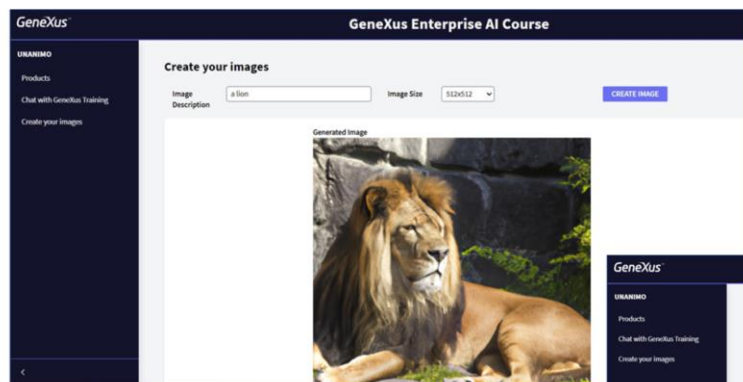


GeneXus application that interacts with AI to generate images



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GeneXus application that interacts with AI to generate images



We already have our GeneXus application that interacts with a Chat assistant and a RAG assistant. We are now going to enable the possibility of generating images.

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- GeneXus Enterprise AI: Proxy API
- DALL-E-2

For that, we are going to use the Proxy API to interact with an AI system that can generate images from a description in natural language.

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<No action group selected>

MainTable

Create your images

Image Description Image Size Create image

Generated Image



DALL-E-2 - cURL

```
curl --location 'https://api.saia.ai/proxy/openai/v1/images/generations' \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-H 'Authorization: SSAIA_API_TOKEN' \
-d '{
  "model": "dall-e-2",
  "prompt": "a halloween pumpkin",
  "size": "1024x1024"
}'
```

Let's go to GeneXus, to our knowledge base.

We have already created a web panel called CreatelImages, where we enable the end user to enter a brief description, and select the size of the image to be generated.

The functionality that we want to achieve is the code in the event associated with the Create Image button. And for that we must create a procedure that receives the description and size of the image as input parameters and returns the URL of the generated image. From that URL we will show the image in the &GeneratedImage variable included in the web panel form.

We go to Tools / Integration application / cURL Inspector.

We name it GeneratelImages and load the cURL sample, which in this case corresponds to the interaction of the Proxy API with DALL-E-2.

