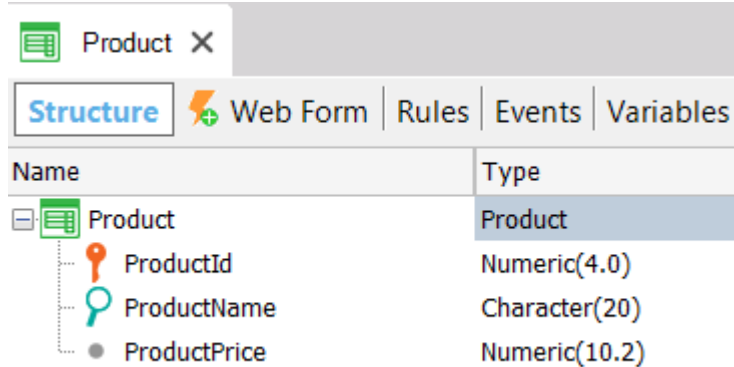


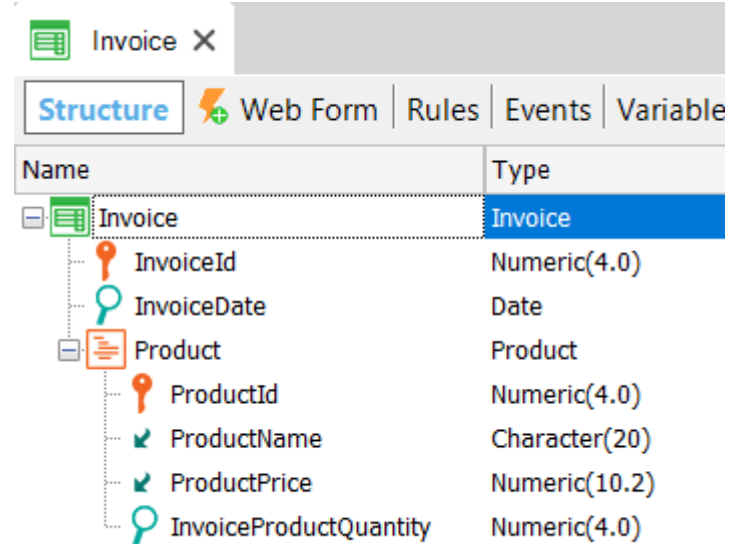
Transactions

What attribute names do we use?



The screenshot shows the 'Product' entity structure in the GeneXus IDE. The 'Structure' tab is active, and the 'Product' entity is selected. The table below lists the attributes and their types.

Name	Type
Product	Product
ProductId	Numeric(4.0)
ProductName	Character(20)
ProductPrice	Numeric(10.2)



The screenshot shows the 'Invoice' entity structure in the GeneXus IDE. The 'Structure' tab is active, and the 'Invoice' entity is selected. The table below lists the attributes and their types.

Name	Type
Invoice	Invoice
InvoiceId	Numeric(4.0)
InvoiceDate	Date
Product	Product
ProductId	Numeric(4.0)
ProductName	Character(20)
ProductPrice	Numeric(10.2)
InvoiceProductQuantity	Numeric(4.0)

GIK Naming convention

Entity + Category [+ Qualifier]

Product

```
{  
  ProductId* (PK)  
  ProductName (S)  
  ProductPrice (S)  
}
```

Invoice

```
{  
  InvoiceId* (PK)  
  InvoiceDate (S)  
  -----  
  Product  
  {  
    ProductId* (PK, FK)  
    ProductName (I)  
    ProductPrice (I)  
    InvoiceProductQuantity (S)  
    -----  
  }  
}
```

Transaction Design

Strong 1 - N

Each customer belongs to a country and a country has many customers



COUNTRY
CountryId*
CountryName



```
Country
{
  CountryId* (PK)
  CountryName
}
```

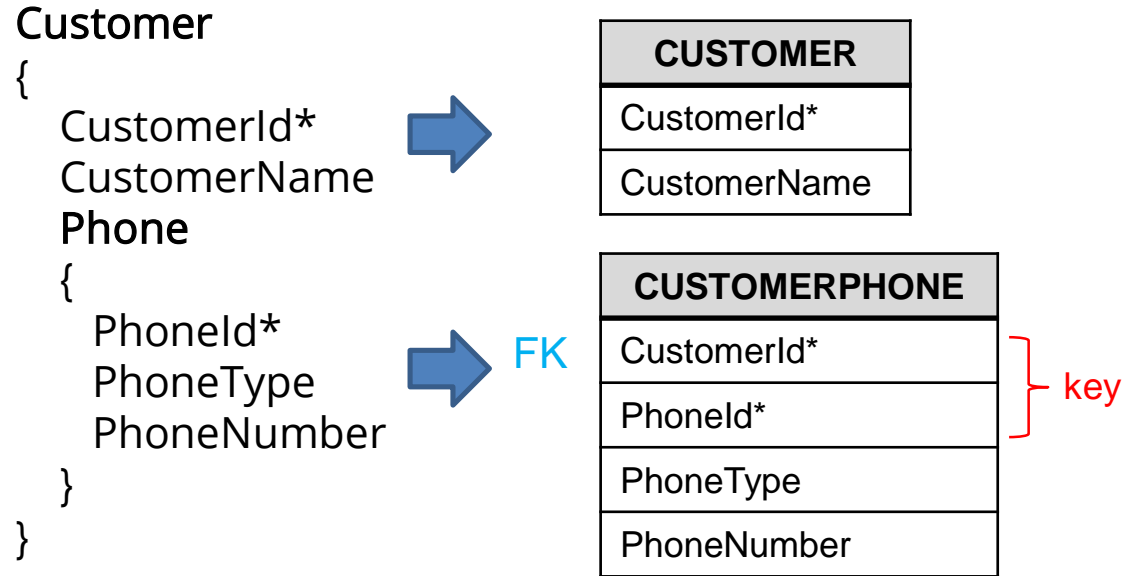
```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId (FK)
  CountryName
}
```



CUSTOMER
CustomerId*
CustomerName
CountryId

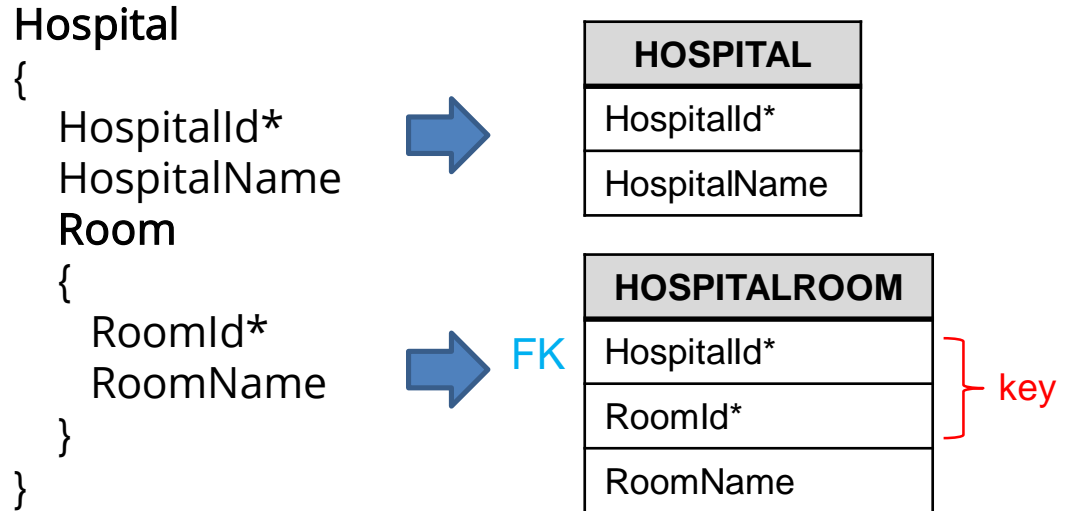
Weak 1 – N

Each customer has many phones, and each phone belongs to a single customer



Weak 1 - N

Each hospital has many rooms and each room belongs to a single hospital



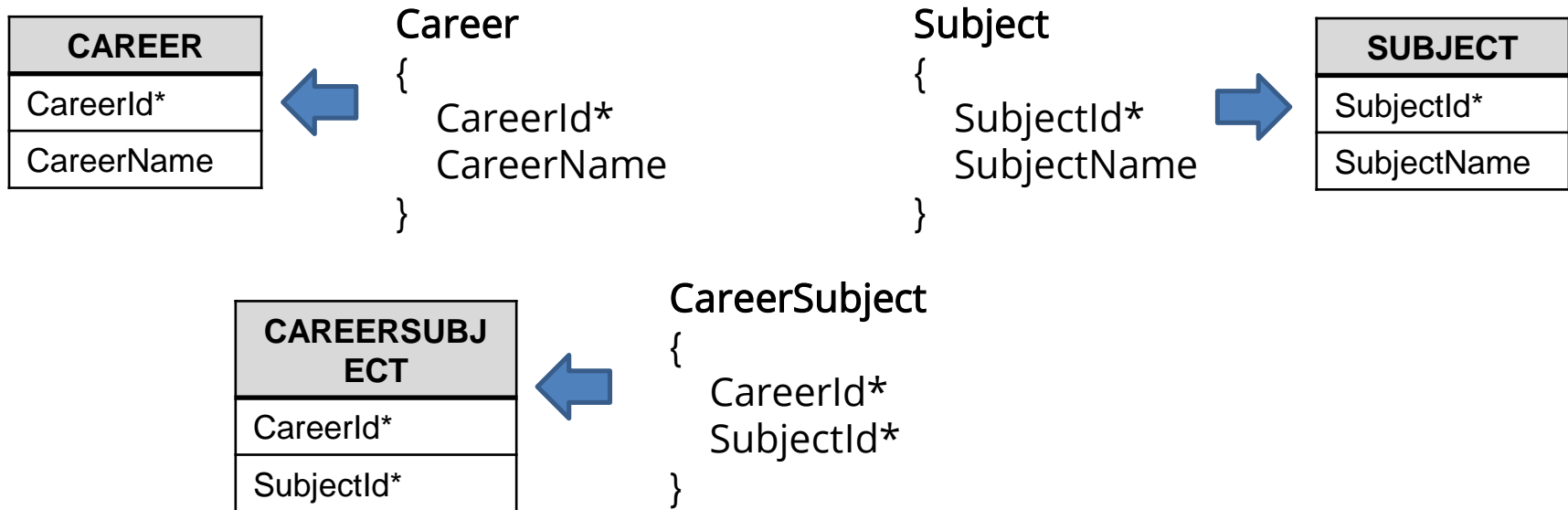
N – N (M)

Each degree program has many subjects and each subject can be included in many degree programs



N – N: Option 1 of 4

Each degree program has many subjects and each subject can be included in many degree programs



N – N: Option 1 – Generated tables

CAREER

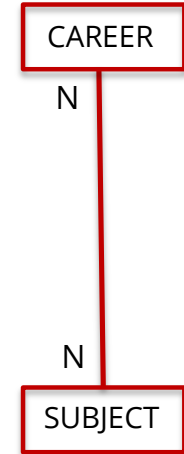
CareerId	CareerName
1	Computer Science
2	Data Science for Health

