name	Category Name		No



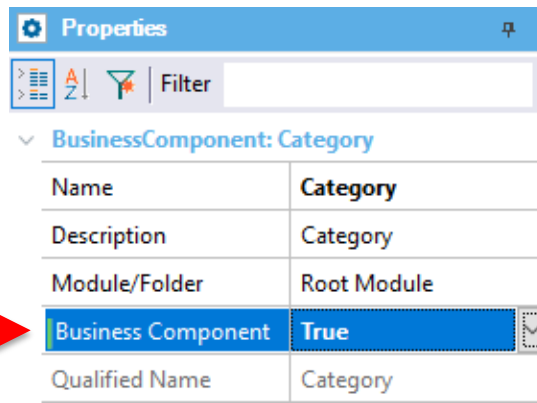
Category \* X

Structure Web Form Rules \* Events Variables Patterns

```

1 Error( "Enter de category name, please")
2   if CategoryName.IsEmpty();
3

```



Properties

Filter

BusinessComponent: Category

Name	Category
Description	Category
Module/Folder	Root Module
Business Component	True
Qualified Name	Category

## Concept: special data type based on a transaction

Web Form | Rules | Events | Conditions | **Variables**

Name	Type
Variables	
Standard Variables	
Category	Category

### Variable: &Category

Name	Category
Description	Category
Column title	Category
Class	Attribute

[Help](#)

### Type Definition

Based on	(none)
<b>Data Type</b>	<b>Category</b>
Collection	
Initial value	
<b>Validation</b>	
Value range	
Validation Failed M	
<b>Control Info</b>	
Control Type	
Input Type	

- Image
- LongVarChar
- Numeric
- VarChar
- Video
- Extended Types
- Structured Data Types
- Business Components**
- Airline
- Attraction
- Category**
- Country
- Country.City
- External Objects

**Properties**

Filter

BusinessComponent: **Category**

Name	<b>Category</b>
Description	Category
Module/Folder	Root Module
<b>Business Component</b>	<b>True</b>
Qualified Name	Category

## Examples: insertion and modification

```
Category
{
 CategoryId*
  CategoryName
}
```

Insert



```
Source * | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables * |
Subroutines
1  &Category.CategoryId = 1
2  &Category.CategoryName = "Tourist site"
3  &Category.Save()
4  commit
```

Update



```
Source * | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables * |
Subroutines
1  &Category.Load(1)
2  &Category.CategoryName = "New site"
3  &Category.Save()
4  commit
```

## Example: deletion

Category

```
{  
  CategoryId*  
  CategoryName  
}
```

Delete



The screenshot shows a code editor window with a tab labeled 'Source \*'. The editor has a menu bar with 'Layout', 'Rules', 'Conditions', and 'Variables \*'. Below the menu bar is a dropdown menu labeled 'Subroutines'. The main area of the editor displays the following code:

```
1  &Category.Load(1)  
2  &Category.Delete()  
3  commit
```



## Insert and Update Methods

```
Category  
{  
  CategoryId*  
  CategoryName  
}
```

Insert



```
Source * | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables * |  
Subroutines  
1 &Category.CategoryId = 1  
2 &Category.CategoryName = "Tourist site"  
3 &Category.Insert()  
4 commit
```

Update



```
Source * | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables * |  
Subroutines  
1 &Category.CategoryId = 1  
2 &Category.CategoryName = "Tourist site"  
3 &Category.Update()  
4 commit
```

## InsertOrUpdate Method

Category

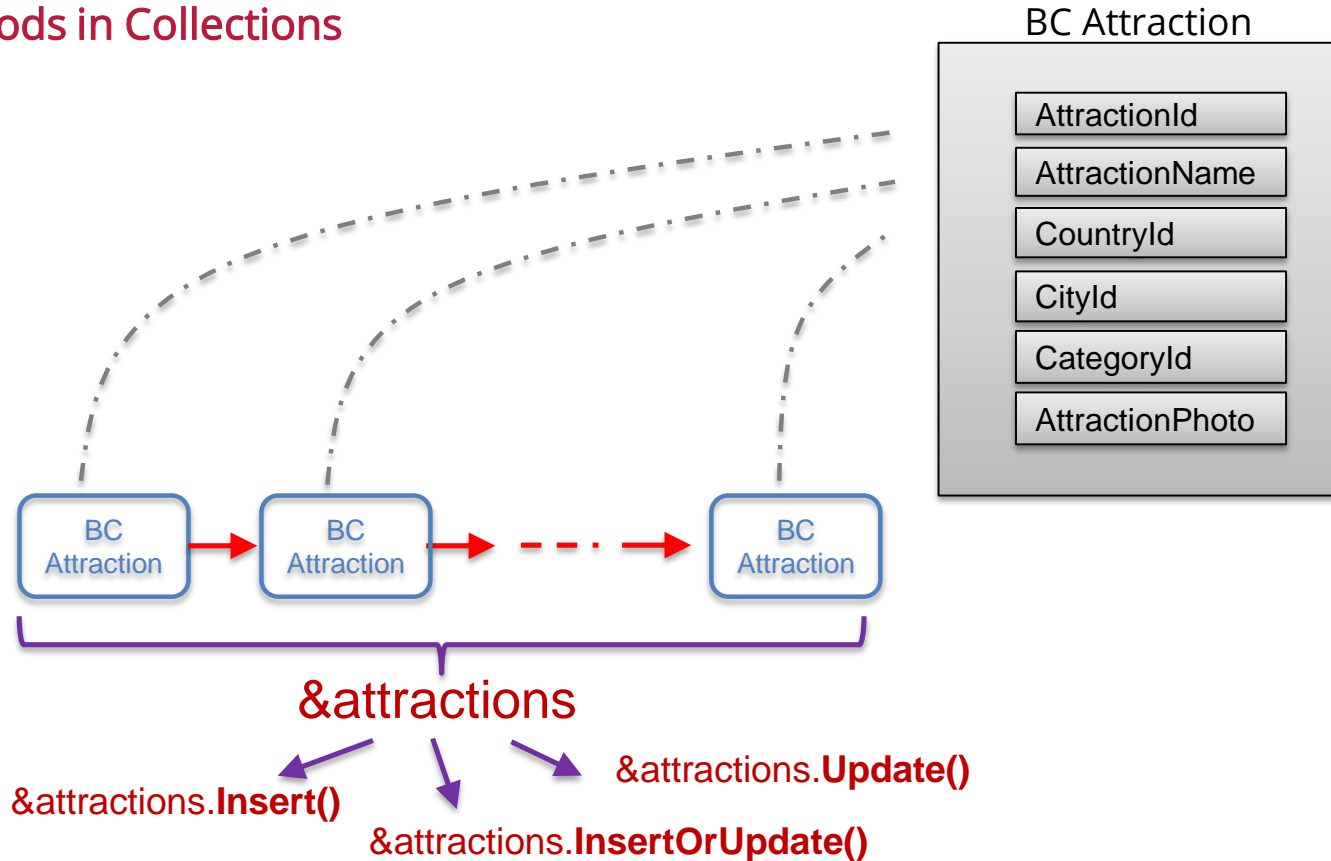
```
{  
  CategoryId*  
  CategoryName  
}
```

InsertOrUpdate



```
Source * | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables * |  
Subroutines ▾  
1 &Category.CategoryId = 2  
2 &Category.CategoryName = "Tourist site"  
3 &Category.InsertOrUpdate()  
4 commit
```

## Methods in Collections



## Insert / Update / InsertOrUpdate

Using the methods *Insert*, *Update* and *InsertOrUpdate* is recommended because:

- When the *Load* and *Save* methods are used to make changes, the database is accessed twice, which reduces performance. With the *Update* or *InsertOrUpdate* methods, the database is accessed only once.
- The names of these new methods are self-explanatory about their purpose.

## Error handling working with BC

For each Business Component variable, a collection is loaded in memory with all the warning or error messages resulting from operations.

```

Source | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables | Help |
Subroutines
1 &Country.CountryName = "Brasil"
2 &Country.Save()
3
4 &Messages = &Country.GetMessages() ←
5
6 For &oneMessage in &Messages ←
7     msg(&oneMessage.Description)
8 Endfor
  
```

Messages [Read-only] X

Structure

Name	Type
Messages	
Message	
• Id	VarChar(128)
• Type	MessageTypes, GeneXus
• Description	VarChar(256)

Source | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables | Help | Documentation

Name	Type	Is Collection
& Variables		
+ & Standard Variables		
• Country	Country	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Messages	Messages, GeneXus.Common	<input type="checkbox"/>
• oneMessage	Messages.Message, GeneXus.Common	<input type="checkbox"/>

# Data Population Transaction

## Initializing data automatically

GeneXus makes it easy to define the data used to populate the physical tables that are created associated with transactions, so as to avoid resorting to other means to load data.

Name	Type	Description
Category	Category	Category
CategoryId	Id	Category Id
CategoryName	Name	Category Name

Data	
Data Provider	True
Used to	Populate data
Update Policy	Updatable

## Initializing data

The screenshot shows the GeneXus project explorer on the left, with a red box highlighting the 'Category' folder and its sub-item 'Category\_DataProvider'. A red arrow points from this box to the 'Category\_DataProvider' source code editor on the right. The code editor shows the following XML structure:

```
1 /*
2  CategoryCollection
3  {
4      Category
5      {
6          CategoryId =
7          CategoryName =
8      }
9  }
10 */
```

The CategoryId is not loaded  
because it has been set as autoincremented

The screenshot shows the 'Category\_DataProvider' source code editor with the 'Source' tab selected. The code defines a 'CategoryCollection' containing three 'Category' objects. A red arrow points from the text above to the 'CategoryId' property in the first 'Category' object, which is highlighted in red in the original image.

























```
1  CategoryCollection
2  {
3      Category
4      {
5          CategoryName = "Museum"
6      }
7      Category
8      {
9          CategoryName = "Monument"
10     }
11     Category
12     {
13         CategoryName = "Tourist Site"
14     }
15 }
```



## Initializing data: Read-only

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

Data	
Data Provider	True
Used to	Populate data
Update Policy	Read Only

 United States
 Brazil
 Mexico
 Colombia
 Argentina
 Canada
 Peru
 Venezuela
 Chile
 Ecuador
 Guatemala
 Cuba
 Haiti
 Bolivia
 Dominican Republic
 Honduras
 Paraguay
 Nicaragua
 El Salvador
 Costa Rica
 Panama
 Puerto Rico
 Uruguay
 Jamaica
 Trinidad and Tobago

# Data Population

## Business Components and Data Providers

## Example

### Country

```
{
  CountryId* ← Autonumber = True
  CountryName
}
```

Web Form | Rules | Events | Conditions | Variables

<No action group selected>

MainTable

Initialize Countries

Web Form | Rules | Events | Conditions | Variables

Events

```
1 Event 'Initialize Countries'
2   &Countries = DPCountries()
3   &Countries.Insert()
4   commit
5 Endevent
```

Source | Rules | Variables

```
1 Country
2 {
3   CountryName = "Uruguay"
4 }
5 Country
6 {
7   CountryName = "Argentina"
8 }
9 Country
10 {
11   CountryName = "Brazil"
12 }
```

Output

Infer Structure	No
Output	<b>Country</b>
Collection	<b>True</b>
Collection Name	<b>Countries</b>

Web Form | Rules | Events | Conditions | Variables

Name	Type	Is Collection	Description
Variables			
Standard Variables			
Countries	Country	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Countries

# Data Population with Procedures New / For Each / Delete Commands

## Insertion – NEW Command

```
Category  
{  
  CategoryId*  
  CategoryName  
}
```

```
New  
  CategoryId = 5  
  CategoryName = "Tourist Site"  
Endnew
```

```
New  
  CategoryName = "Tourist Site"  
Endnew
```