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```
Layout Rules* Conditions Variables Help Documentation |
1 Parm(in: &ImageDescription, in: &ImageSize, out:&ImageURL);
2
3
4 //curl --location 'https://api.saia.ai/proxy/openai/v1/images/generations' -H 'Content-Type: application/json'
5 &HttpClient.Secure = 1
6 &HttpClient.Host = "api.qa.saia.ai"
7 &HttpClient.AddHeader(!"Content-Type", !"application/json")
8 &HttpClient.AddHeader(!"Authorization", !"Bearer default_OuK5BwzqSLjNEHwUF-GV0QLI2YHYxBBGashAg1CiLSa91F")
9 &HttpClient.AddString(!{"model": "dall-e-2", "prompt": "' + &ImageDescription.Trim() + '", "size": "' + &ImageSize + '"})
10
11 &HttpClient.Execute(!"POST", !"/proxy/openai/v1/images/generations")
12
```

As we already know, this generates the base procedure where we will complete the connection definition with the necessary data, according to our context.

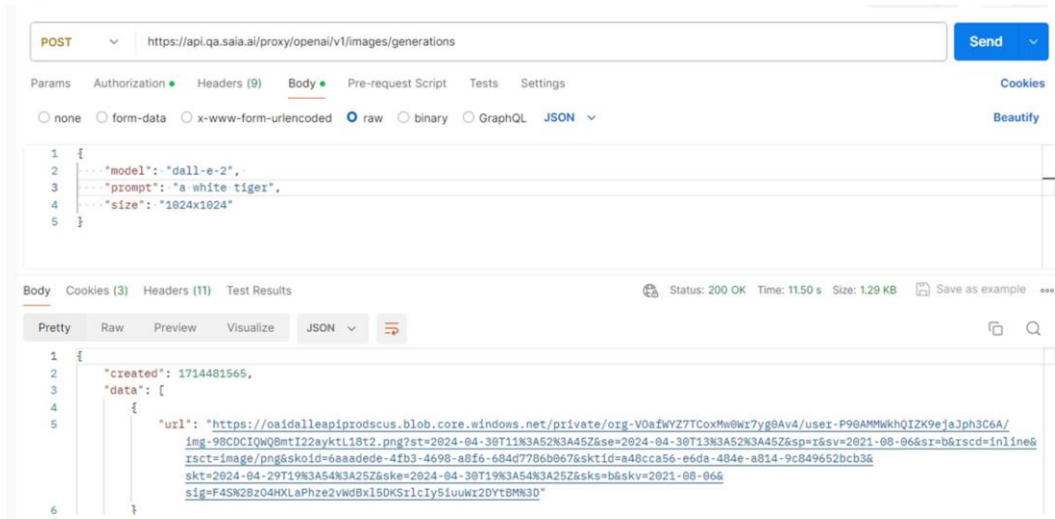
First, we declare the Parm rule to receive the description and size of the image, and return the URL of the generated image.

Let's analyze the source:

We define the HTTPS connection protocol... ..define the host, the project Api Token... ..and define the body of the request so that it considers the input parameters corresponding to the description and size of the image required by the end user.

Then we define the POST for its execution.

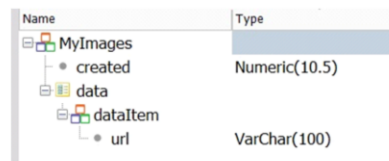
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What happens to the response received?

We repeat the same process as in the previous examples. From Postman we save the request response and import the file into our knowledge base, using the option Tools / Application integration / Json Import.

GeneXus application that interacts with AI to generate images



```
1 //curl --location 'https://api.saia.ai/proxy/openai/v1/images/generations' -H 'Content-Type: application
2
3 &HttpClient.Secure = 1
4 &HttpClient.Host = "api.qa.saia.ai"
5
6 &HttpClient.AddHeader("Content-Type", "application/json")
7 &HttpClient.AddHeader("Authorization", "Bearer default_OuK5BwzqSLjNEHwUf-GV0QCLi2YHYxBBGAg1CilSa9lF
8
9 &HttpClient.AddString(!{"model": "dall-e-2", "prompt": " " + &ImageDescription.Trim() + " ", "size": " " +
10
11 &HttpClient.Execute("POST", !"/proxy/openai/v1/images/generations")
12
13
14 &MyImages.FromJson(&HttpClient.ToString())
15
16 &ImageURL = &MyImages.data.Item(1).url
17
```

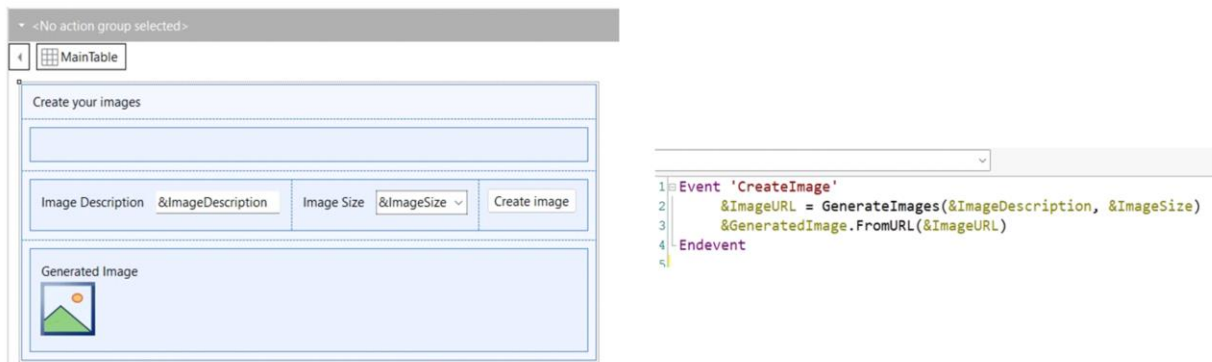
We name it MyImages, and this generates the following structured data type:

...where the URL element of the first item of the "data" collection will correspond to the URL of the generated image and will be the output parameter of our procedure.

So we define the &MyImages variable, based on the SDT, and load it with the request response by applying the FromJson method, as we have already seen in the previous examples.

Finally, we load the &ImageURL variable with the value of the "url" element of the first item of the "data" collection.

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The screenshot displays a GeneXus application window titled "MainTable". The interface includes a header "Create your images" and a form with the following elements:

- An input field for "Image Description" with the variable name `&ImageDescription`.
- A dropdown menu for "Image Size" with the variable name `&ImageSize`.
- A "Create image" button.
- A section labeled "Generated Image" containing a small image icon of a landscape with a sun and mountains.

To the right of the interface, the event code for the "CreateImage" event is shown:

```
1 Event 'CreateImage'  
2   &ImageURL = GenerateImages(&ImageDescription, &ImageSize)  
3   &GeneratedImage.FromURL(&ImageURL)  
4 Endevent  
5
```

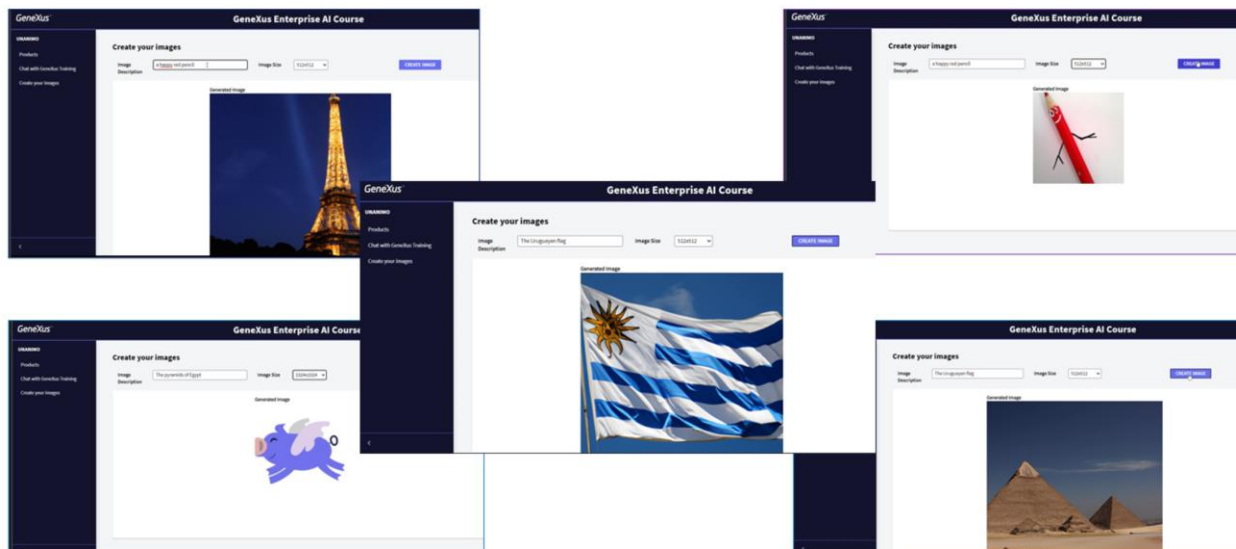
Once this procedure has been defined, we must call it from the event associated with the web panel button.

So we make the call and receive its output in the `&ImageURL` variable.

Finally, the `&GeneratedImage` variable, included in the form, is loaded with the image obtained from the URL received.

To test it, we press F5.

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First, we are going to ask for an image of the Eiffel Tower at night, and we choose 512x512 as its size.

If we don't like the image we receive, we ask for another one.

Let's look at other more creative examples, such as a red pencil smiling...

Or a flying blue piggy, sized 256x256... The pyramids of Egypt... ..and the flag of Uruguay.

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