SUBJECT

SubjectId	SubjectName
1	Computer Logic
2	Programming Fundamentals

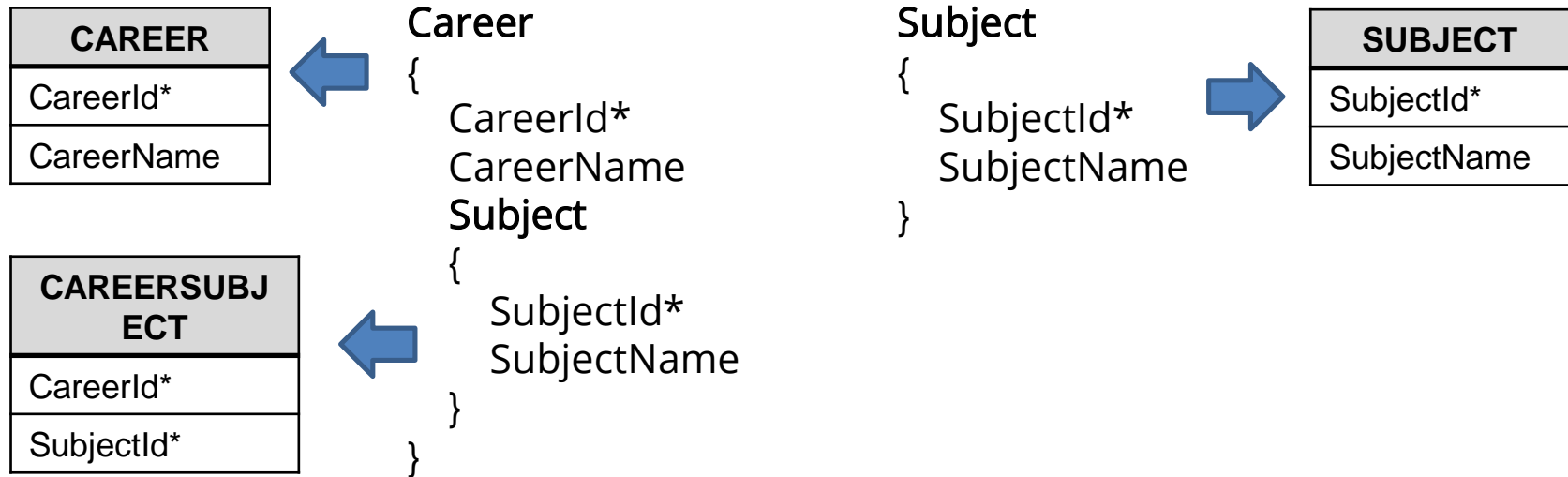
CAREERSUBJECT

CareerId	SubjectId
1	1
1	2
2	2



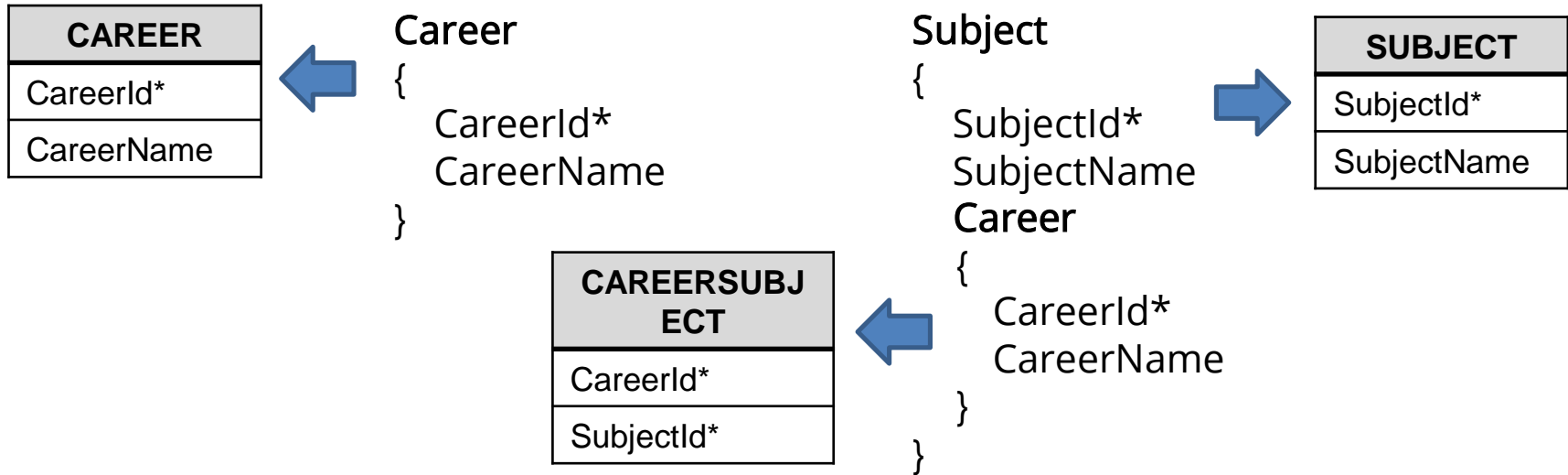
N – N: Option 2 of 4

Each degree program has many subjects and each subject can be included in many degree programs



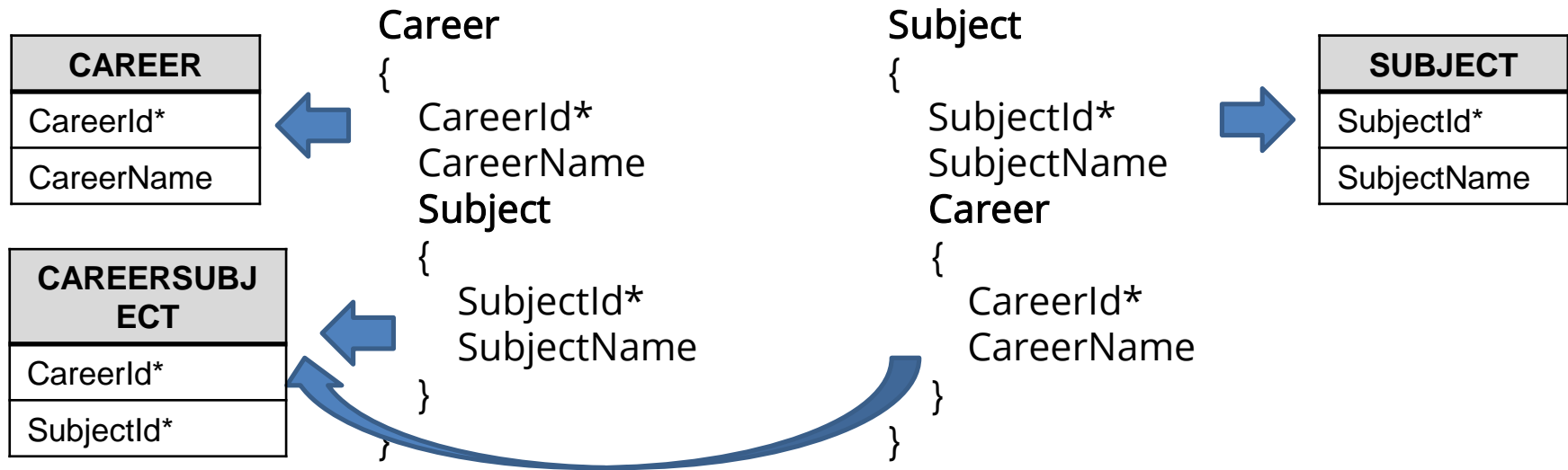
N – N: Option 3 of 4

Each degree program has many subjects and each subject can be included in many degree programs



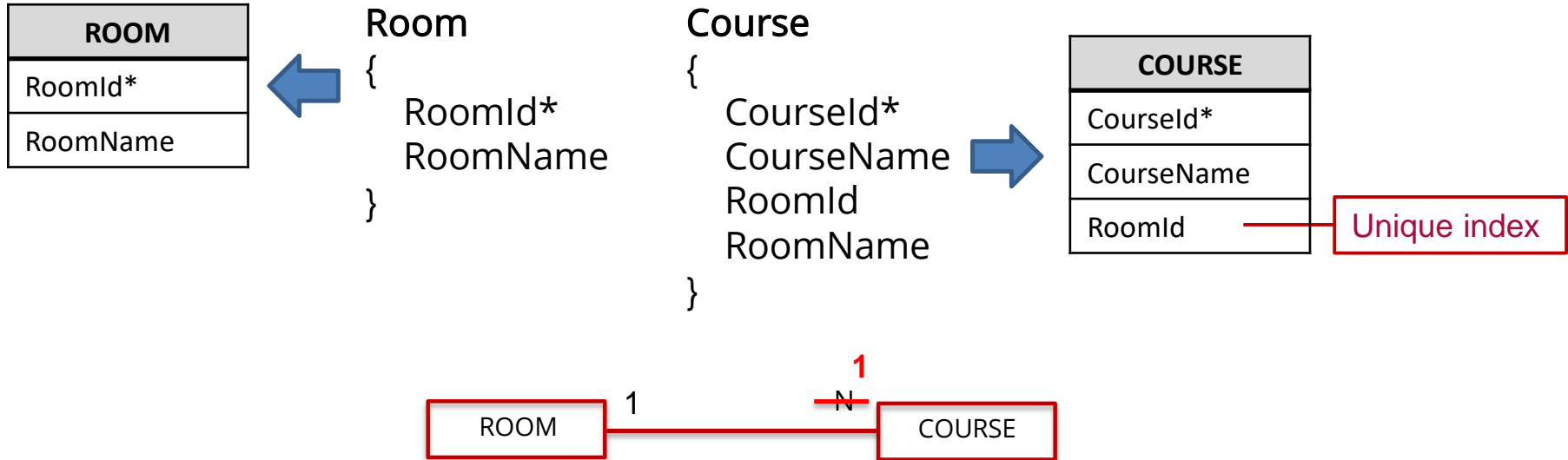
N – N: Option 4 of 4

Each degree program has many subjects and each subject can be included in many degree programs



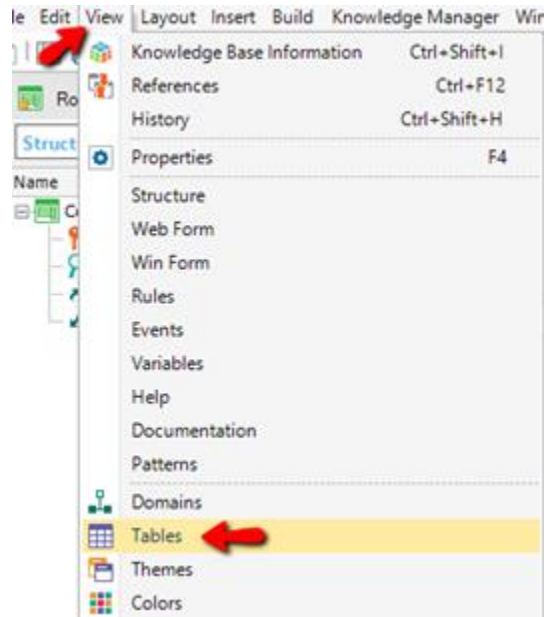
1 - 1

Each course is taught in a classroom, and this classroom can only be used to teach this course

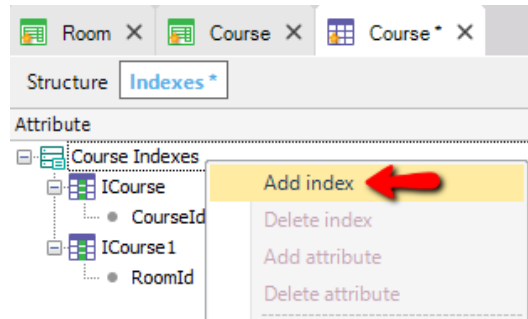


Creating an index

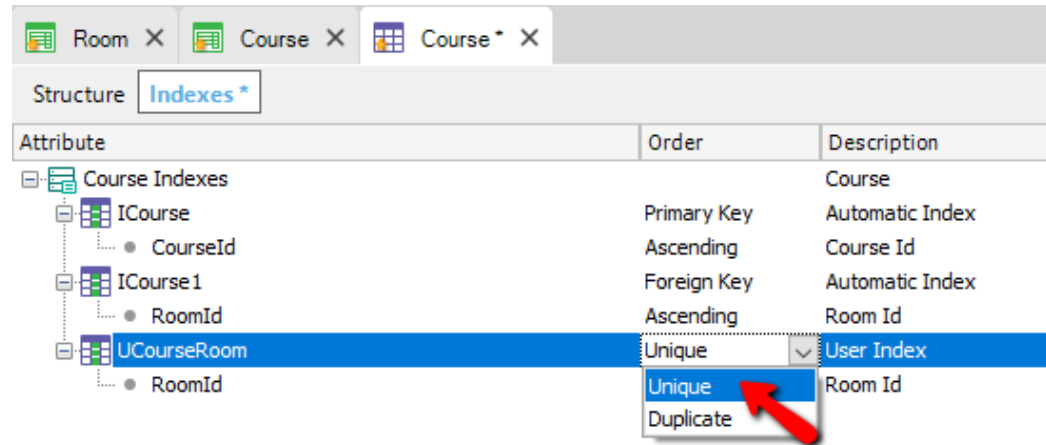
1



2



3



Normalization

GeneXus normalize tables in Third Normal Form (3NF)

- Inferred attributes in a transaction, are not included in the generated table

Continent

```
{  
  ContinentId* (PK)  
  ContinentName  
}
```



CONTINENT
ContinentId*
ContinentName

Country

```
{  
  CountryId* (PK)  
  CountryName  
  ContinentId (FK)  
  ContinentName (INF)  
}
```



COUNTRY
CountryId*
CountryName
ContinentId

Customer

```
{  
  CustomerId* (PK)  
  CustomerName  
  CountryId (FK)  
  CountryName (INF)  
  ContinentId (INF)  
  ContinentName (INF)  
}
```



CUSTOMER
CustomerId*
CustomerName
CountryId

Referential Integrity

Referential Integrity

```
Country
{
  CountryId* (PK)
  CountryName
}
```

CountryId	CountryName
1	URUGUAY
2	ARGENTINA

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId (FK)
  CountryName
}
```

CustomerId	CustomerName	CountryId
1	ANA	1
2	PEDRO	2
3	LUIS	2
4	JOSE	3



The record is
not inserted



Referential Integrity

```
Country
{
  CountryId* (PK)
  CountryName
}
```

CountryId	CountryName
1	URUGUAY X
2	ARGENTINA



The register is not deleted

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId (FK)
  CountryName
}
```

CustomerId	CustomerName	CountryId
1	ANA	1
2	PEDRO	2
3	LUIS	2
4	JOSE	3

Base Table and Extended Table

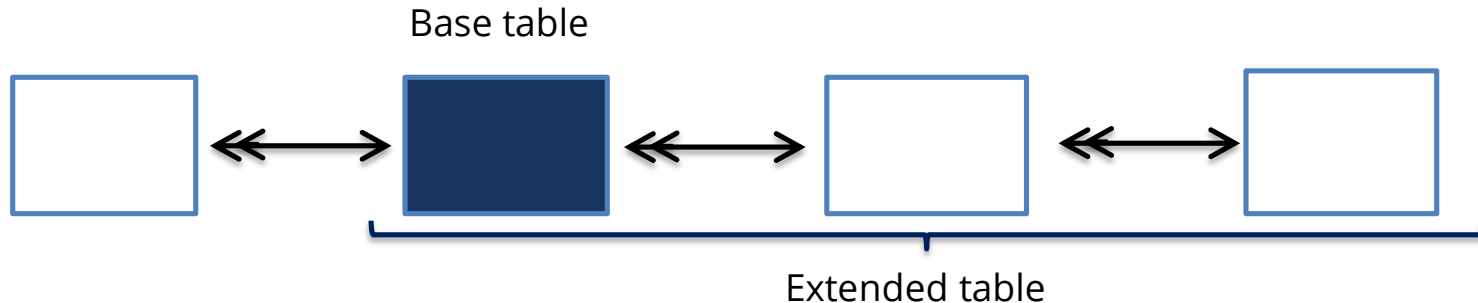
- **Base table**

Any table in the database where we may be working at a given moment.