If the attribute is autonumbered it doesn't have to be inserted

## Modification / FOR EACH Command

### Category

```
{
  CategoryId*
  CategoryName
}
```

```
For each Attraction
Where CityName = "Beijing" and CategoryName = "Monument"
  CategoryId = find( CategoryId, CategoryName = "Tourist site")
Endfor
```

### Country

```
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
  City
  {
    CityId*
    CityName
  }
}
```

### Attraction

```
{
  AttractionId*
  AttractionName
  CategoryId
  CategoryName
  CountryId
  CountryName
  CityId
  CityName
}
```

## Deletion – DELETE Command

### Attraction

```
{  
  AttractionId*  
  AttractionName  
  CategoryId  
  CategoryName  
  CountryId  
  CountryName  
  CityId  
  CityName  
}
```

```
For each Attraction  
  Delete  
Endfor
```

## Notes

The commands New / For Each / Delete allow inserting, updating and deleting data from the database, but only can be used in Procedures

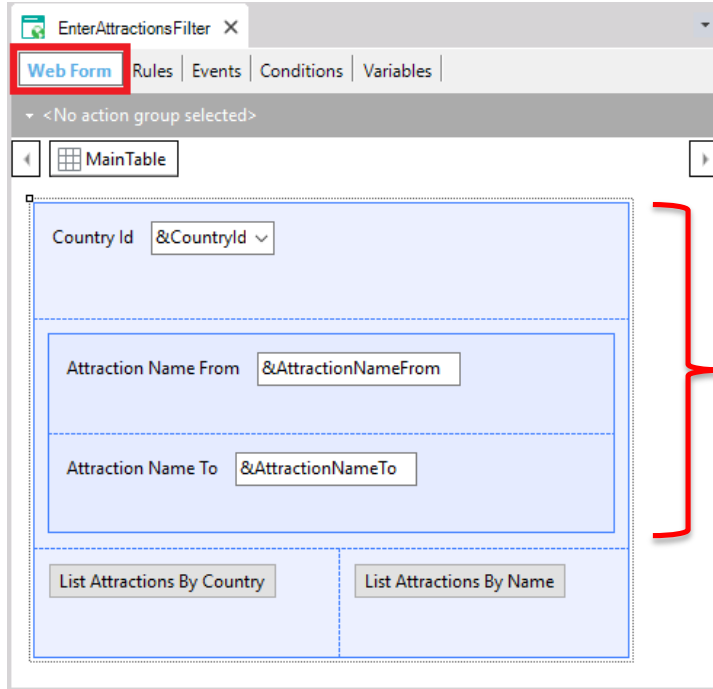
Even though the following commands allow inserting, updating and deleting data from the database, using a Business Component is recommended because they:

- Control referential integrity
- Trigger the rules declared in the transaction



# Web Panels

## Web Panel without a grid, with variables in the form



The screenshot shows a web form titled "EnterAttractionsFilter" with a "Web Form" tab selected. The form contains three input fields: "Country Id" with a dropdown menu labeled "&CountryId", "Attraction Name From" with a text input labeled "&AttractionNameFrom", and "Attraction Name To" with a text input labeled "&AttractionNameTo". Below these fields are two buttons: "List Attractions By Country" and "List Attractions By Name". A red bracket on the right side of the form indicates that the variables are input fields, not read-only.

Variables: **input**  
(not read-only)

## Web Panel without a grid, with attributes in the form

Parm(in: AttractionId);

The screenshot shows a web panel titled "ViewAttractionFromScratch" with a "Web Form" tab. The form contains five input fields: "Id" (AttractionId), "Name" (AttractionName), "Country Name" (CountryName), "Category Name" (CategoryName), and "City Name" (CityName). To the right of the form is a database icon. A red bracket on the right side of the panel highlights the vertical scrollbar, indicating that only one record is loaded.

Only **one** record is loaded

## Grid: WITH BASE TABLE

WWAttractionsFromScratch \* x

Web Form \* Rules Events Conditions Variables

<No action group selected>


MainTable Grid1

Country Id &CountryId v

Attraction Name From &AttractionNameFrom

Attraction Name To &AttractionNameTo

GRID

Id	Attraction Name	Country	Photo
AttractionId	AttractionName	CountryName	



Properties

General Class

Filter

Grid: Grid1

Control Name	Grid1
Collection	
Base Trn	Attraction
Order	
Conditions	
Data Selector	(none)

Appearance

Class	Grid
Custom Render	
Empty Grid Text	
Auto Resize	True
Width	
Height	
Rows	0
Tooltip Text	

> Layout

> Behavior

## Base Transaction

The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface for a web form named 'AttractionsByName'. The interface is divided into three main sections:

- Web Form (Left):** Shows a form with three input fields: 'Country Id' (with a dropdown arrow), 'Attraction Name From', and 'Attraction Name To'. Below these is a grid control labeled 'GRID' with four columns: 'Id' (containing 'AttractionId'), 'Attraction Name' (containing 'AttractionName'), 'Country' (containing 'CountryName'), and 'Photo' (containing a landscape image icon).
- Source Code (Middle):** Shows the following code in the 'Subroutines' view:

```
1 print Title
2 print ColumnTitles
3 For each Attraction and CountryName
4 where AttractionName = &AttractionNameFrom
5 where AttractionName = &AttractionNameTo
6 print Attractions
7 endfor
```

A red box highlights lines 3-6, and a red arrow points from this box to the 'Base Trn' entry in the Properties panel. An equals sign '=' is placed between the code and the grid.
- Properties Panel (Right):** Shows the 'Grid: Grid1' properties. The 'Collection' section is expanded, showing a table with two entries: 'Base Trn' and 'Attraction'. Both are highlighted with red boxes. The 'Appearance' section shows 'Class' set to 'Grid' and 'Auto Resize' set to 'True'.

## Order

The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface with three main panels:

- Design View:** Shows a web form with three input fields: "Country Id" (dropdown), "Attraction Name From", and "Attraction Name To". Below these is a grid control named "GRID" with columns for "Id", "Attraction Name", "Country", and "Photo".
- Source View:** Shows the following code:

```
1 print Title
2 print ColumnTitles
3 For each Attraction order CountryName
4   print AttractionName
5   print AttractionName
6   print Attractions
7 endfor
```
- Properties Window:** Shows the properties for "Grid: Grid1". The "Order" property is highlighted, and a small menu icon is visible to its right.

A dialog box titled "Grid1's Order" is open, showing a list with "CountryName" selected. A red arrow points from the menu icon in the Properties window to this dialog box.

Below the Properties window, the following properties are visible:

Control Name	Grid1
Collection	
Base Trn	Attraction
Order	
Conditions	
Data Selector	(none)
Height	
Rows	0
Tooltip Text	

## Grid : WITH BASE TABLE

WWAttractionsFromScratch \* x

Web Form \* Rules Events Conditions Variables

<No action group selected>

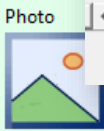
MainTable Grid1

Country Id &CountryId v

Attraction Name From &AttractionNameFrom

Attraction Name To &AttractionNameTo

GRID

Id	Attraction Name	Country	Photo
AttractionId	AttractionName	CountryName	

Grid1's Conditions

CountryId = &CountryId when not &CountryId.IsEmpty();

OK Cancel

Properties

General Class

Filter

Grid: Grid1

Control Name	Grid1
Collection	
Base Trn	Attraction
Order	CountryName
Conditions	CountryId = &CountryId; ...
Data Selector	(none)

Appearance

Grid

True

Height

Rows 0

Tooltip Text

Layout

## Filter conditions

The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface with three main components: a web form designer, a source code editor, and a properties panel.

**Web Form Designer:** Shows a form with three input fields: "Country Id" (with a dropdown arrow), "Attraction Name From", and "Attraction Name To". Below these is a grid control labeled "GRID". The grid has four columns: "Id" (with sub-label "AttractionId"), "Attraction Name" (with sub-label "AttractionName"), "Country" (with sub-label "CountryName"), and "Photo" (with a small image icon).

**Source Code Editor:** Shows the following code snippet:

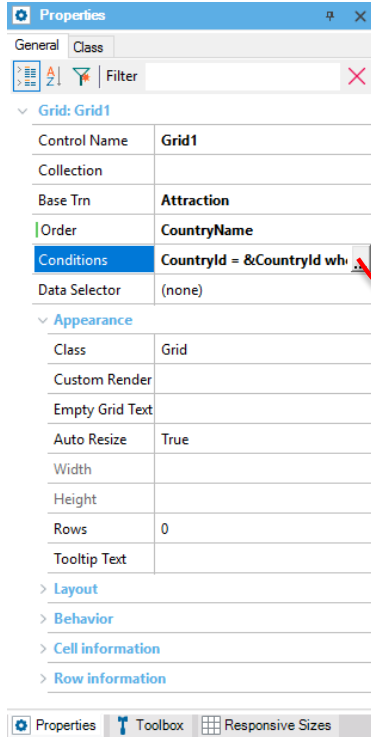
```
1 print Title
2 print ColumnTitles
3 For each Attraction order CountryName
4   where CountryId = &CountryId
5   print Attractions
6 endfor
```

**Properties Panel:** Shows the configuration for "Grid: Grid1". The "Conditions" property is highlighted with a red box and a red arrow pointing from the grid in the web form. The value for this property is "CountryId = &CountryId; ...".

Property	Value
Control Name	Grid1
Collection	
Base Trn	Attraction
Order	CountryName
Conditions	CountryId = &CountryId; ...
Data Selector	(none)
Appearance	
Class	Grid
Custom Render	
Empty Grid Text	
Auto Resize	True
Width	
Height	
Rows	0
Tooltip Text	

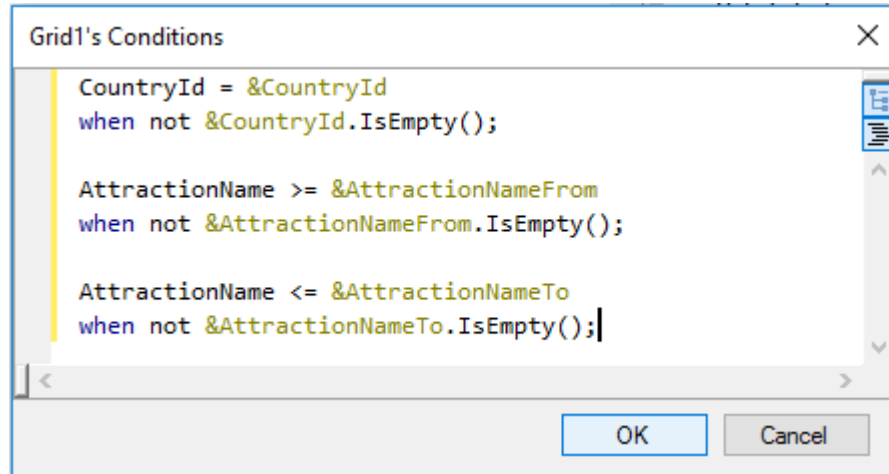


## Many conditions



The Properties window shows the configuration for a Grid control named Grid1. The Conditions property is highlighted, showing the expression: `CountryId = &CountryId when not &CountryId.IsEmpty();`. A red arrow points from this property to the Grid's Conditions dialog box.

Control Name	Grid1
Collection	
Base Trn	Attraction
Order	CountryName
Conditions	CountryId = &CountryId when not &CountryId.IsEmpty();
Data Selector	(none)
Appearance	
Class	Grid
Custom Render	
Empty Grid Text	
Auto Resize	True
Width	
Height	
Rows	0
Tooltip Text	
Layout	
Behavior	
Cell information	
Row information	



The Grid's Conditions dialog box displays the following conditions:



```
CountryId = &CountryId
when not &CountryId.IsEmpty();

AttractionName >= &AttractionNameFrom
when not &AttractionNameFrom.IsEmpty();

AttractionName <= &AttractionNameTo
when not &AttractionNameTo.IsEmpty();
```

Buttons: OK, Cancel

# Events

Country Id	&CountryId ▾					
Attraction Name From	&AttractionNameFrom					
Attraction Name To	&AttractionNameTo					
<b>GRID</b>						
Id	Attraction Name	Country	Photo	Trips		
AttractionId	AttractionName	CountryName		&trips		&newTrip
Total Trips	&totalTrips					

First time

Start

Refresh


Load

User / Control

Event

## Load event in Web Panel WITH base table

The screenshot shows a web form editor window titled "WWAttractionsFromScratch". The "Web Form" tab is active, and the "Events" section is selected. The event is named "LOAD". The form contains a dropdown menu for "Country Id" with the value "&CountryId", and two text boxes for "Attraction Name From" and "Attraction Name To" with values "&AttractionNameFrom" and "&AttractionNameTo" respectively. Below these is a table with the following structure:

Id	Attraction Name	Country	Photo
AttractionId	AttractionName	CountryName	

LOAD Event

"N times, as many as records existing in the table run through."



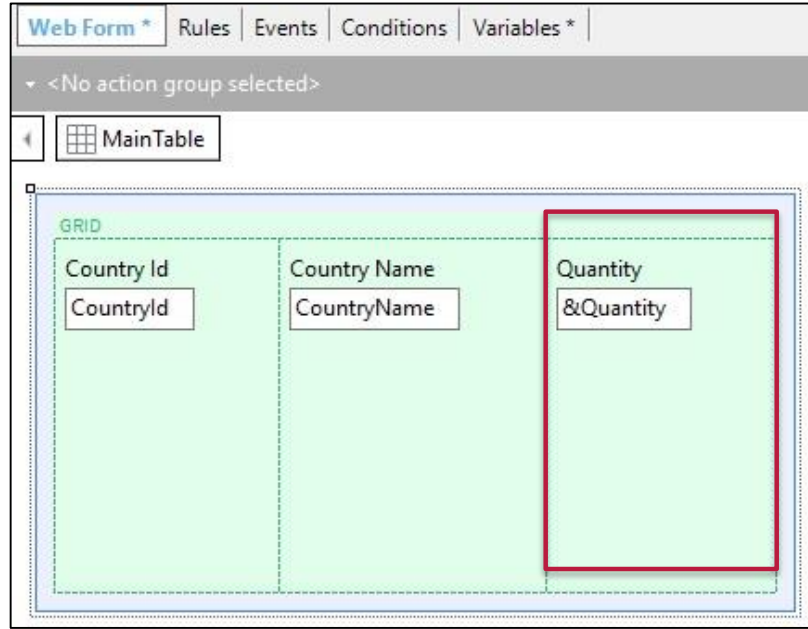
## Another example

Country

```
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

Attraction

```
{
  AttractionId*
  AttractionName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```



Event Load

&Quantity = Count(AttractionName)  
 endevent

# Refresh event

**Travel Agency**

CATEGORIES COUNTRIES ATTRACTIONS ▾

Country Id: (None) ▾

Attraction Name From:

Attraction Name To:

Attraction Name	Country	Attraction Photo	Trips
Christ the Redemmer	Brazil		1
Eiffel Tower	France		2
Forbidden city	China		0
Matisse Museum	France		1
Meet the Emperor	China		0
<b>Total Trips</b>			<b>4</b>

**Travel Agency** by GeneXus

CATEGORIES COUNTRIES ATTRACTIONS ▾

Country Id: France ▾

Attraction Name From:

Attraction Name To:

**Attraction Name Country Attraction Photo Trips**

Eiffel Tower	France		2
Matisse Museum	France		1
<b>Total Trips</b>			<b>7</b>

Refresh (once)  
Load (2 times)

```

Event Load
    &trips = count( TripDate )
    &totalTrips = &totalTrips + &trips
Endevent

Event Refresh
    &totalTrips = 0
Endevent
    
```

**Travel Agency**

CATEGORIES COUNTRIES ATTRACTIONS ▾


Country Id: France ▾

Attraction Name From:

Attraction Name To:

**Attraction Name Country Attraction Photo Trips**

Eiffel Tower	France		2
Matisse Museum	France		1
<b>Total Trips</b>			<b>3</b>



## Attributes in the Grid

The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface. The main workspace shows a web form with several input fields and a grid. The grid is highlighted in green and contains columns for 'Id', 'Attraction Name', 'Country', 'Photo', and 'Trips'. A red arrow points from the 'AttractionId' attribute in the grid to the 'Visible' property in the Properties panel, which is currently set to 'False'.

The Properties panel on the right shows the following configuration for the 'AttractionId' attribute:

Attribute/Variable: AttractionId	
Attribute	AttractionId
Title	Id
Class	Attribute
Column Class	
Return On Click	False
On Click Event	
Control Info	
Control Type	Edit
Input Type	Values
Notify Context Char	False
Behavior	
Input History	True
Is Password	False
Read Only	True
Empty as null	Yes
Appearance	
Auto Resize	True
Format	Text
Visible	False
Tooltip Text	
Invite Message	

# Web Panels without Base Table

## Web Panels WITHOUT BASE TABLE

Country Id

---






Attraction Name From

---

Attraction Name To

---

GRID

Attraction Id	Attraction Name	Country	Photo	Trips		<input type="text" value="&amp;newTrip"/>
&AttractionId	&AttractionName	&CountryName		&trips		<input type="text" value="&amp;newTrip"/>
						<input type="text" value="&amp;newTrip"/>

Total Trips

LOAD Event  
"Once"



Event Load

```

For each Attraction
  order CountryId, AttractionName when not &CountryId.IsEmpty()
  order AttractionName
  where CountryId = &CountryId when not &CountryId.IsEmpty()
  where AttractionName >= &AttractionNameFrom when not &AttractionNameFrom.IsEmpty()
  where AttractionName <= &AttractionNameTo when not &AttractionNameTo.IsEmpty()
  &AttractionId = AttractionId
  &AttractionName = AttractionName
  &CountryName = CountryName
  &AttractionPhoto = AttractionPhoto
  &trips = count( TripDate )
  Load
  &totalTrips = &totalTrips + &trips
endfor
Endevent
  
```




# Web Panels Multiple Grids

## Multiple grids

GRID

Category Id CategoryId	Category Name CategoryName
---------------------------	-------------------------------

GRID

Attraction Id AttractionId	Attraction Name AttractionName	Country Name CountryName	Attraction Photo 
-------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------	---

PARALLEL


Independent navigation

FreeStyleGrid

GRID

Category Id CategoryId
Category Name CategoryName

GRID

Attraction Id AttractionId	Attraction Name AttractionName	Country Name CountryName	Attraction Photo 
-------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------	---

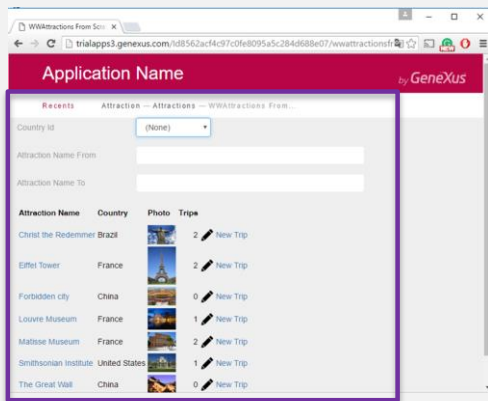
NESTED

Navigation of related tables

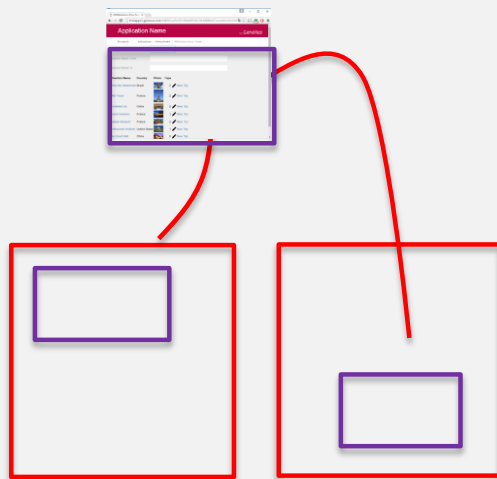
# Types of Web Panels

## Types of Web Panels

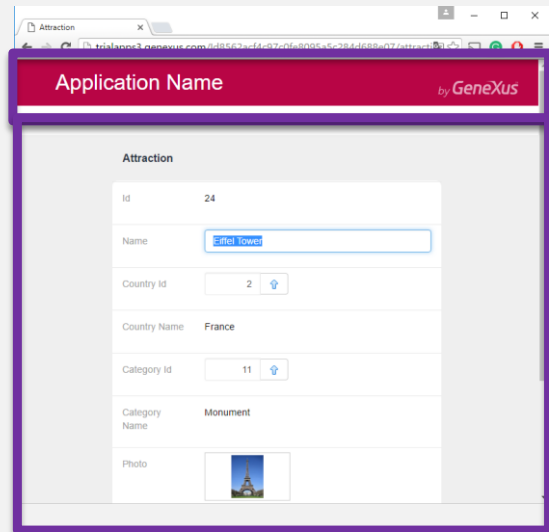
### Web page (default)



### Component



### Master page



# Design Systems

**Design Systems**

Elements that give consistency and coherence to the UX

**Master Page**

e.g. Header / footer

**Theme**

Classes

**Responsive sizes**

Responsive tables

**Controls**

User control objects

**Base styles**

CSS libraries

**Stencils**

Design components

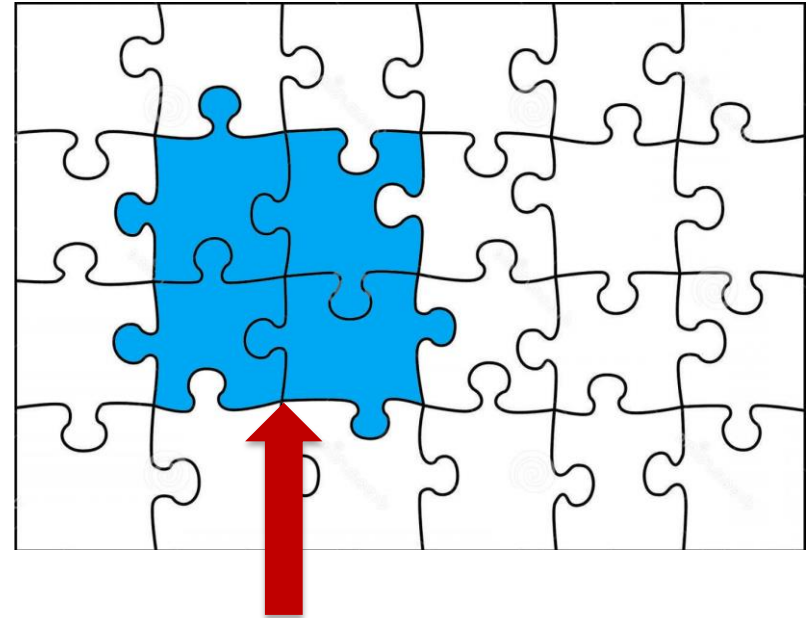
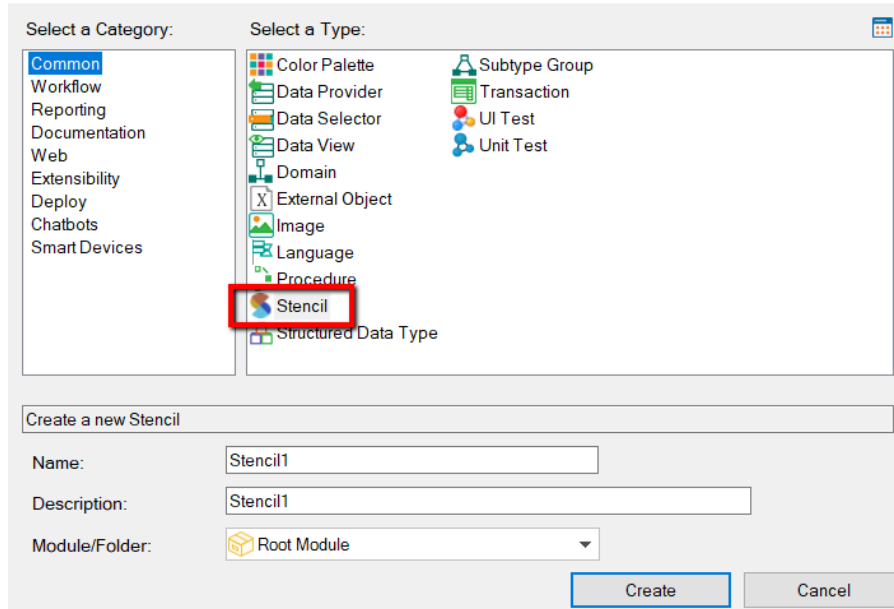
**Patterns**