- **Extended table**

For a given table, its extended table is a concept that allows us to consider all the information that we can access from it, using its foreign keys.

It is the set of attributes of the table itself + all the attributes of the tables with which it has an N to 1 relation, either directly or indirectly.



Example

Customer

```
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
}
```

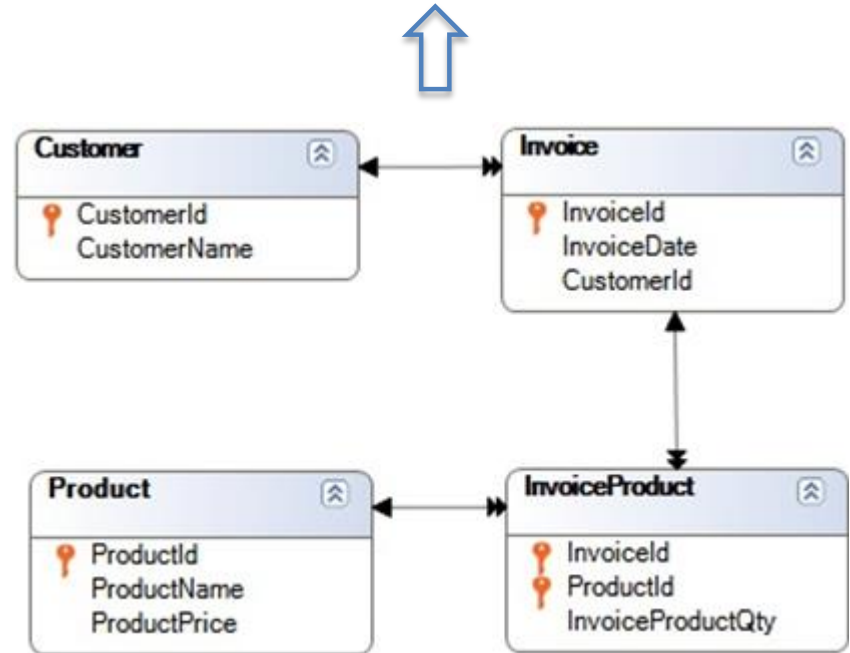
Product

```
{
  ProductId*
  ProductName
  ProductPrice
}
```

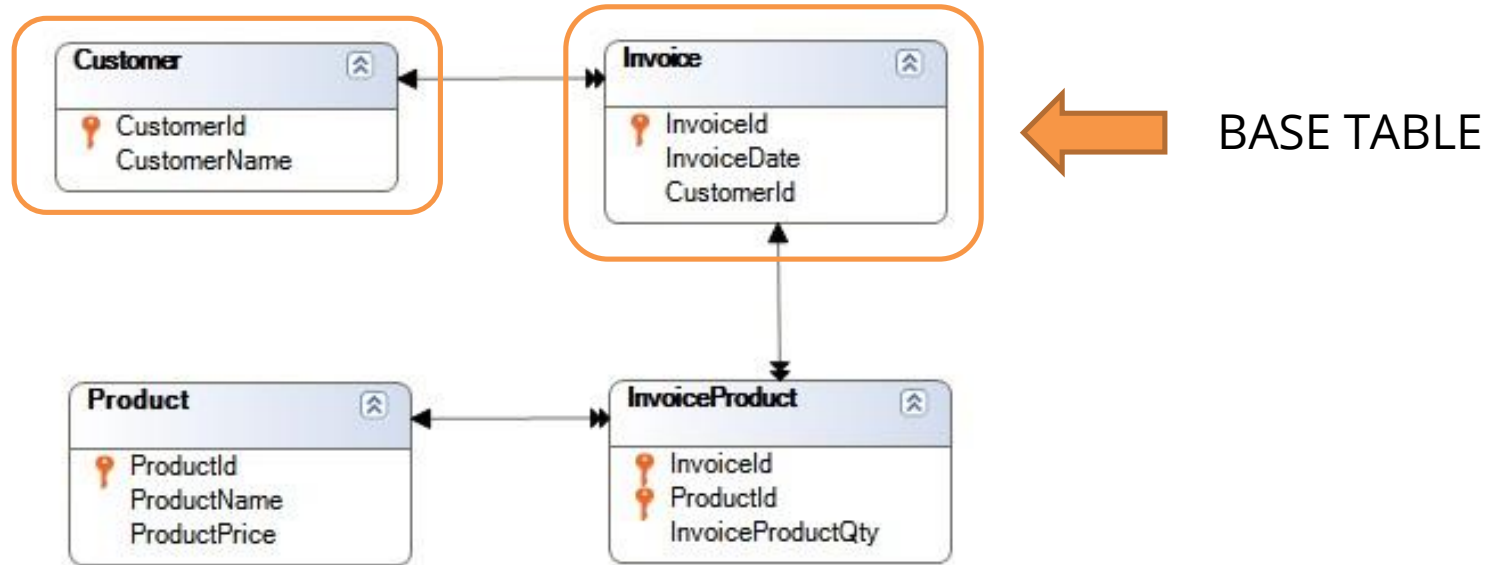
Invoice

```
{
  InvoiceId*
  InvoiceDate
  CustomerId
  CustomerName
  Product
  {
    ProductId*
    ProductName
    ProductPrice
    InvoiceProductQuantity
    -----
  }
}
```

Table diagram
(Bachman diagram)

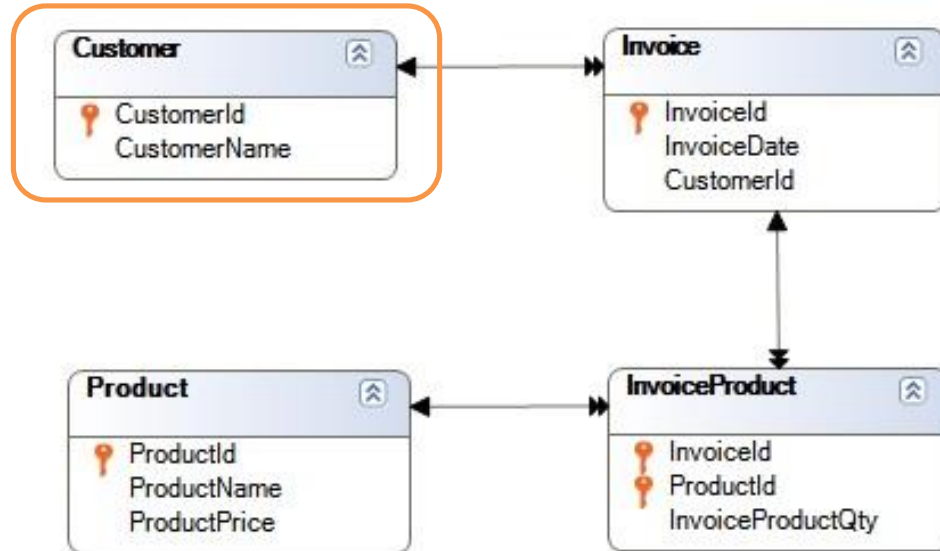


Example: Invoice Extended Table

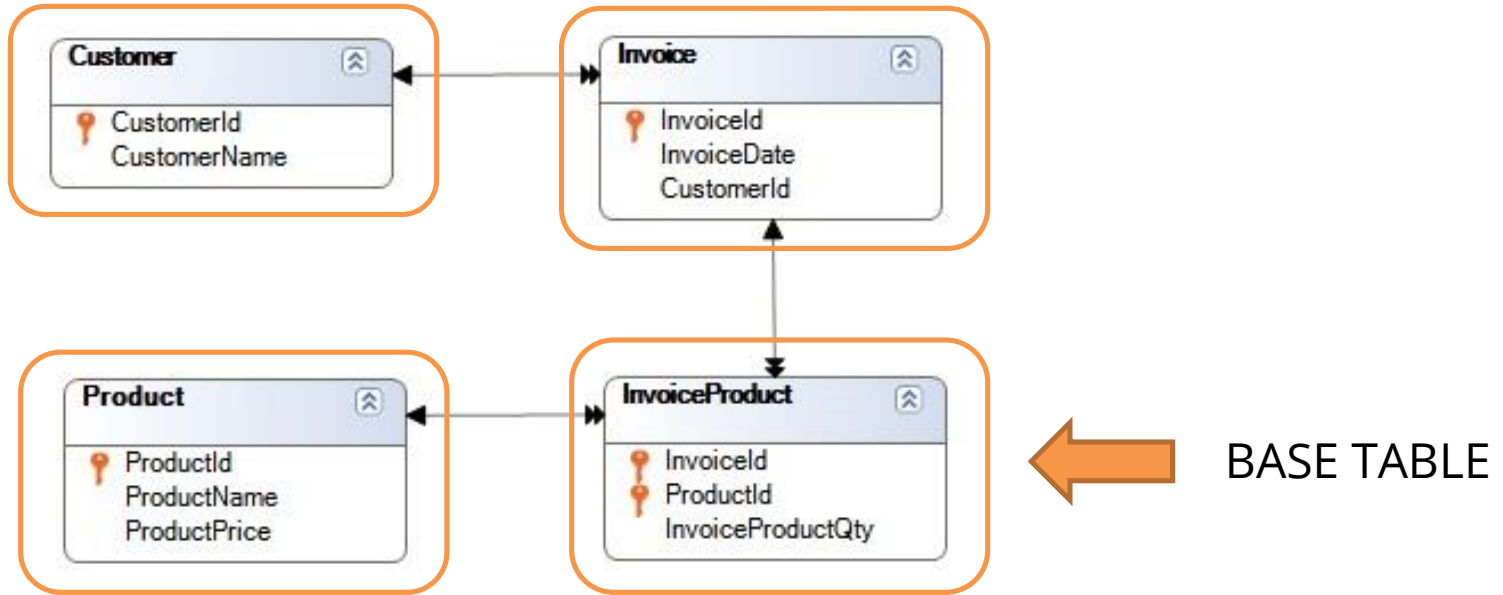


Example: Customer Extended Table

BASE TABLE

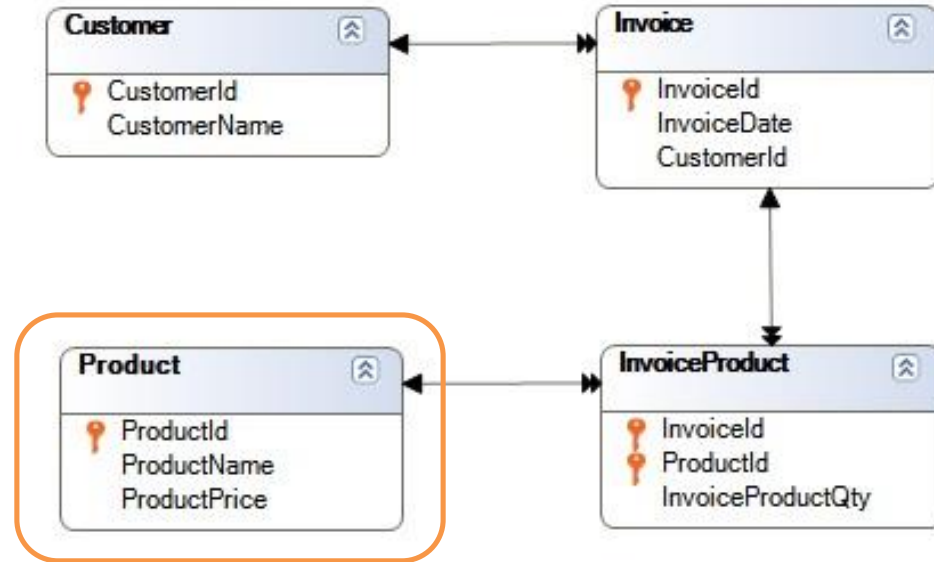
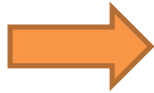


Example: InvoiceProduct Extended Table



Example: Product Extended Table

BASE TABLE



Subtypes

Multiple references:

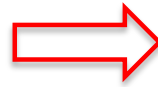
For every flight, the departure and arrival airports must be saved

Airport

```
{  
  AirportId*  
  AirportName  
}
```

Flight

```
{  
  FlightId*  
  FlightDate  
  AirportId  
  AirportName  
  AirportId  
  AirportName  
}
```



Error due to
duplicated attribute
names

Flight	Flight	Flight
FlightId	Id	Flight Id
FlightDate	Date	Flight Date
AirportId	Id	Airport Id
AirportName	Name	Airport Name
AirportId	Duplicate Attribute Name: 'AirportId'	

Solution 1 of 3: create two subtype groups, one for the departure airport and another for the arrival airport

Airport

```
{
  AirportId*
  AirportName
}
```

Flight

```
{
  FlightId*
  FlightDate
  DepartureAirportId
  DepartureAirportName } Subtype group: DepartureAirport
  ArrivalAirportId
  ArrivalAirportName } Subtype group: ArrivalAirport
}
```




Subtype	Description	Supertype
DepartureAirport		
DepartureAirportId	Departure Airport Id	AirportId
DepartureAirportName	Departure Airport Name	AirportName

Subtype	Description	Supertype
ArrivalAirport		
ArrivalAirportId	Arrival Airport Id	AirportId
ArrivalAirportName	Arrival Airport Name	AirportName

Solution 2 of 3: create one subtype group for the departure airport only

```
Airport
{
  AirportId*
  AirportName
}
```

```
Flight
{
  FlightId*
  FlightDate
  DepartureAirportId
  DepartureAirportName } Subtype group: DepartureAirport
  AirportId
  AirportName
}
```

Subtype	Description	Supertype
 DepartureAirport		
 DepartureAirportId	Departure Airport Id	AirportId
 DepartureAirportName	Departure Airport Name	AirportName

Solution 3 of 3: create one subtype group for the arrival airport only

```
Airport
{
  AirportId*
  AirportName
}
```

```
Flight
{
  FlightId*
  FlightDate
  AirportId
  AirportName
  ArrivalAirportId
  ArrivalAirportName
} Subtype group: ArrivalAirport
```

Subtype	Description	Supertype
ArrivalAirport		
ArrivalAirportId	Arrival Airport Id	AirportId
ArrivalAirportName	Arrival Airport Name	AirportName

Multiple references:

In addition to the customer's country, the country where the invoice was issued must also be saved

Country

```
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

Customer

```
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

Invoice

```
{
  InvoiceId*
  InvoiceDate
  CustomerId
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
  InvoiceCountryId
  InvoiceCountryName
}
```

Inferred attributes

Subtype group: InvoiceCountry

Subtype	Description	Supertype
InvoiceCountry		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> InvoiceCountryId 	Invoice Country Id	CountryId
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> InvoiceCountryName 	Invoice Country Name	CountryName

Multiple references: problem

Subject


```
{  
  SubjectId*  
  SubjectName  
  TeacherId  
  TeacherName  
  TeacherId  
  TeacherName  
}
```

----- Permanent teacher

----- Substitute teacher

Teacher

```
{  
  TeacherId*  
  TeacherName  
}
```



Error due to
duplicated attribute
names

Multiple references: solution

Subject

```

{
  SubjectId*
  SubjectName
  SubjectPermanentTeacherId ----- Permanent teacher
  SubjectPermanentTeacherName
  SubjectSubstituteTeacherId ----- Substitute teacher
  SubjectSubstituteTeacherName
}




```




Teacher

```

{
  TeacherId*
  TeacherName
}

```

Subtype	Description	Supertype
 SubjectPermanentTeacher		
 SubjectPermanentTeacherId	Subject Permanent Teacher Id	TeacherId
 SubjectPermanentTeacherName	Subject Permanent Teacher Name	TeacherName

Subtype	Description	Supertype
 SubjectSubstituteTeacher		
 SubjectSubstituteTeacherId	Subject Substitute Teacher Id	TeacherId
 SubjectSubstituteTeacherName	Subject Substitute Teacher Name	TeacherName

Multiple references: problem

Subject

```
{  
  SubjectId*  
  SubjectName  
}
```

Teacher

```
{  
  TeacherId*  
  TeacherName  
  SubjectId  
  SubjectName  
}
```

Exam

```
{  
  ExamId*  
  ExamDate  
  SubjectId  
  SubjectName  
  Teacher  
  {  
    TeacherId*  
    TeacherName  
    SubjectId  
    SubjectName  
  }  
}
```

Inferred
attributes



Error due to
duplicated attribute
names

Multiple references: solution

Subject

```
{
  SubjectId*
  SubjectName
}
```

Teacher

```
{
  TeacherId*
  TeacherName
  SubjectId
  SubjectName
}
```

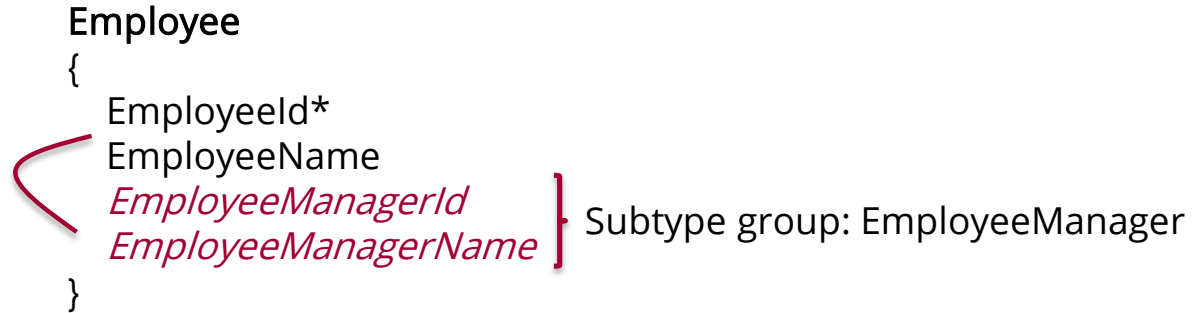
Exam

```
{
  ExamId*
  ExamDate
  ExamSubjectId
  ExamSubjectName } Subtype group: ExamSubject
  Teacher
  {
    TeacherId*
    TeacherName
    SubjectId
    SubjectName
  }
}
```

Inferred attributes

Subtype	Description	Supertype
ExamSubject		
ExamSubjectId	Exam Subject Id	SubjectId
ExamSubjectName	Exam Subject Name	SubjectName

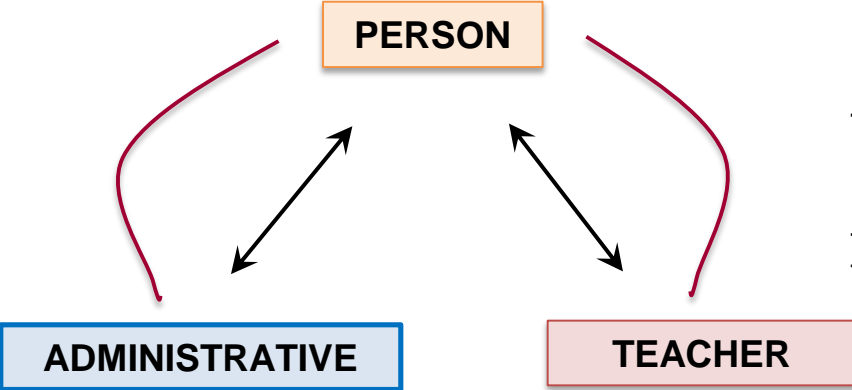
Recursive subtypes



Subtype	Description	Supertype
EmployeeManager		
EmployeeManagerId	Employee Manager Id	EmployeeId
EmployeeManagerName	Employee Manager Name	EmployeeName

Specialization

Correct:
More inf attrbs
Show tables



```
Person
{
  PersonId*
  PersonName
}
```

```
Administrative
{
  AdministrativeId*
  AdministrativeName
  AdministrativeLanguage
}
```

```
Teacher
{
  TeacherId*
  TeacherName
  TeacherTitle
}
```

Subtype	Description	Supertype
AdministrativePerson		
AdministrativePersonId	Administrative Person Id	PersonId
AdministrativePersonName	Administrative Person Name	PersonName

Subtype	Description	Supertype
TeacherPerson		
TeacherPersonId	Teacher Person Id	PersonId
TeacherPersonName	Teacher Person Name	PersonName

Rules

Rules

Name	Type
Student	Student
StudentId	Id
StudentName	Name
StudentAddress	Address, GeneXus
StudentBirthDate	Date
StudentAddedDate	Date

Error("Enter the student name") if
StudentName.isEmpty();

Msg("The address is empty") if
StudentAddress.isEmpty();

Default(StudentAddedDate, &Today);

Noaccept(StudentAddedDate);

& Variables	
& Standard Variables	
GxRemove	Numeric(1.0)
Mode	Character(3)
Pgmdesc	Character(256)
Pgmname	Character(128)
Time	Character(8)
Today	Date

Rules

Product

Name	Type
Product	ProductM
ProductId	Id
ProductName	VarChar(40)
ProductPrice	Price
ProductStock	Numeric(4,0)

Invoice

Name	Type
Invoice	Invoice
InvoiceId	Id
InvoiceDate	Date
Product	Product
ProductId	Id
ProductName	VarChar(40)
ProductPrice	Price
ProductStock	Numeric(4,0)
InvoiceProductQuantity	Numeric(4,0)

Boolean functions

- Insert
- update
- delete
- display

ProductStock = ProductStock - 100 if insert;

ProductStock = ProductStock + 100 if delete;

Rules

The screenshot displays two windows in the GeneXus IDE, both showing the 'Structure' view. The left window is for the 'Product' entity, and the right window is for the 'Invoice' entity. Both windows have tabs for 'Structure', 'Web Form', 'Win Form', and 'Rules'. The 'Structure' view shows a tree of properties for each entity.

Name	Type
Product	ProductM
ProductId	Id
ProductName	VarChar(40)
ProductPrice	Price
ProductStock	Numeric(4.0)

Name	Type
Invoice	Invoice
InvoiceId	Id
InvoiceDate	Date
Product	Product
ProductId	Id
ProductName	VarChar(40)
ProductPrice	Price
ProductStock	Numeric(4.0)
InvoiceProductQuantity	Numeric(4.0)

ProductStock = ProductStock - 100;

Subtract(InvoiceProductQuantity, ProductStock);

Add(500, ProductStock);

Rules

Name	Type
Country	Country
CountryId	Id
CountryName	Name
CountryLastLine	Numeric(4.0)
City	City
CityId	Id
CityName	Name

Serial(CityId, CountryLastLine, 1);

Parm(attribute1, &variable1,);



Variable: Space in memory that has a name and data type it can save. It is referenced using “&.”

Triggering Moments

Browser

Transaction

http://trialapps3.geneXus.com/ld8562acf4/

Attribute-1

Attribute-2

...

Attribute-n

Level

AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
data1-1	data1-2	...	⊙
data2-1	data2-2	...	☑
data3-1	data3-2	...	☐
data4-1	data 4-2	...	☑

CONFIRM CANCEL

Server

Attribute-1 ✓

Attribute-2 ✓

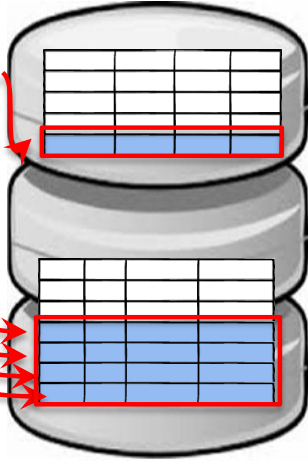
...

Attribute-n ✓

Level

AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
data1-1	data1-2	...	⊙
data2-1	data2-2	...	☑
data3-1	data3-2	...	☐
data4-1	data 4-2	...	☑

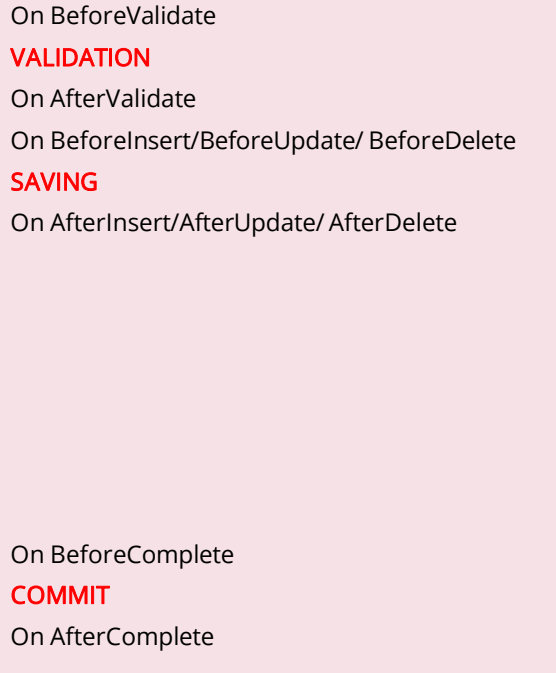
Database



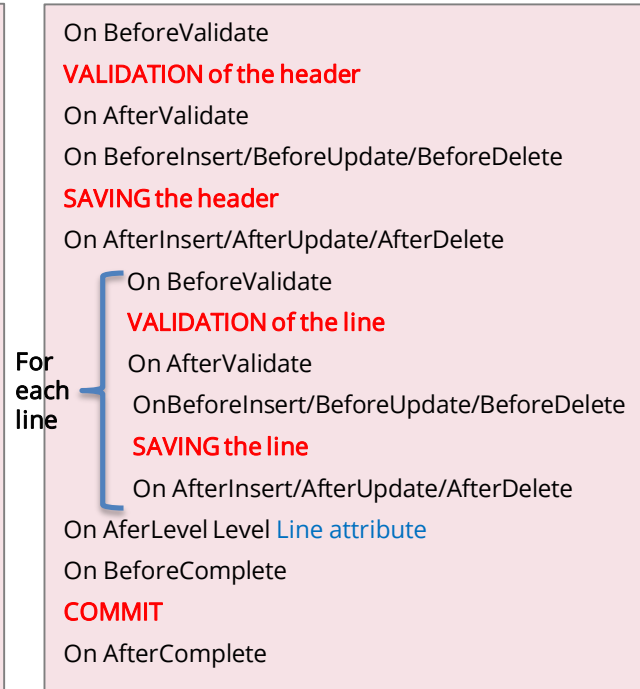
Commit

Rule triggering moments

In single-level transactions:



In two-level transactions:



Rule triggering moments

PrintCustomer(CustomerId) on AfterValidate;

Is it correct or not?