Design / behaviour



**RWD**

## Stencils



Design component

Object that allows repeating the design of the same portion of the screen (a set of controls), in many screens

# Responsive Design



# Responsive Web design

Application Name by GeneXus

Recents Attraction — Attractions

**Attractions**  + INSERT

Ordered By: **Name**

COUNTRY NAME

Id	Name	Country Name	Category Name	Photo	City Name
25	Christ the Redemmer	Brazil	Monument		Rio de Janeiro <span>UPDATE</span> <span>DELETE</span>
24	Eiffel Tower	France	Monument		Paris <span>UPDATE</span> <span>DELETE</span>
28	Forbidden city	China	Tourist Site		Beijing <span>UPDATE</span> <span>DELETE</span>
22	Louvre Museum	France	Museum		Paris <span>UPDATE</span> <span>DELETE</span>
27	Matisse Museum	France	Museum		Nice <span>UPDATE</span> <span>DELETE</span>
26	Smithsonian Institute	United States	Museum		Washington <span>UPDATE</span> <span>DELETE</span>
23	The Great Wall	China	Tourist Site		Beijing <span>UPDATE</span> <span>DELETE</span>

Application Name by GeneXus

Recents Attraction — Attractions

**Attractions**  + INSERT

Ordered By: **Name**

COUNTRY NAME

Name	UPDATE	DELETE
Christ the Redemmer	UPDATE	DELETE
Eiffel Tower	UPDATE	DELETE
Forbidden city	UPDATE	DELETE
Louvre Museum	UPDATE	DELETE
Matisse Museum	UPDATE	DELETE
Smithsonian Institute	UPDATE	DELETE

Application Name by GeneXus

Recents

**Attractions** + INSERT

Name	UPDATE	DELETE
Christ the Redemmer	UPDATE	DELETE
Eiffel Tower	UPDATE	DELETE
Forbidden city	UPDATE	DELETE
Louvre Museum	UPDATE	DELETE
Matisse Museum	UPDATE	DELETE
Smithsonian Institute	UPDATE	DELETE

## Responsive Web design

The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface for a web form titled "WWAttractionsFromScratch". The main workspace shows a form layout with several fields: "Country Id" (with a dropdown), "Attraction Name From", "Attraction Name To", a "GRID" section with columns for "Id", "Attraction Name", "Country", "Photo", "Trips", and a "Total Trips" field at the bottom.

On the right, the "Responsive Sizes" panel is open, showing configuration for the "Table- MainTable". The "Size" dropdown is set to "Medium (Desktop >= 992 px) inherits from Small". Below this, a table lists the responsive sizes and their corresponding field configurations:

Size	Configuration
1,1	&CountryId
2,1	Table1
3,1	Grid1
4,1	&totalTrips

Below the table, the "Values" section shows default settings: Width: 100%, Label Width: 25%, Offset: 0%, Visible: True, and Move: Default (checked). A checkbox at the bottom indicates "Use default values for all screen sizes".

Red arrows point from the responsive size table to the corresponding fields in the form: from "1,1 &CountryId" to the "Country Id" dropdown, from "2,1 Table1" to the "Attraction Name From" field, from "3,1 Grid1" to the "GRID" section, and from "4,1 &totalTrips" to the "Total Trips" field.

# GeneXus Server

## Send Knowledge Base to GeneXus Server

Send Knowledge Base

**Send the Knowledge Base to GeneXus Server**

To Send the Knowledge Base select the url and type an alias

http://sandbox.genexusserver.com/salto/

Travel\_Agency

Security

Authentication Type: GXTechnical

Username:

Password:

Save Password

Alias:

Travel\_Agency

Work with Lock Model

All versions in Knowledge Base

## Team Development

Team Development X

Commit to: [http://sandbox.genexusserver.com/salto/home.aspx?Travel\\_Agency\\_0](http://sandbox.genexusserver.com/salto/home.aspx?Travel_Agency_0)

Pattern:

Category:  \*ALL  Folder: \*ALL

Pending Commits (8/8) Ignored Objects

Drag a column here to group by that column

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Name	Type	Description	Modified On	Module	Action	Last Synchroniz	User
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Airline	Transaction	Airline	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Modified	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineFlight1WC	Web Component	Airline Flight1 WC	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineFlightWC	Web Component	Airline Flight WC	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineGeneral	Web Component	Airline General	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AttractionsAndCategor...	Procedure	Attractions And Ca...	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Modified	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		ViewAirline	Web Panel	View Airline	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		WorkWithAirline	Work With for W...	Work With Airline	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		WwAirline	Web Panel	Work With Airline	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...

Add Knowledge Base properties to list

Remind me to move changes to...

# Commit

## Knowledge Manager / Team Development

Partial commit

Team Development X

Commit to: [http://sandbox.genexusserver.com/salto/home.aspx?Travel\\_Agency\\_0](http://sandbox.genexusserver.com/salto/home.aspx?Travel_Agency_0)

Pattern:

Category:  Folder:

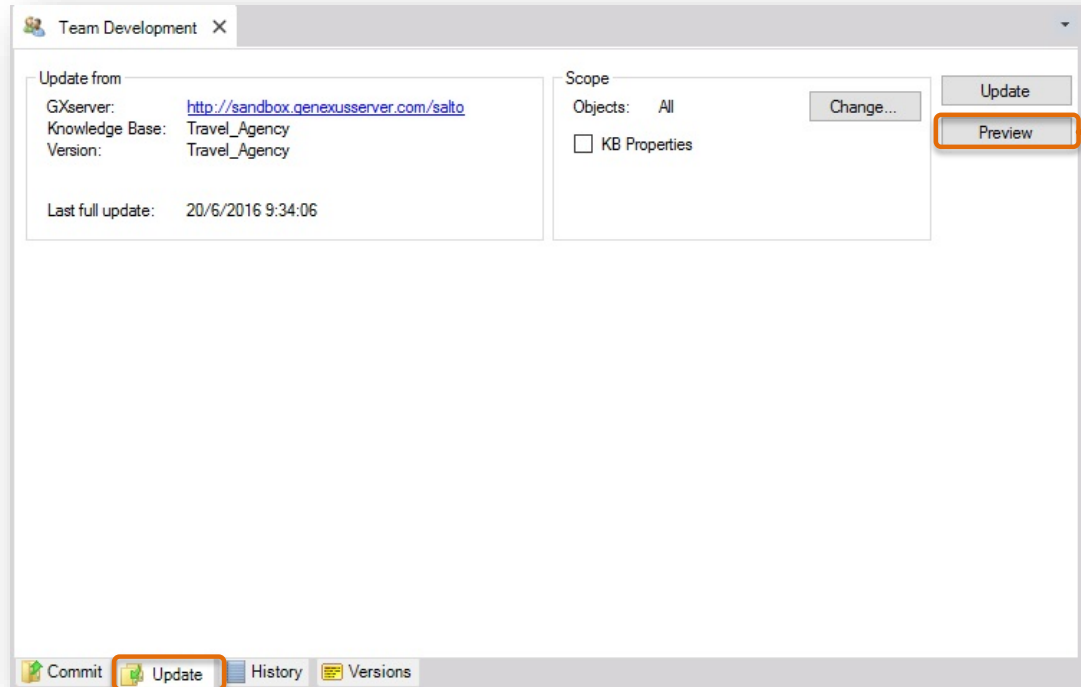
Pending Commits (8/8) Ignored Objects

Drag a column here to group by that column

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Name	Type	Description	Modified On
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Airline	Transaction	Airline	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineFlight1WC	Web Component	Airline Flight1 WC	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineFlightWC	Web Component	Airline Flight WC	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineGeneral	Web Component	Airline General	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AttractionsAndCategor...	Procedure	Attractions And Ca...	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		ViewAirline	Web Panel	View Airline	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		WorkWithAirline	Work With for W...	Work With Airline	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		WWAirline	Web Panel	Work With Airline	20/6/2016 9:33

Add Knowledge Base properties to list

# Update



Partial selection

# History

The screenshot shows the 'Team Development' window with the 'History' tab selected. The window displays a list of changes and a detailed view of a specific change.

Version:  Refresh

From:  To:  Search:  Apply

Drag a column here to group by that column

#	Comment	User	Commit Date
3	WorkWithAirline and AttractionsAndCategories listing	GXTechnical\acaggiano	20/06/2016 10:10 a. m.
1	Travel_Agency is now hosted by GeneXus Server	GXTechnical\acaggiano	20/06/2016 09:33 a. m.

#3 - 20/6/2016 10:10:22 - GXTechnical\acaggiano

WorkWithAirline and AttractionsAndCategories listing

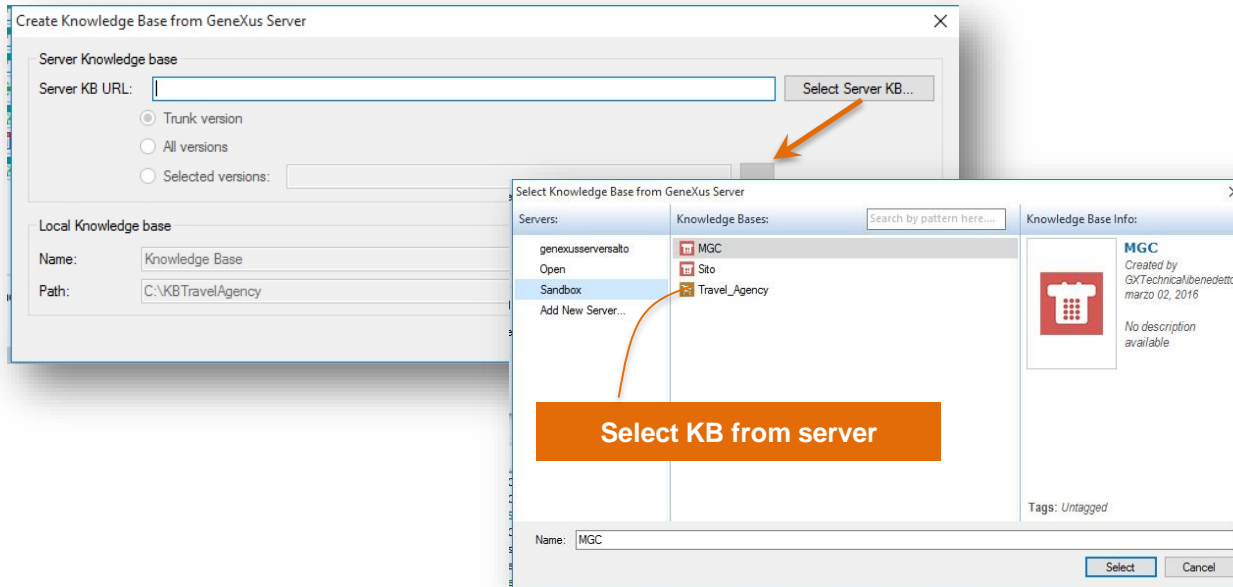
Name	Type	Description	Action
Airline	Transaction	Airline	Modified
AirlineFlight1WC	Web Panel	Airline Flight1 WC	Inserted
AirlineFlightWC	Web Panel	Airline Flight WC	Inserted
AirlineGeneral	Web Panel	Airline General	Inserted
AttractionsAndCategories	Procedure	Attractions And Categories	Modified
ViewAirline	Web Panel	View Airline	Inserted
WorkWithAirline	Work With for Web	Work With Airline	Inserted

Commit Update **History** Versions



## Create KB from GeneXus Server

File / New / Knowledge Base from Server



# Security with GAM



**AUTHENTICATION**



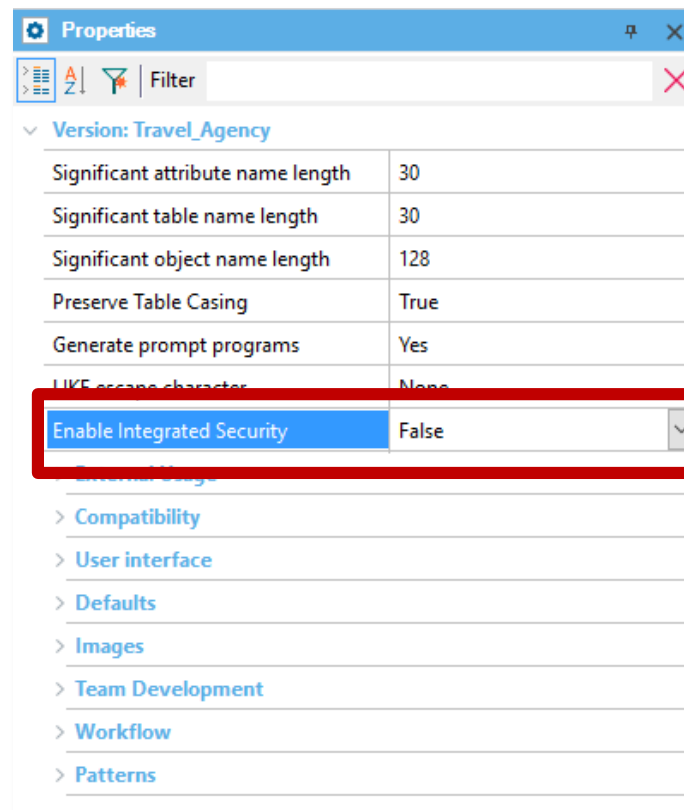
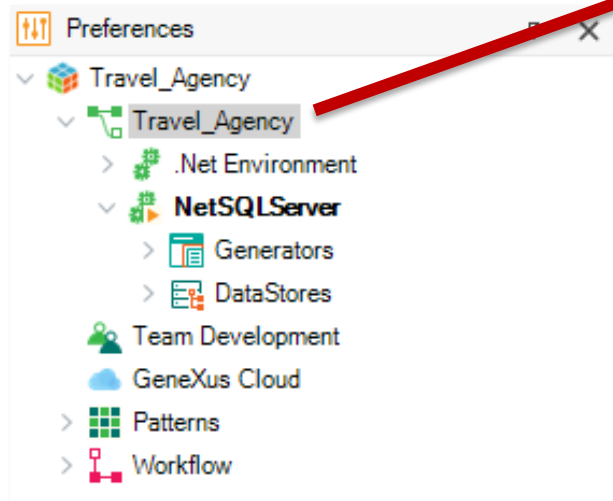
**AUTHORIZATION**

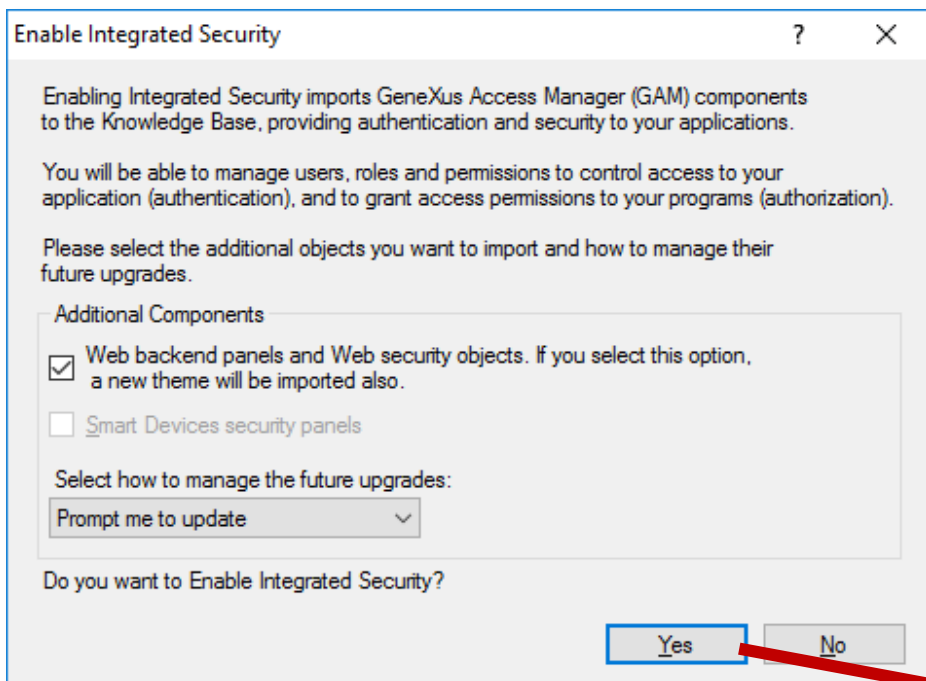
# GeneXus™

ACCESS MANAGER

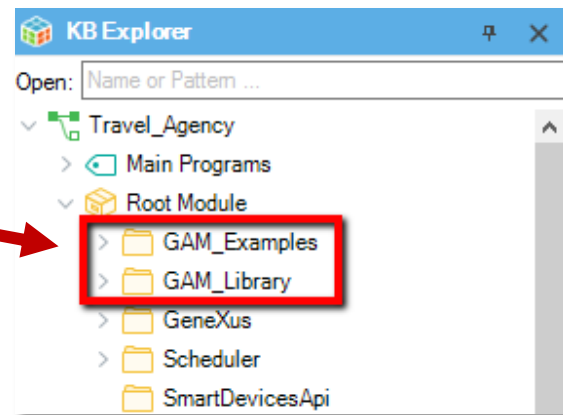


## Enabling the GeneXus Access Manager





## Importing objects from GAM



Properties

> A Z | Filter

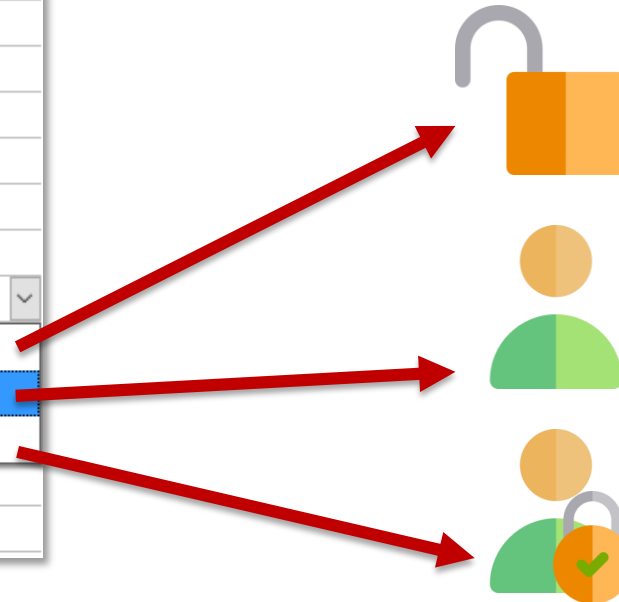
Version: Travel\_Agency

Significant attribute name length	30
Significant table name length	30
Significant object name length	128
Preserve Table Casing	True
Generate prompt programs	Yes
LIKE escape character	None
Enable Integrated Security	<b>True</b>

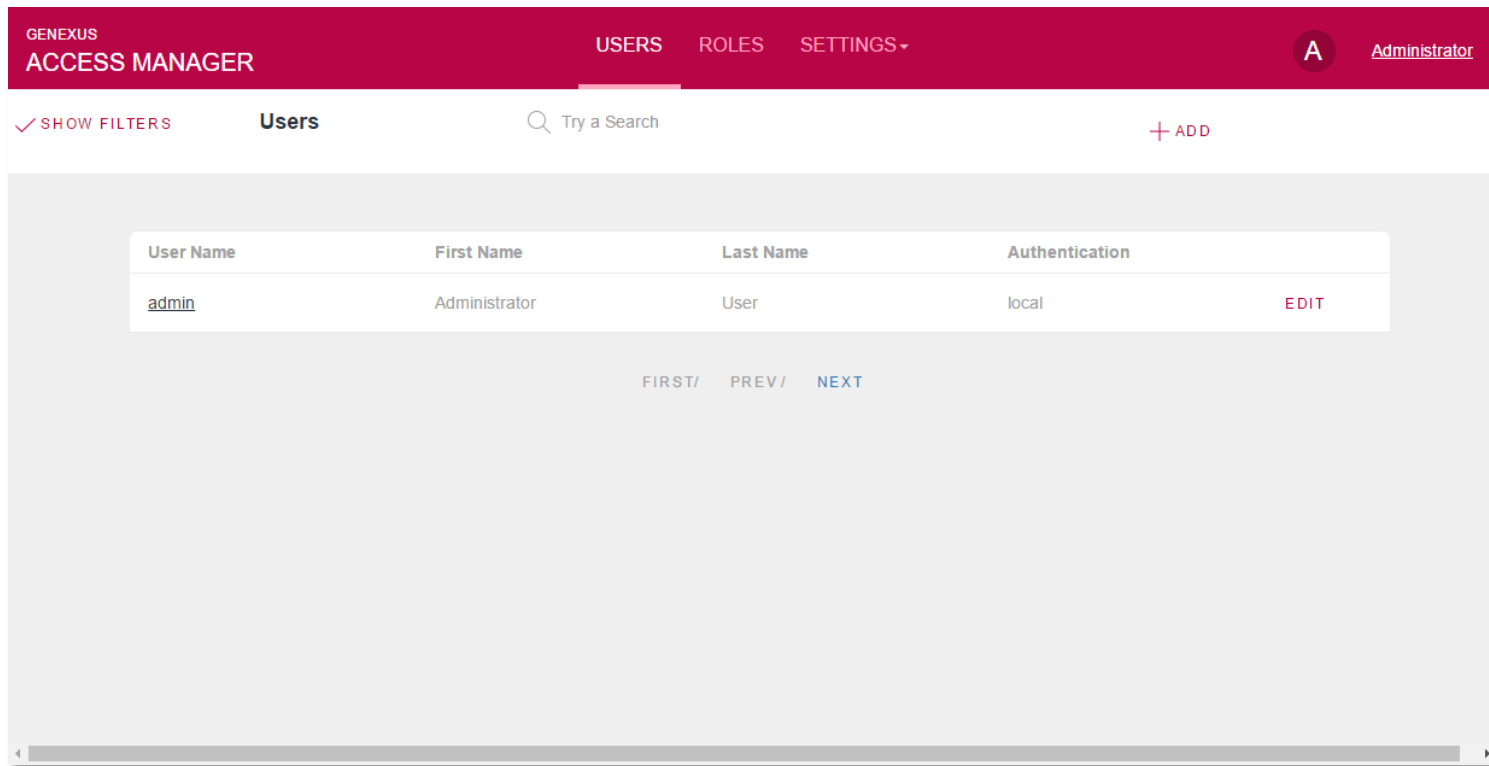
Integrated Security

Integrated Security Level	Authentication
Application ID	None
> Web specific	Authentication
> SmartDevices specific	Authorization
> External Usage	
> Compatibility	