It is not correct because it is invoked BEFORE saving and the table will not reflect the changes made to the customer.

Transaction

http://trialapps3.genexus.com/Id8562acf4/

Attribute-1

Attribute-2

...

Attribute-n

Level

AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
data1-1	data1-2	...	⊙
data2-1	data2-2	...	☑
data3-1	data3-2	...	☐
data4-1	data 4-2	...	☑

CONFIRM CANCEL

VALIDATION

On AfterValidate

SAVING

On AfterInsert / On AfterUpdate / On AfterDelete

Rule triggering moments

PrintCustomer(CustomerId) on AfterInsert, AfterUpdate;

Is it correct or not?



It is correct!

The screenshot shows a web application window titled "Transaction" with a browser address bar containing "http://trialapps3.genexus.com/1d8562acf4/". The form contains several input fields labeled "Attribute-1", "Attribute-2", and "Attribute-n". Below these is a table with the following structure:

Level	AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
	data1-1	data1-2	...	⊙
	data2-1	data2-2	...	☑
	data3-1	data3-2	...	☐
	data4-1	data 4-2	...	☑

At the bottom of the form are two buttons: "CONFIRM" and "CANCEL".

VALIDATION

On Aftervalidate

SAVING

On AfterInsert / On AfterUpdate / On AfterDelete

Rule triggering moments

PrintCustomer(CustomerId) on AfterDelete; Is it correct or not?



It is not correct because it is invoked AFTER the deletion and the customer will not be found with that ID in the table.

Transaction

http://trialapps3.genexus.com/Id8562acf4/

Attribute-1

Attribute-2

...

Attribute-n

Level

AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
data1-1	data1-2	...	⊙
data2-1	data2-2	...	☑
data3-1	data3-2	...	☐
data4-1	data 4-2	...	☑

CONFIRM CANCEL

VALIDATION

On Aftervalidate

SAVING

On AfterInsert / On AfterUpdate / On AfterDelete

Rule triggering moments

```
Error('The seat quantity should be equal or greater than 8') if FlightCapacity < 8
on AfterLevel
Level FlightSeatChar;
```

Transaction

http://trialapps3.genexus.com/Id8562acf4/

Attribute-1

Attribute-2

...

Attribute-n

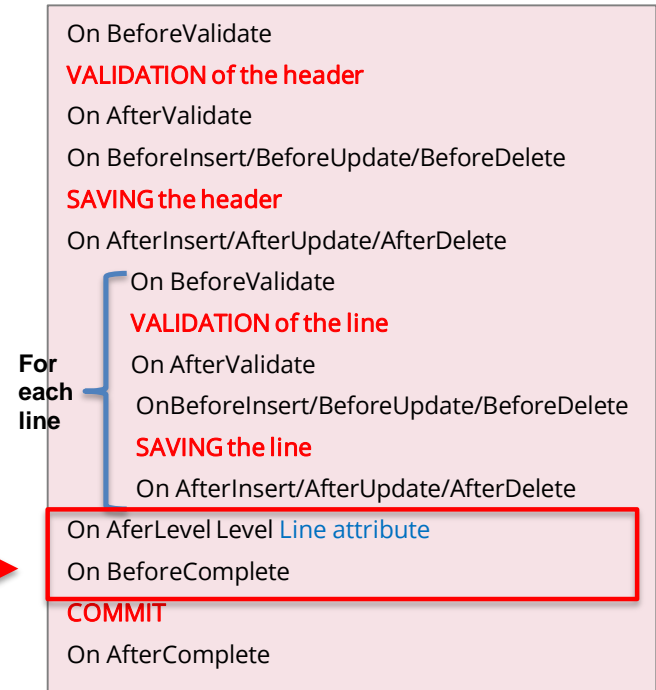
Level

AttributeL-1	AttributeL-2	...	AttributeL-m
data1-1	data1-2	...	<input type="radio"/>
data2-1	data2-2	...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
data3-1	data3-2	...	<input type="checkbox"/>
data4-1	data 4-2	...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

< 8

CONFIRM CANCEL

In two-level transactions:

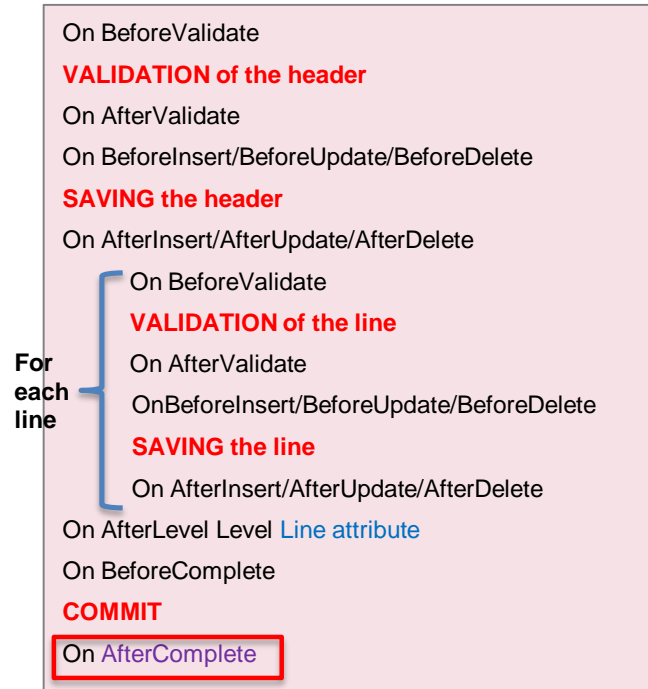


Rule triggering moments

```
PrintFlight(FlightId) on AfterComplete;
```

✓ on **AfterComplete**: Right after **Commit** is performed in the database.

In two-level transactions:



Examples

```

Invoice
{
  InvoicId*
  InvoiceDate
  -----
  Product
  {
    ProductId*
    ProductName
    ProductPrice
    InvoiceProductQuantity
    -----
  }
}

```

Determine if is it correct or not:

PrintInvoiceDetail(InvoicId) on **AfterComplete**;



ProductControl(ProductId) on **BeforeInsert**;



ProductControl(ProductId) on **AfterComplete**;



Can I assign a value to an attribute on
AfterInsert?  **NO**

Value assignment examples

```
Product
{
  ProductId*
  ProductName
  ProductPrice
}
```

On BeforeValidate

VALIDATION

On AfterValidate

On BeforeInsert/BeforeUpdate/
BeforeDelete

SAVING

On AfterInsert/AfterUpdate/ AfterDelete

On BeforeComplete

COMMIT

On AfterComplete

Determine if is it correct or not:

ProductPrice = 100 on BeforeInsert;



ProductPrice = 100 on BeforeComplete;



ProductPrice = 100 on AfterValidate;

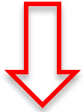


ProductPrice = 100 on AfterInsert;



Formulas

Global Formulas



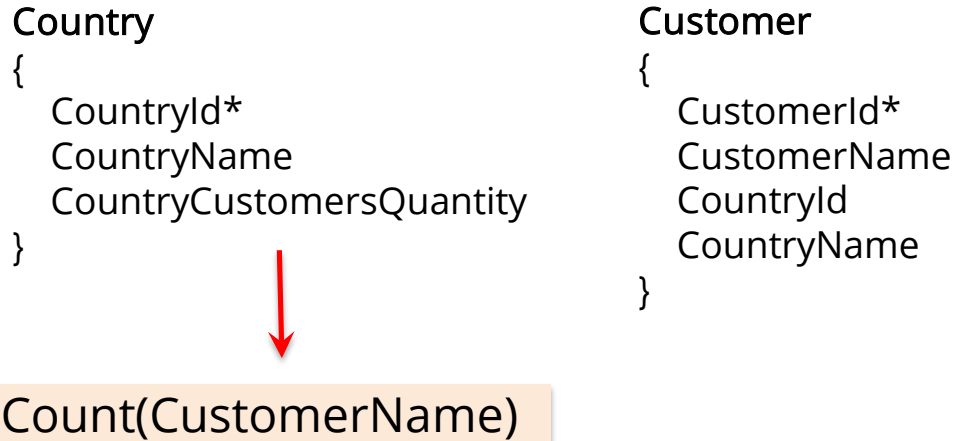
- It's a calculation associated with an attribute in a transaction
- They are known throughout the KB

```
Product
{
  ProductId*
  ProductName
  ProductPrice
}
```

```
Invoice
{
  InvoiceId*
  InvoiceDate
  InvoiceAmount → Sum(InvoiceProductAmount)
  Product
  {
    ProductId*
    ProductName
    ProductPrice
    InvoiceProductQuantity
    InvoiceLineAmount
  }
}
```

“Virtual” attributes (not saved in the DB)

```
ProductPrice*InvoiceProductQuantity*0.9 if ProductId = 1;
ProductPrice*InvoiceProductQuantity*0.8 if ProductId = 3;
ProductPrice*InvoiceProductQuantity otherwise;
```



Will this formula count the customers by country or the total number of customers?

It will count the customers by country because GeneXus applies an automatic filter by the common attribute (*CountryId*).

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CustomerTotal
}
```

```
Invoice
{
  InvoiceId*
  InvoiceDate
  InvoiceType
  CustomerId
  CustomerName
  InvoiceAmount
}
```

Domain that
provides two
Enum Values

credit
cash

Calculation
condition

Sum(InvoiceAmount, InvoiceType=InvoiceType.Credit)

If CustomerId = 3

Triggering
condition

Inline Formulas



- They are formulas defined in the code section of an object
- They are only known in the object in which they have been defined

Requirement: A list of countries with the number of attractions in each one of them

Country	Quantity
Argentina	2
Uruguay	3
Paraguay	1
United States	5



```
Country
{
    CountryId*
    CountryName
}
```

```
Attraction
{
    AttractionId*
    AttractionName
    CountryId
    CountryName
}
```

Inline Formula in the code of a Procedure object

```
Print Header
```

```
For each Country
```

```
  &AttractionsQuantity = Count(AttractionName)
```

```
  Print Countries
```

```
Endfor
```

Base table of the For Each command: COUNTRY

Table read by the formula: ATTRACTION

Will this formula count the attractions by country or the total number of attractions?

It will count the attractions by country because it is applied an automatic filter by the common attribute *CountryId* (both tables are related).

For Each command

Base Transaction

```
Flight
{
  FlightId*
  FlightDate
  ----
  Seat
  {
    FlightSeatId*
    FlightSeatChar
  }
}
```

For each **Flight**

Endfor

For each **Flight.Seat**

Endfor

Base Transaction

Name of the transaction
whose associated
physical table is to be run
through

Order


```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  -----
}
```

Requirement: A list of all customers in alphabetical order by name.

```
For each Customer order CustomerName
  -----
Endfor
```

Requirement: A list of all customers in descending order by name.

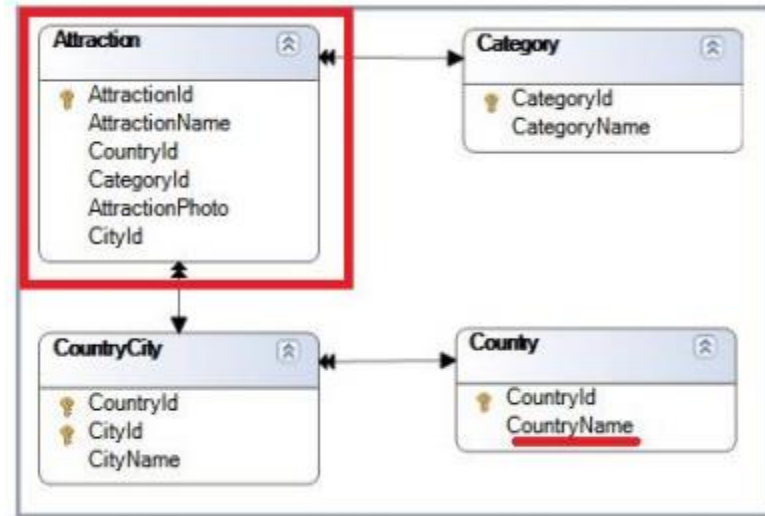
```
For each Customer order (CustomerName)
  -----
Endfor
```



Order

GeneXus allows ordering by the value of an attribute not included in the table being run through, but in its extended table.