Selecting integrated security level



## Accessing to GAM backend (GAM Home object)



The screenshot displays the 'Users' management interface in the GeneXus Access Manager. The top navigation bar is dark red and contains the text 'GENEXUS ACCESS MANAGER' on the left, and 'USERS', 'ROLES', and 'SETTINGS' with a dropdown arrow in the center. On the right of the navigation bar, there is a circular profile icon with the letter 'A' and the text 'Administrator'. Below the navigation bar, the main content area has a white header with 'SHOW FILTERS' (checked), the title 'Users', a search bar with the placeholder 'Try a Search', and a '+ ADD' button. The main content area features a table with the following data:

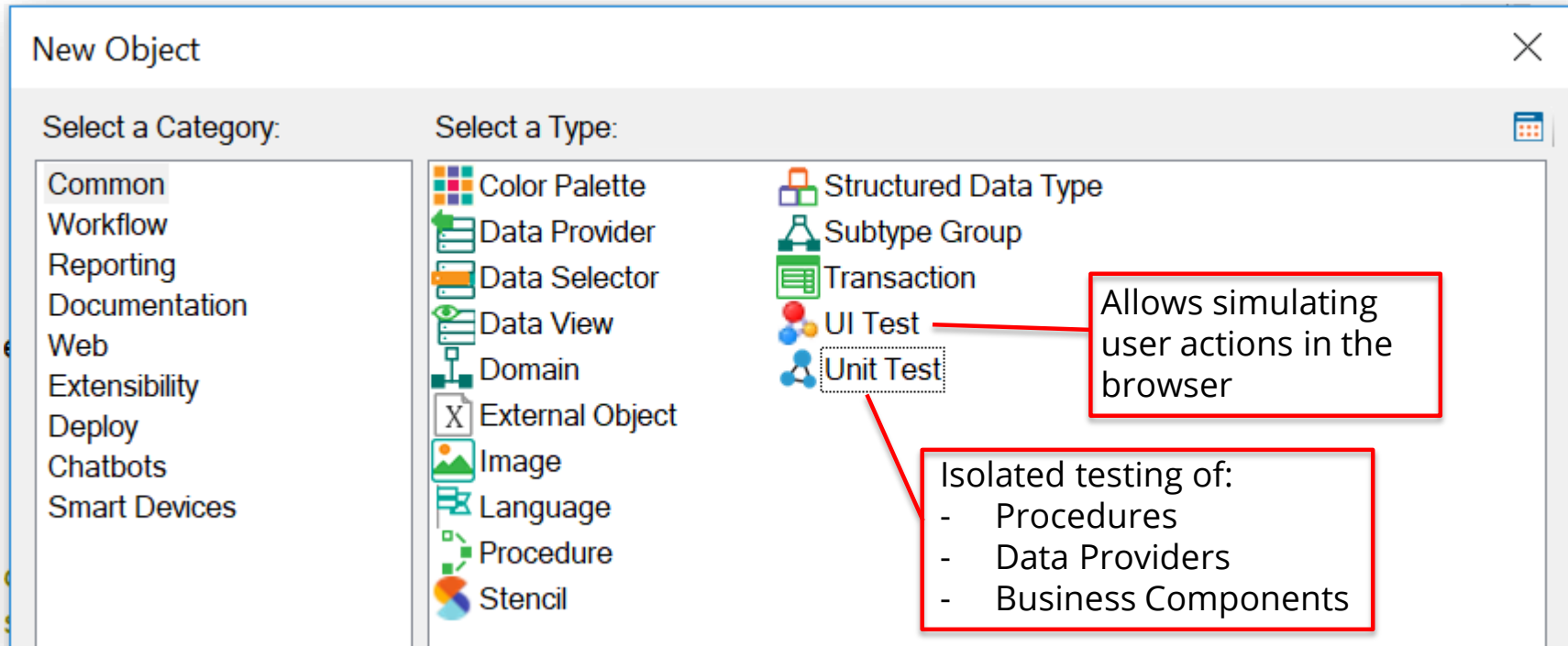
User Name	First Name	Last Name	Authentication	
<a href="#">admin</a>	Administrator	User	local	<a href="#">EDIT</a>

Below the table, there are navigation links: 'FIRST / PREV / NEXT'. A scrollbar is visible at the bottom of the page.

# Testing



## Objects to generate unit tests and interface tests



## Unit Test

These objects are created:

- <ObjectName>UnitTest
- <ObjectName>UnitTestSDT
- <ObjectName>UnitTestData

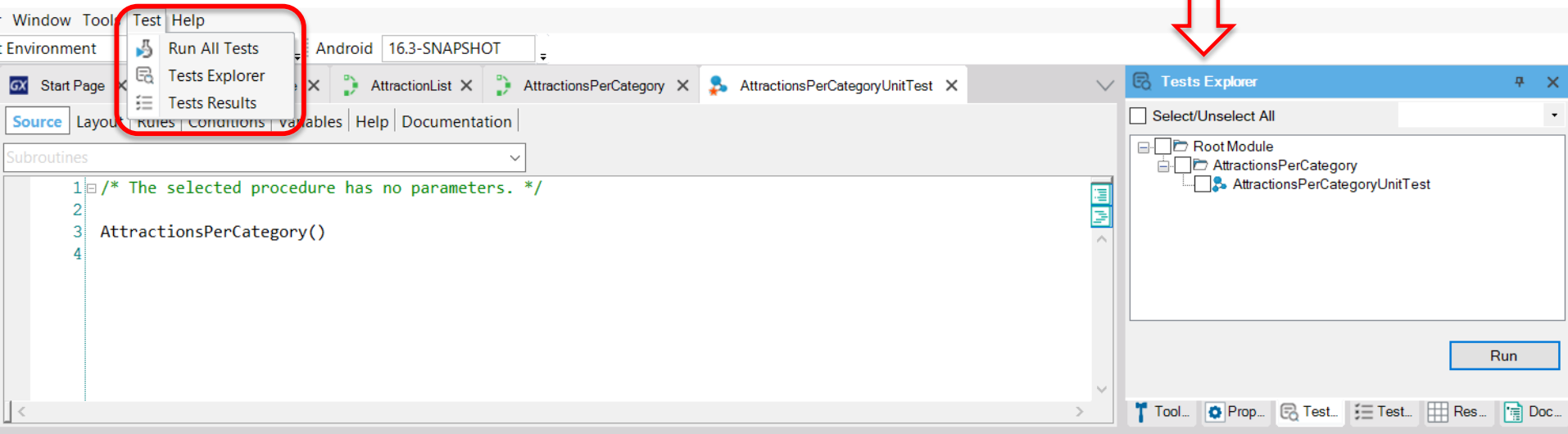
The screenshot shows the GeneXus IDE interface. The top bar contains several tabs: 'Start Page', 'AttractionsByName', 'AttractionList', and 'AttractionsPerCategory'. Below the tabs is a menu bar with 'Source', 'Layout', 'Rules', 'Conditions', 'Variables', 'Help', and 'Documentation'. A dropdown menu is open, showing a list of actions. The code editor displays the following subroutine:

```
1 Print Title
2
3 For each Attraction order CategoryId
4     Print Categories
5     Print ColumnTitles
6     For each Attraction
7         Print Attractions
8     Endfor
9 Endfor
10
```

The context menu is open, showing the following options:

- Close
- New Horizontal Tab Group
- New Vertical Tab Group
- Close All But This
- Full Screen
- Open
- Open Part
- Delete
- Save As...
- References
- History
- Team Development
- Properties
- Locate in KB Explorer
- Build
- Rebuild
- Run
- Run Without Building
- Run With This Only
- Build With This Only
- Set As Startup Object
- View Last Navigation
- View Navigation
- Export
- Select Left Side To Compare
- Create Unit Test

## Explorer Test



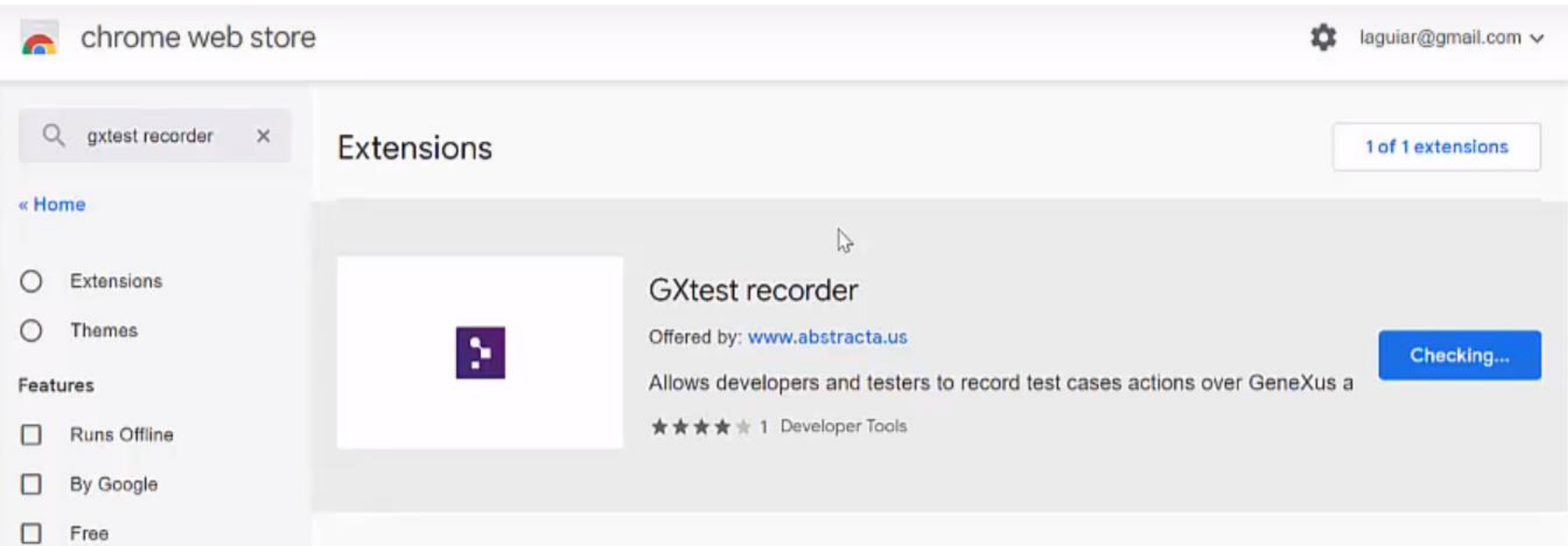
The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface. The 'Test' menu is open, with options 'Run All Tests', 'Tests Explorer', and 'Tests Results'. A red box highlights the 'Test' menu and its options. A red arrow points to the 'Tests Explorer' window on the right side of the IDE. The 'Tests Explorer' window shows a tree view with the following structure:

- Root Module
  - AttractionsPerCategory
    - AttractionsPerCategoryUnitTest

The 'Run' button is visible at the bottom right of the 'Tests Explorer' window. The main editor area shows the following code:

```
1 /* The selected procedure has no parameters. */  
2  
3 AttractionsPerCategory()  
4
```

## Interface Test: GXTest



The screenshot shows the Chrome Web Store interface. At the top left is the 'chrome web store' logo. At the top right is the user profile 'laguiar@gmail.com' with a gear icon. A search bar contains 'gxtest recorder' with a magnifying glass icon and a close button. Below the search bar is a left sidebar with navigation options: 'Home', 'Extensions', and 'Themes'. Under 'Features', there are three checkboxes: 'Runs Offline', 'By Google', and 'Free'. The main content area is titled 'Extensions' and shows a single result for 'GXtest recorder'. The extension icon is a purple square with a white 'G' and 'X'. The title is 'GXtest recorder', offered by 'www.abstracta.us'. The description reads: 'Allows developers and testers to record test cases actions over GeneXus a'. Below the description is a star rating of 1 out of 5 stars, with the text 'Developer Tools'. A blue button labeled 'Checking...' is positioned to the right of the extension details.

chrome web store

laguiar@gmail.com

gxtest recorder

Extensions

1 of 1 extensions

« Home

Extensions


Themes

Features

Runs Offline

By Google

Free

 GXtest recorder

Offered by: [www.abstracta.us](http://www.abstracta.us)

Allows developers and testers to record test cases actions over GeneXus a

★ ★ ★ ★ ☆ 1 Developer Tools

Checking...

# Interface Test

Command Target Value

Country	Category
Brazil	Monument
China	Tourist site
China	Tourist site
France	Museum
France	Monument
France	Museum
United States	Museum

COMMAND: [ ]  
 TARGET: [ ] [Select] [Find]  
 VALUE: [ ]

Log Reference Debug Save Clear

Command Target Value

Ready	id=ATTRACTIONNAME	Estadio Centenario
ClickBy	id=COUNTRYID	
SelectBy	id=COUNTRYID	label=Uruguay
ClickBy	id=COUNTRYID	
ClickBy	id=ATTRACTIONNAME_Balloor	
AssertTextBy	id=ATTRACTIONNAME_Balloor	Attraction, Country already exists
ClickBy	id=CITYID	
ClickBy	id=ATTRACTIONNAME	
TypeBy	id=ATTRACTIONNAME	Estadio Centenario 2

COMMAND: [ ]  
 TARGET: [ ] [Select] [Find]  
 VALUE: [ ]

Log Reference Debug Save Clear

```
[info] Executing: | ClickBy | id=ATTRACTIONNAME_Balloor | |
[info] Executing: | AssertTextBy | id=ATTRACTIONNAME_Balloor |
Attraction, Country already exists |
[info] Executing: | ClickBy | id=CITYID | |
[info] Executing: | ClickBy | id=ATTRACTIONNAME | |
```

Estadio Centenario Attraction, Country already exists

Uruguay

Rio de Janeiro

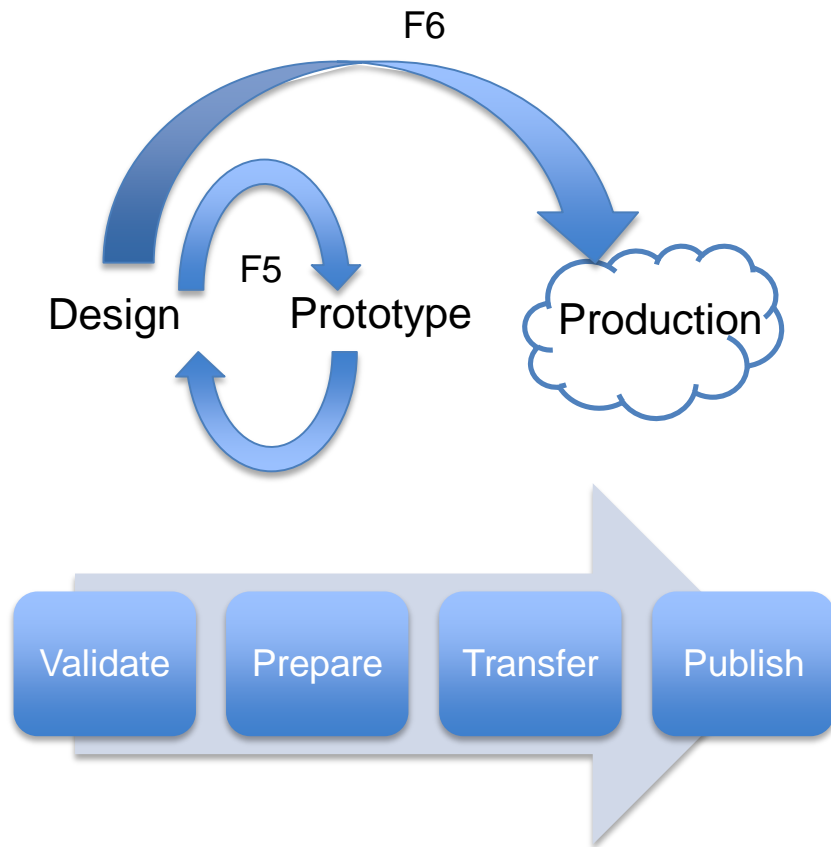
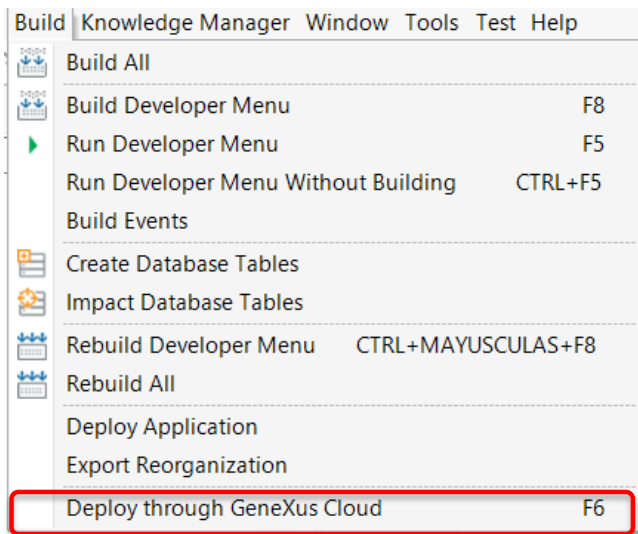
Monument

Command Recorded  
 command: ClickBy  
 target: id=BTNINSERT

UI Test (GXTest license required)

# Deployment

## Automatic deployment with F6



Build Knowledge Manager Window Tools Test Help

- Build All
- Build MenuTravelAgency F8
- Run MenuTravelAgency F5
- Run MenuTravelAgency Without Building CTRL+F5
- Build Events
- Create Database Tables
- Impact Database Tables
- Rebuild MenuTravelAgency CTRL+MAYUSCULAS+F8
- Rebuild All
- Deploy Application**
- Export Reorganization
- Deploy through GeneXus Cloud

## Application Deployment Tool

Deploy Application X

Select objects to deploy


New Deployment Unit ... Add...

- Web Panel
  - Home

Target: Local [Options](#)

Application Server: Microsoft IIS 7

Deploy





# Integration

# Artificial Intelligence Module

Manage Module References

Modules: Search by pattern here...

**Chatbot (2.1.10.129299)**  
GeneXus Chatbot module is a basic set of interfaces and implementations of data structures and algorithms needed to implement a Chatbot solution.

**GeneXusAI (1.1.21.129329)** Install  
GeneXusAI contains a common set of Artificial Intelligence tasks, including audio, text and image processing, all of

**GeneXus (2.1.7.129290)**  
GeneXus Core Module is a basic set of interfaces and

**GXtest (0.4.2)**  
GXtest Module provides core functionality for creating, running and reporting tests on genexus and over ci/cd pipelines. <https://wiki.genexus.com/commwiki/servlet/wiki?>

MyKB

- Main Programs
- Root Module
- References
  - GeneXus
    - GeneXusAI**
  - Customization
  - Documentation

Module Information:

**GeneXusAI**

**Module is not installed**

Available Versions: 1.1.21.129329

**Author:** GeneXus S.A.  
**Owner:** GeneXus S.A.

**Description:**

GeneXusAI contains a common set of Artificial Intelligence tasks, including audio, text and image processing, all of them provided by several Cloud Platforms (e.g. IBM Watson, Microsoft Azure Cognitive Services, SAP Leonardo)

**Platforms:**

- C# Web

**Dependencies:**

- GeneXus 1.12.13.125610

**Id:** 733e9734-9f0a-4620-b397-d84fbc2cef10

- GeneXusAI
  - Audio
    - SpeechToText
    - TextToSpeech
    - Domains
  - Configuration
    - Provider
    - Domains
  - Image
    - Classify
    - DetectFaces
    - DetectObjects
    - DetectScene
    - OCR
  - Text
    - DetectLanguage
    - ExtractEntities
    - KeyPhrases
    - SentimentAnalysis
    - Translate
  - Video
    - Analyze
    - OutputAnalysis
    - Process
    - Domains

IBM Watson

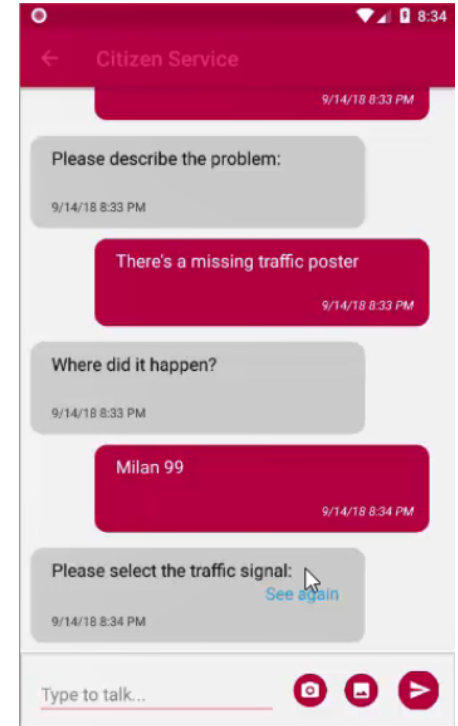
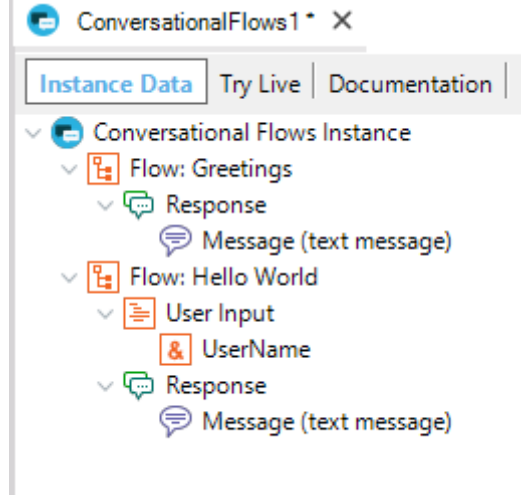
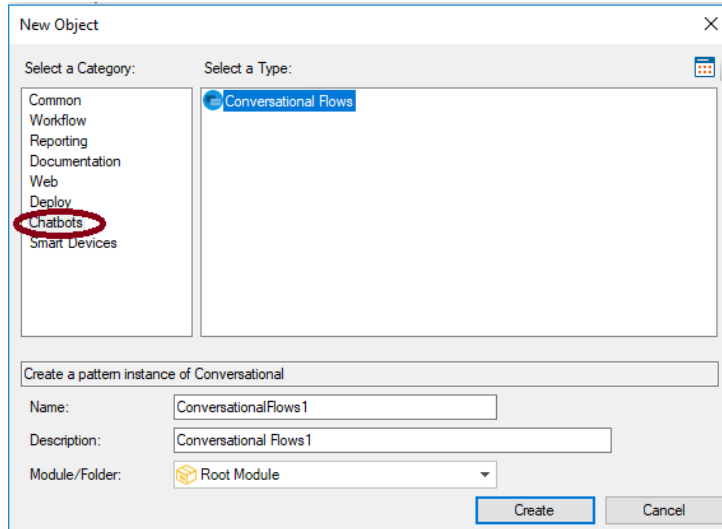
Microsoft Cognitive Services

SAP Leonardo

Google Cloud Services

Amazon Web Services

## Chatbots: Conversational Flow object



# Smart Devices

## Applying a Pattern to a Transaction

The screenshot shows the 'Patterns' panel in GeneXus for a 'Country' object. The panel title is 'Country X'. The navigation menu includes 'Structure', 'Web Form', 'Win Form', 'Rules', 'Events', 'Variables', 'Help', 'Documentation', and 'Patterns'. Below the menu, it states 'Patterns usable in this object (underlined means pattern is applied)'. The 'Work With for Smart Devices' pattern is selected and underlined. A checkbox labeled 'Apply this pattern on save' is checked. A tree view shows the object structure: 'Level (Country)' with sub-items 'List', 'Detail', 'Section (General)', 'Section (Place)', and 'Section (Sale)'. A red arrow points to the 'List' item. A large empty box on the right contains the text 'Select List, Detail or Section on the tree to edit it'.