```
Print Header
For each Attraction order CountryName
  Print Attractions
Endfor
```



Filters

```
Flight
{
  FlightId*
  FlightDate
  -----
  Seat
  {
    FlightSeatId*
    FlightSeatChar
  }
}
```

```
For each Flight
  Where FlightDate = Today()
  -----
Endfor
```

```
For each Flight.Seat
  Where FlightId = 1
  -----
Endfor
```

Filters

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CustomerAddress
}
```

Index



```
For each Customer order CustomerName
  Where CustomerName >= &NameFrom
  -----
Endfor
```

Warnings

 **spc0038** There is no index for order CustomerName; poor performance may be noticed in group starting at line 2.

Attribute	Order	Description
Customer Indexes		Customer
ICustomer	Primary Key	Automatic Index
CustomerId	Ascending	Customer Id
UCustomerName	Duplicate	User Index
CustomerName	Ascending	Customer Name

The query has been optimized!



For Each command syntax

```
For each BaseTransaction  
  skip expression1 count expression2  
  order att1, att2, ... attn [when condition]  
  order att1, att2, ... attn [when condition]  
  unique att1, att2, ... , attn  
  using DataSelector(parm1, parm2, ... , parmn)  
  where condition [when condition]  
  where condition [when condition]  
  where att IN DataSelector(parm1, parm2, ... , parmn)  
    main code  
When none  
  ...  
Endfor
```

Nested For Each commands + Different base table + Tables NOT related = CARTESIAN PRODUCT

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

```
Room
{
  RoomId*
  RoomName
}
```

Cartesian Product

```
For each Country
  Print Country

  For each Room
    Print Room
  Endfor
Endfor
```

```
1 - Brazil
    RoomA
    RoomB
    RoomC

2 -Uruguay
    RoomA
    RoomB
    RoomC

3 - Argentina
    RoomA
    RoomB
    RoomC

4 - United States
    RoomA
    RoomB
    RoomC
```

Nested For Each commands + Different base table + Related tables = JOIN

```

Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}

      1
      ↓
      N

Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
  
```

Join

```

For each Country
  Print Country
  
```

```

  For each Customer
    Print Customer
  Endfor
  
```

```

Endfor
  
```

1 - Brazil	LUIS JORGE
2 - Uruguay	
3 - Argentina	
4 - United States	ANA

Nested For each commands + Same base table + Related tables = CONTROL BREAK

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

Control Break

```
For each Customer order CountryId
  Print Country
```

```
  For each Customer
    Print Customer
  Endfor
```

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

```
Endfor
```

1 - Brazil

LUIS
JORGE

4 - United States

ANA

Summary

Cartesian Product

```
For each Country
  Print Country
```

```
  For each Room
    Print Room
  Endfor
```

```
Endfor
```

Different tables,
with no relation
between them

Join

```
For each Country
  Print Country
```

```
  For each Customer
    Print Customer
  Endfor
```

```
Endfor
```

Different tables
which are
related

Control Break

```
For each Customer order CountryId
  Print Country
```

```
  For each Customer
    Print Customer
  Endfor
```

```
Endfor
```

Same table,
grouped with order

Summary

Cartesian Product

1 - Brazil	RoomA RoomB RoomC
2 -Uruguay	RoomA RoomB RoomC
3 - Argentina	RoomA RoomB RoomC

*“Both entities are not related;
show all possibilities for each
country”*

Join

1 - Brazil	LUIS JORGE
2 - Uruguay	
3 - Argentina	
4 - United States	ANA

*“All countries and their
customers, regardless if they
have customers or not”*

Control Break

1 - Brazil	LUIS JORGE
4 - United States	ANA

*“Only those countries that
have customers”*

Communication between objects

Example: sending parameters

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

For example, in the Rules of the Country trn:

```
CustomerList(CountryId) on AfterComplete;
```



```
CustomerList
```

```
Parm(in: &CountryId);
```

```
For each Customer
  Where CountryId = &CountryId
```

```
-----
Endfor
```

Variable
Explicit filter

Example: sending parameters

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

```
Customer
{
  CustomerId*
  CustomerName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

For example, in the Rules of the Country trn :

```
CustomerList(CountryId) on AfterComplete;
```



```
CustomerList
```

```
Parm(in: CountryId);
```

```
For each Customer
```

```
Where CountryId = &CountryId
```

```
-----
```

```
Endfor
```

Attribute
Implicit filter

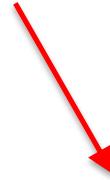
Example: returning a value

```
Country  
(  
  CountryId*  
  CountryName  
)
```

```
Customer  
(  
  CustomerId*  
  CustomerName  
  CountryId  
  CountryName  
)
```

For example, in the Rules of the Customer trn:

```
&Control = CustomerControl(CustomerId);
```



CustomerControl

```
Parm(in: &CustomerId, out: &Control);
```

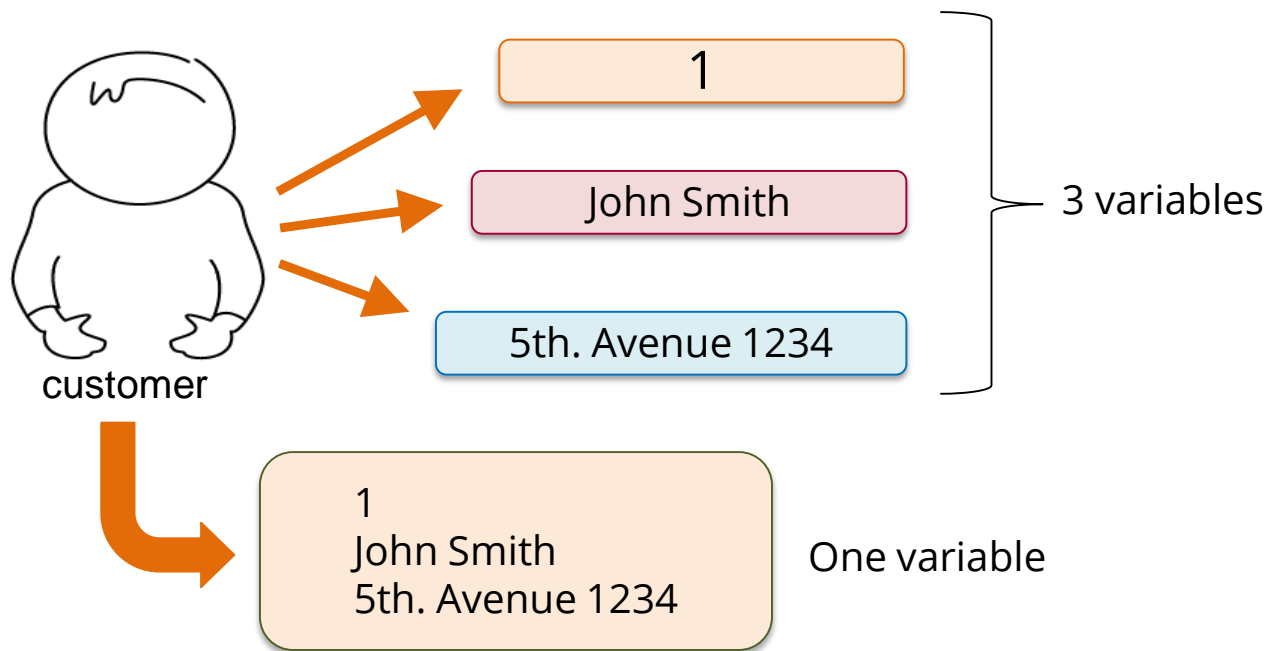
```
For each Customer  
  Where CustomerId = &CustomerId
```

```
  &Control = True
```

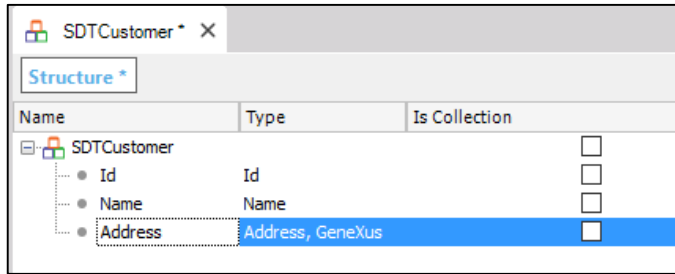
```
Endfor
```

Structured Data Types

Concept



Definition



Name	Type	Is Collection
SDTCustomer		<input type="checkbox"/>
• Id	Id	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Name	Name	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Address	Address, GeneXus	<input type="checkbox"/>

Structured Data Type object



customer



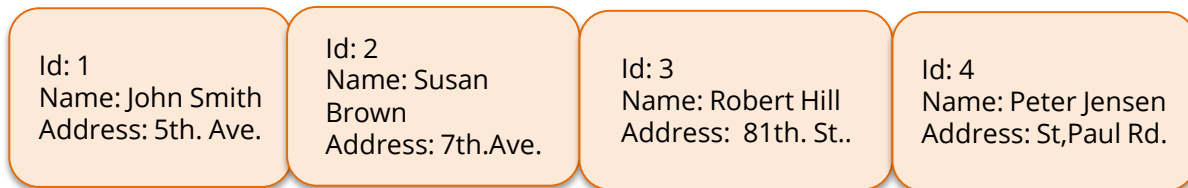
&OneCustomer: SDTCustomer

```
&OneCustomer.Id = 1  
&OneCustomer.Name = 'John Smith'  
&OneCustomer.Address = '5th. Avenue 1234'
```


Data Providers



SDTCustomer



↑
Customer Collection

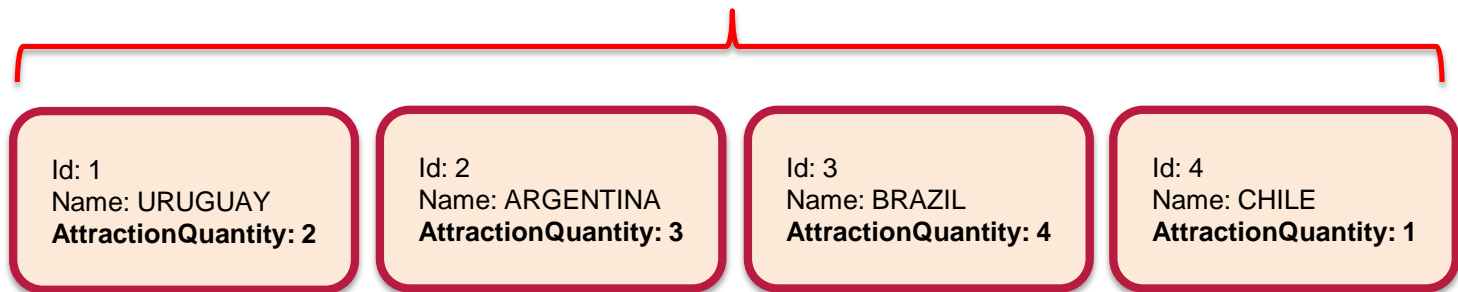
Example: Ranking of attractions per country

Country	Number of attractions
BRAZIL	4
ARGENTINA	3
URUGUAY	2
CHILE	1
....	
...	

Example: Ranking of attractions per country

SDTCountries

A collection of countries



Example: Ranking of attractions per country

Country

```
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

Attraction

```
{
  AttractionId*
  AttractionName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

Name	Type	Is Collection
SDTCountries		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
SDTCountriesItem		
Id	Id	<input type="checkbox"/>
Name	Name	<input type="checkbox"/>
CountryAttractionsQuantity	Numeric(4.0)	<input type="checkbox"/>

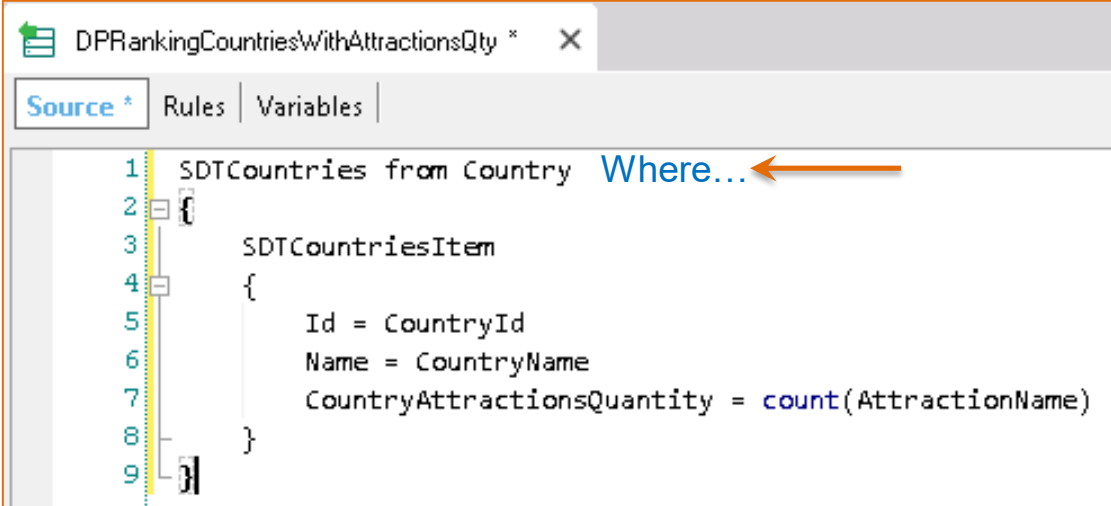
```

1 SDTCountries from Country
2 {
3   SDTCountriesItem
4   {
5     Id = CountryId
6     Name = CountryName
7     CountryAttractionsQuantity = count(AttractionName)
8   }
9 }

```

Output	
Infer Structure	No
Output	SDTCountries
Collection	False

Example: Ranking of attractions per country



The screenshot shows a window titled "DPRankingCountriesWithAttractionsQty *". The "Source" tab is active, displaying the following code:

```
1 SDTCountries from Country Where... ←
2 {
3   SDTCountriesItem
4   {
5     Id = CountryId
6     Name = CountryName
7     CountryAttractionsQuantity = count(AttractionName)
8   }
9 }
```

An orange arrow points to the "Where..." text in line 1, indicating a filter or condition to be applied to the data source.

Example: Ranking of attractions per country

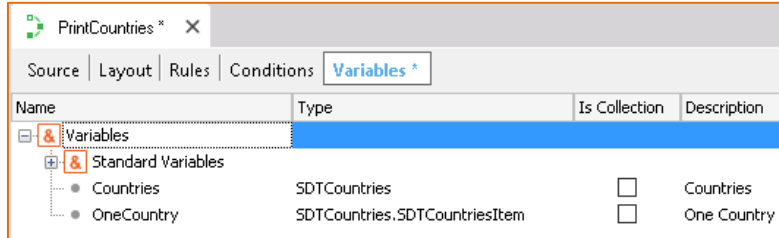
```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

```
Attraction
{
  AttractionId*
  AttractionName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```

Country	Number of attractions
BRAZIL	4
ARGENTINA	3
URUGUAY	2
CHILE	1



```
PrintCountries *
Source *
Subroutines
1 &Countries = DPRankingCountriesWithAttractionsQty()
2 &Countries.Sort("[CountryAttractionsQuantity]")
3
4 Print Title
5
6 For &OneCountry in &Countries
7   print Country
8 Endfor
9
```



Name	Type	Is Collection	Description
&Variables		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Standard Variables		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Countries	SDTCountries	<input type="checkbox"/>	Countries
OneCountry	SDTCountries.SDTCountriesItem	<input type="checkbox"/>	One Country

Collection Variables

&numbers

Name	Type	Is Collection	Description
& Variables			
+ & Standard Variables			
numbers	Numeric(4.0)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	numbers

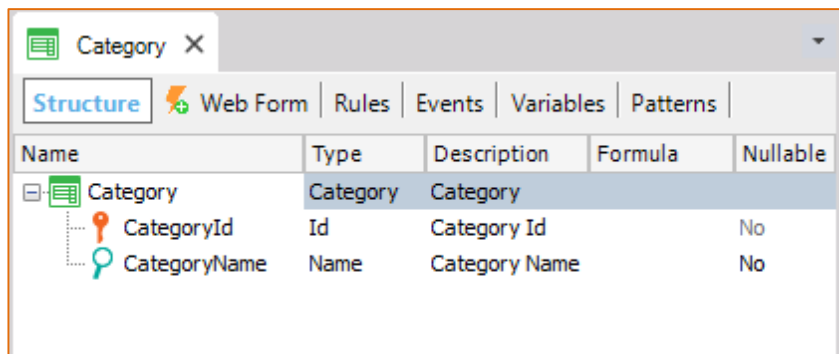
Name	Type	Description	Is Collection
SDTCountry		SDTCountry	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Id	Numeric(4.0)	Id	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Name	Character(20)	Name	<input type="checkbox"/>

&Countries

Name	Type	Is Collection	Description
& Variables			
+ & Standard Variables			
Countries	SDTCountry	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Countries

Business Components

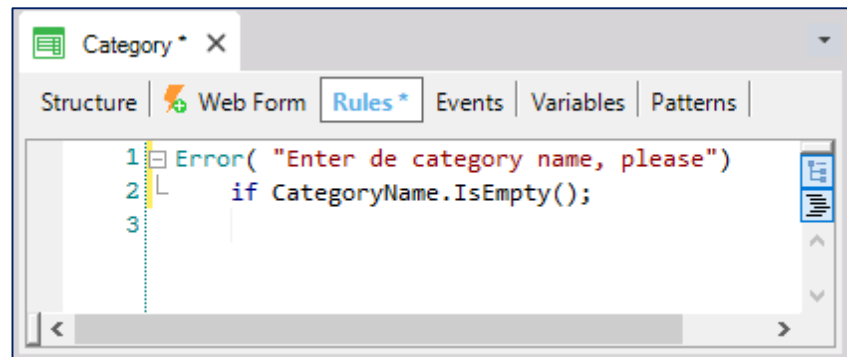
Concept: special data type based on a transaction



Category X

Structure Web Form Rules Events Variables Patterns

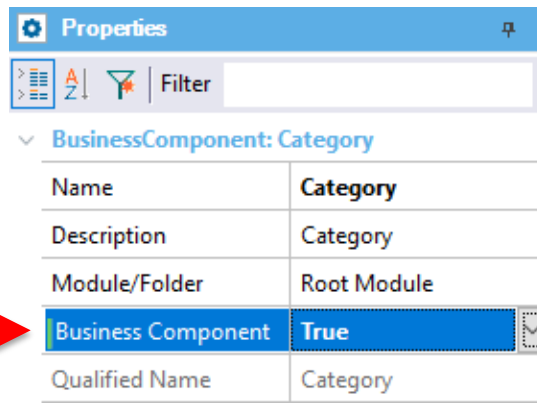
Name	Type	Description	Formula	Nullable
Category	Category	Category		
CategoryId	Id	Category Id		No
CategoryName	Name	Category Name		No



Category * X

Structure Web Form Rules * Events Variables Patterns

```
1 Error( "Enter de category name, please")
2   if CategoryName.IsEmpty();
3
```



Properties

Filter

BusinessComponent: Category

Name	Category
Description	Category
Module/Folder	Root Module
Business Component	True
Qualified Name	Category

Concept: special data type based on a transaction

Web Form | Rules | Events | Conditions | **Variables**

Name	Type
Variables	
Standard Variables	
Category	Category

Variable: &Category

Name	Category
Description	Category
Column title	Category
Class	Attribute

[Help](#)

Type Definition

Based on	(none)
Data Type	Category
Collection	
Initial value	
Validation	
Value range	
Validation Failed Message	
Control Info	
Control Type	
Input Type	

- Image
- LongVarChar
- Numeric
- VarChar
- Video
- Extended Types
- Structured Data Types
- Business Components**
- Airline
- Attraction
- Category**
- Country
- Country.City
- External Objects

Properties

Filter

BusinessComponent: **Category**

Name	Category
Description	Category
Module/Folder	Root Module
Business Component	True
Qualified Name	Category

Examples: insertion and modification

```
Category
{
 CategoryId*
  CategoryName
}
```

Insert



```
Source * | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables * |
Subroutines
1 &Category.CategoryId = 1
2 &Category.CategoryName = "Tourist site"
3 &Category.Save()
4 commit
```

Update



```
Source * | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables * |
Subroutines
1 &Category.Load(1)
2 &Category.CategoryName = "New site"
3 &Category.Save()
4 commit
```

Example: deletion

```
Category  
{  
  CategoryId*  
  CategoryName  
}
```

Delete



The screenshot shows a code editor window with a tab labeled 'Source *'. The editor has a menu bar with 'Layout', 'Rules', 'Conditions', and 'Variables *'. Below the menu bar is a dropdown menu labeled 'Subroutines'. The main area of the editor contains the following code:

```
1  &Category.Load(1)  
2  &Category.Delete()  
3  commit
```

Insert and Update Methods

```
Category
{
  CategoryId*
  CategoryName
}
```

Insert



```
Source * | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables * |
Subroutines
1  &Category.CategoryId = 1
2  &Category.CategoryName = "Tourist site"
3  &Category.Insert()
4  commit
```

Update



```
Source * | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables * |
Subroutines
1  &Category.CategoryId = 1
2  &Category.CategoryName = "Tourist site"
3  &Category.Update()
4  commit
```

InsertOrUpdate Method

Category

```
{  
  CategoryId*  
  CategoryName  
}
```

InsertOrUpdate



```
Source * | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables * |  
Subroutines ▾  
1 &Category.CategoryId = 2  
2 &Category.CategoryName = "Tourist site"  
3 &Category.InsertOrUpdate()  
4 commit
```


Insert / Update in two-level transaction

Name	Type	Descript..	Formula
Customer	Customer	Customer	
CustomerId	Numeric(4,0)	Custom...	
CustomerName	Character(20)	Custom...	
CustomerLastName	Character(20)	Custom...	
CustomerAddress	Address, GeneXus	Custom...	
CustomerPhone	Phone, GeneXus	Custom...	
CustomerEMail	Email, GeneXus	Custom...	
CustomerAddedDate	Date	Custom...	
CustomerMiles	Numeric(4,0)	Custom...	sum(CustomerTripMiles)
CustomerFreeTrips	Numeric(4,0)	Custom...	count(TripId, TripIsFree=True)
Trip	Trip	Trip	
TripId	Id	Trip Id	
TripDate	Date	Trip Date	
CountryId	Id	Country Id	
CityId	Id	City Id	
CityName	Name	City Name	
TripIsFree	Numeric(4,0)	Trip Is F...	
CustomerTripMiles	Numeric(4,0)	Custom...	

Insert

Application Name

Recents Customer Trips

Customer:

Trip:

Event 'Add Trip'

```
&customer.Load(&CustomerId)
&customerTrip = new()
&customerTrip.TripId = &TripId
&customerTrip.CustomerTripMiles = 500
&customer.Trip.Add(&customerTrip)
&customer.Save()
```

Commit

Endevent

Insert / Update in two-level transaction

Insert

Name	Type	Descript..	Formula
Customer	Customer	Customer	
CustomerId	Numeric(4,0)	Custome...	
CustomerName	Character(20)	Custome...	
CustomerLastName	Character(20)	Custome...	
CustomerAddress	Address, GeneXus	Custome...	
CustomerPhone	Phone, GeneXus	Custome...	
CustomerEMail	Email, GeneXus	Custome...	
CustomerAddedDate	Date	Custome...	
CustomerMiles	Numeric(4,0)	Custome...	sum(CustomerTripMiles)
CustomerFreeTrips	Numeric(4,0)	Custome...	count(TripId, TripIsFree=True)
Trip	Trip	Trip	
TripId	Id	Trip Id	
TripDate	Date	Trin Date	
CountryId	Id		
CityId	Id		
CityName	Name		
TripIsFree	Numeric(4,0)		
CustomerTripMiles	Numeric(4,0)		

Application Name

Recents Customer Trips

Customer:

Trip:

Event 'Increase miles by 10%'