Country X

Structure | Web Form | Win Form | Rules | Events | Variables | Help | Documentation | **Patterns**

Patterns usable in this object (underlined means pattern is applied)

Category | Work With for Web | Work With for Smart Devices

Apply this pattern on save

↑ Level (Country)

- List
- Detail
- Section (General)
- Section (Place)
- Section (Sale)

Select List, Detail or Section on the tree to edit it

## Applying a Pattern to a Transaction

The screenshot shows the GeneXus KB Explorer interface. On the left, the 'KB Explorer' tree view shows the project structure, with 'WorkWithDevicesCountry' selected under 'Country\_DataProvider'. A red arrow points to this object. A context menu is open over 'WorkWithDevicesCountry', with the 'Run' option highlighted. The main window displays the 'Patterns' tab for the selected object, showing that the 'Work With for Smart Devices' pattern is applied. The Properties window on the right shows the 'Main program' property set to 'True', which is highlighted with a red box.

Patterns usable in this object (underlined means pattern is applied)

- Category
- Work With for Web
- Work With for Smart Devices

Apply this pattern on save

Level (Country)

- List
- Detail
- Section (General)

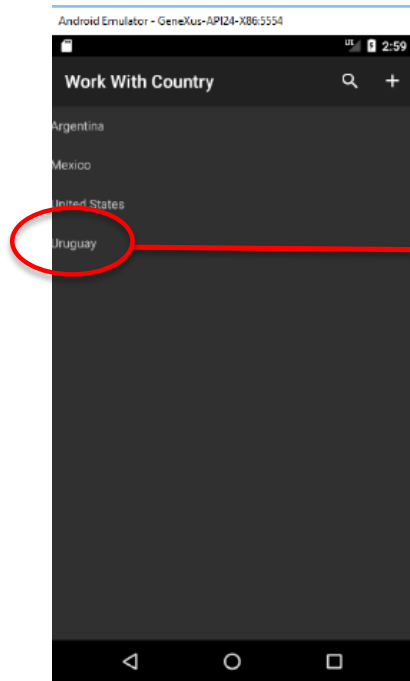
Select List, Detail or Section on the tree to edit it

Location When In Use Use	
Log Maximum Size in KByte	5000
<b>Main program</b>	<b>True</b>
Microphone Usage Descrip	
Motion Usage Description	
Multitex Build	False
Name	WorkWithDe
Obfuscate Application	False
Object Visibility	Public
Offline Data Base Access L	Off
Offline Database	(none)
Offline Synchronization Lo	Off

Set its property Main program = True, and right-click and Run over the object:

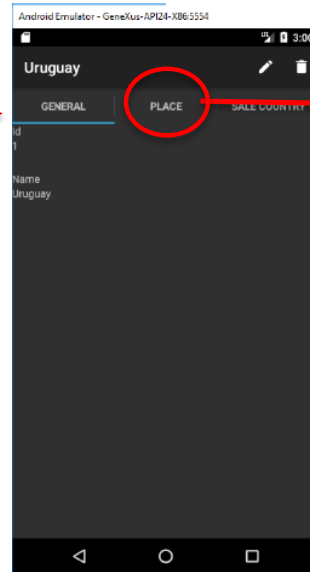
## Applying a Pattern to a Transaction

Right-click and Run:

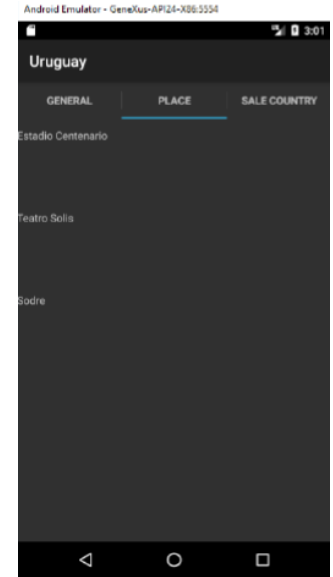
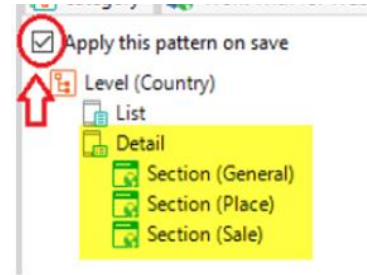


GENERAL

Select 1 country



PLACE



## Applying a Pattern to a Transaction

For each place, in addition to its name, we want to see its geolocation.

The image displays two screenshots illustrating the process of applying a pattern to a transaction in GeneXus.

**Left Screenshot (GeneXus IDE):**

- The **Country** object is selected in the Structure pane.
- The **Patterns** menu is open, showing the **Work With for Smart Devices** pattern is applied (indicated by a red box and underline).
- The **Section (Place)** is selected in the Detail pane (indicated by a red arrow).
- The **PlaceGeolocation** pattern is applied to the **PlaceGeolocation** field in the layout (indicated by a red arrow).

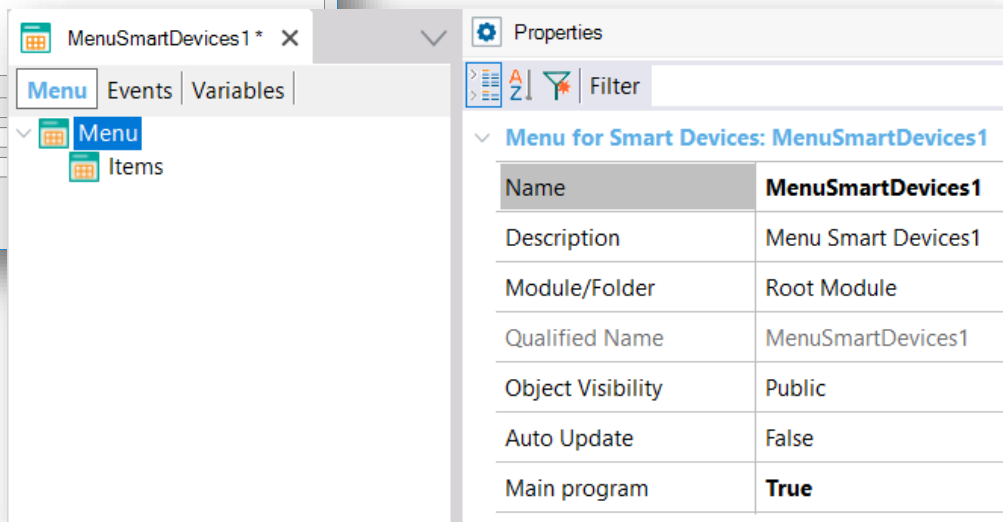
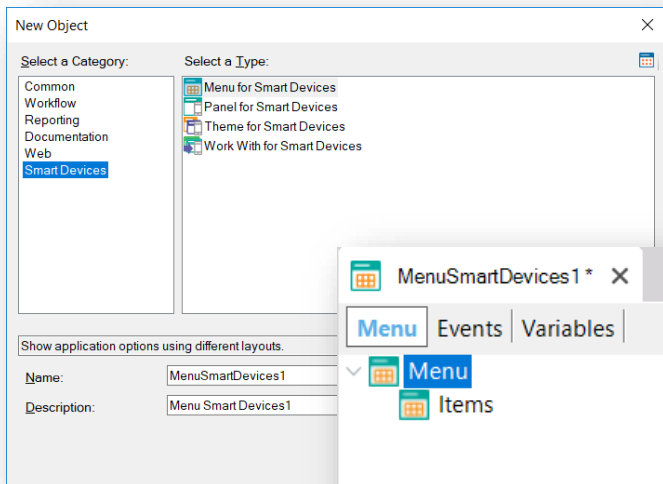
**Right Screenshot (Android Emulator):**

- The application is running on an Android emulator.
- The screen displays the **Uruguay** page with a **PLACE** tab selected.
- The list of places includes their names and geolocation coordinates (e.g., **Estadio Centenario** with **Place Geolocation -34.894511, -56.152690**).
- The geolocation field for **Teatro Solis** is circled in red, indicating the successful application of the pattern.

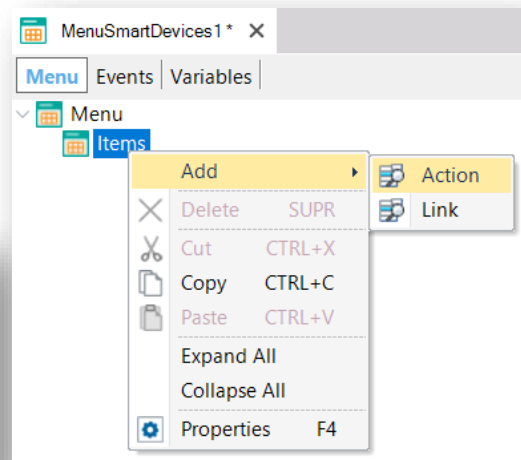


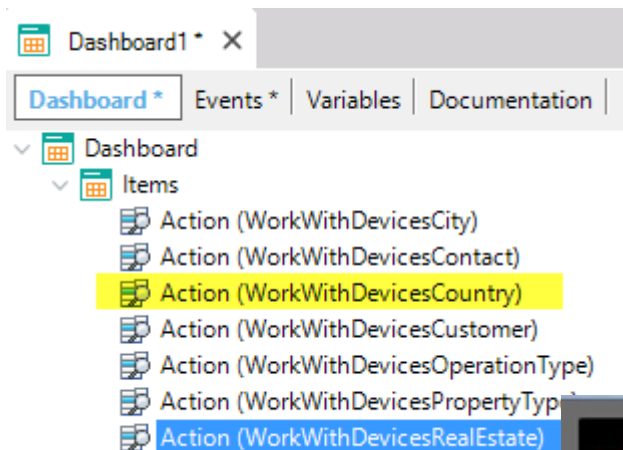
## Access Menu: Menu for Smart Devices

Creation:



Add action...





After pressing F5...



# GeneXus™

Videos

[training.genexus.com](https://training.genexus.com)

Documentation

[wiki.genexus.com](https://wiki.genexus.com)

Certifications

[training.genexus.com/certifications](https://training.genexus.com/certifications)