```

&customer.Load(&CustomerId)
&customerTrip = &customer.Trip.GetByKey(&TripId)
&customerTrip.CustomerTripMiles = &customerTrip.CustomerTripMiles *1.10
&customer.Save()
Commit

```

Endevent

Insert / Update in two-level transaction

Name	Type	Descript..	Formula
Customer	Customer	Customer	
CustomerId	Numeric(4.0)	Custome...	
CustomerName	Character(20)	Custome...	
CustomerLastName	Character(20)	Custome...	
CustomerAddress	Address, GeneXus	Custome...	
CustomerPhone	Phone, GeneXus	Custome...	
CustomerEMail	Email, GeneXus	Custome...	
CustomerAddedDate	Date	Custome...	
CustomerMiles	Numeric(4.0)	Custome...	sum(CustomerTripMiles)
CustomerFreeTrips	Numeric(4.0)	Custome...	count(TripId, TripIsFree=True)
Trip	Trip	Trip	
TripId	Id	Trip Id	
TripDate	Date	Trip Date	
CountryId	Id	Country Id	
CityId	Id	City Id	
CityName	Name	City Name	
TripIsFree	Numeric(4.0)	Trip Is F...	
CustomerTripMiles	Numeric(4.0)	Custome...	

Insert

Application Name

Recents Customer Trips

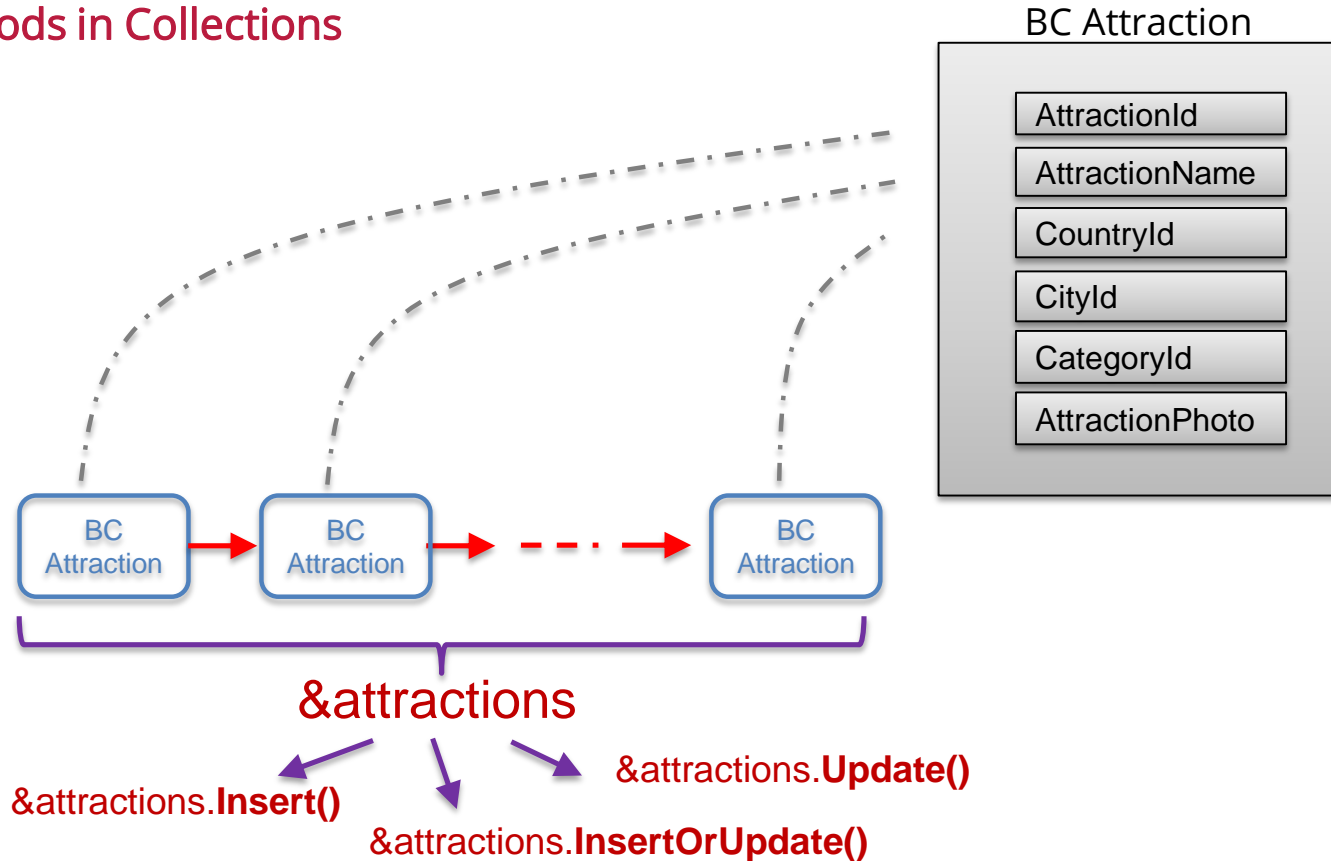
Customer:

Trip:

```

Event 'Delete Trip'
    &customer.Load(&CustomerId)
    &customer.Trip.RemoveByKey(&TripId)
    &customer.Save()
    Commit
Endevent
  
```

Methods in Collections



Insert / Update / InsertOrUpdate

Using the methods *Insert*, *Update* and *InsertOrUpdate* is recommended because:

- When the *Load* and *Save* methods are used to make changes, the database is accessed twice, which reduces performance. With the *Update* or *InsertOrUpdate* methods, the database is accessed only once.
- The names of these new methods are self-explanatory about their purpose.

Error handling working with BC

For each Business Component variable, a collection is loaded in memory with all the warning or error messages resulting from operations.

```

Source | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables | Help |
Subroutines
1 &Country.CountryName = "Brasil"
2 &Country.Save()
3
4 &Messages = &Country.GetMessages() ←
5
6 For &oneMessage in &Messages ←
7     msg(&oneMessage.Description)
8 Endfor
  
```

Messages [Read-only] X

Structure

Name	Type
Messages	
Message	
• Id	VarChar(128)
• Type	MessageTypes, GeneXus
• Description	VarChar(256)

Source | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables | Help | Documentation

Name	Type	Is Collection
& Variables		
+ & Standard Variables		
• Country	Country	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Messages	Messages, GeneXus.Common	<input type="checkbox"/>
• oneMessage	Messages.Message, GeneXus.Common	<input type="checkbox"/>

Data Population

Transaction

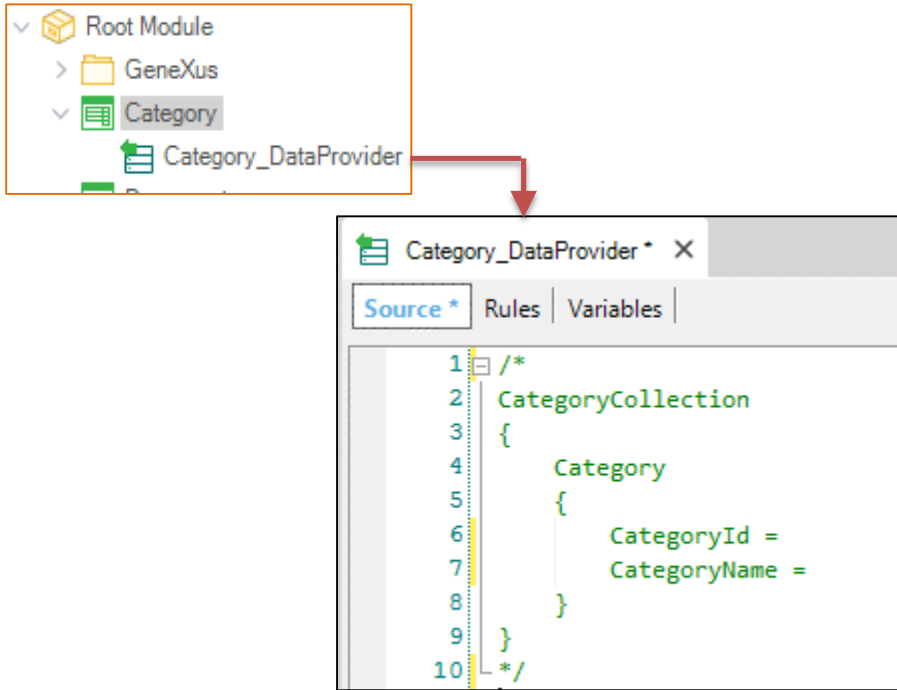
Initializing data automatically

GeneXus makes it easy to define the data used to populate the physical tables that are created associated with transactions, so as to avoid resorting to other means to load data.

Name	Type	Description
Category	Category	Category
CategoryId	Id	Category Id
CategoryName	Name	Category Name

Data	
Data Provider	True
Used to	Populate data
Update Policy	Updatable

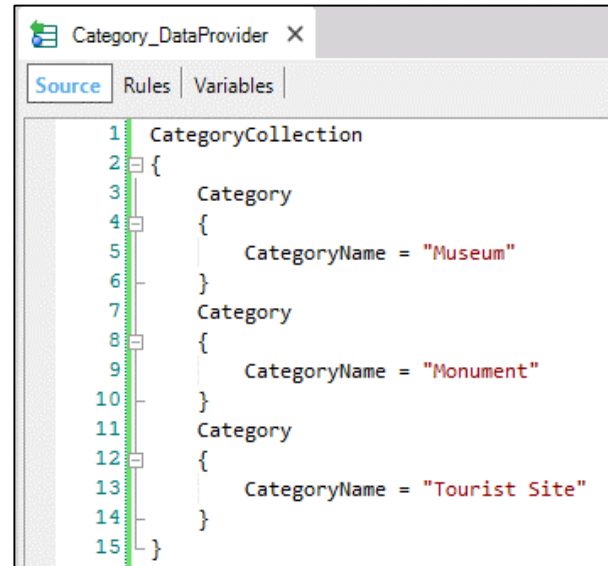
Initializing data



The screenshot shows the GeneXus project explorer on the left, with a red arrow pointing from the 'Category_DataProvider' folder to the source code editor on the right. The source code editor displays the following code:

```
1 /*
2 CategoryCollection
3 {
4     Category
5     {
6         CategoryId =
7         CategoryName =
8     }
9 }
10 */
```

The CategoryId is not loaded
because it has been set as autoincremented



The screenshot shows the source code editor for 'Category_DataProvider' with the 'Source' tab selected. The code is as follows:

```
1 CategoryCollection
2 {
3     Category
4     {
5         CategoryName = "Museum"
6     }
7     Category
8     {
9         CategoryName = "Monument"
10    }
11    Category
12    {
13        CategoryName = "Tourist Site"
14    }
15 }
```

























A red arrow points from the text above to the 'CategoryId' field in the first 'Category' block of the code.

Initializing data: Read-only

Country

```
{  
  CountryId*  
  CountryName  
}
```

▼ Data	
Data Provider	True
Used to	Populate data
Update Policy	Read Only

 United States
 Brazil
 Mexico
 Colombia
 Argentina
 Canada
 Peru
 Venezuela
 Chile
 Ecuador
 Guatemala
 Cuba
 Haiti
 Bolivia
 Dominican Republic
 Honduras
 Paraguay
 Nicaragua
 El Salvador
 Costa Rica
 Panama
 Puerto Rico
 Uruguay
 Jamaica
 Trinidad and Tobago

Data Population

Business Components and Data Providers

Example

Country

```
{
  CountryId* ← Autonumber = True
  CountryName
}
```

Web Form | Rules | Events | Conditions | Variables

<No action group selected>

MainTable

Initialize Countries

Web Form | Rules | Events | Conditions | Variables

Events

```
1 Event 'Initialize Countries'
2   &Countries = DPCountries()
3   &Countries.Insert()
4   commit
5 Endevent
```

Source | Rules | Variables

```
1 Country
2 {
3   CountryName = "Uruguay"
4 }
5 Country
6 {
7   CountryName = "Argentina"
8 }
9 Country
10 {
11   CountryName = "Brazil"
12 }
```

Output

Infer Structure	No
Output	Country
Collection	True
Collection Name	Countries

Web Form | Rules | Events | Conditions | Variables

Name	Type	Is Collection	Description
Variables			
Standard Variables			
Countries	Country	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Countries

Data Population with Procedures New / For Each / Delete Commands

Notes

The commands New / For Each / Delete allow inserting, updating and deleting data from the database, but only can be used in Procedures

Even though the following commands allow inserting, updating and deleting data from the database, using a Business Component is recommended because they:

- Control referential integrity
- Trigger the rules declared in the transaction

Insertion – NEW Command

```
Category  
{  
  CategoryId*  
  CategoryName  
}
```

```
New  
  CategoryId = 5  
  CategoryName = "Tourist Site"  
Endnew
```

```
New  
  CategoryName = "Tourist Site"  
Endnew
```



If the attribute is autonumbered it doesn't have to be inserted

Modification / FOR EACH Command

Category

```
{
  CategoryId*
  CategoryName
}
```

```
For each Attraction
Where CityName = "Beijing" and CategoryName = "Monument"
  CategoryId = find( CategoryId, CategoryName = "Tourist site")
Endfor
```

Country

```
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
  City
  {
    CityId*
    CityName
  }
}
```

Attraction

```
{
  AttractionId*
  AttractionName
  CategoryId
  CategoryName
  CountryId
  CountryName
  CityId
  CityName
}
```


Deletion – DELETE Command

Attraction

```
{  
  AttractionId*  
  AttractionName  
  CategoryId  
  CategoryName  
  CountryId  
  CountryName  
  CityId  
  CityName  
}
```

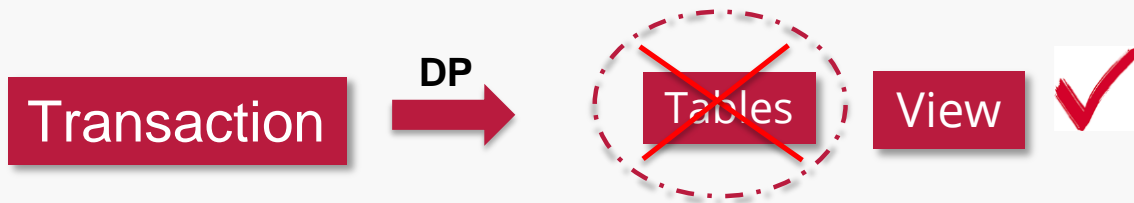
```
For each Attraction  
  Delete  
Endfor
```

Dynamic Transactions

Dynamic Transactions

1. Data Provider: True
2. Used to: Retrieve data
3. Update Policy: - Read Only
- Updatable

Data	
Data Provider	True
Used to	Retrieve data
Update Policy	Read Only



Dynamic Transactions to retrieve data






- In the Data Provider, we need to indicate what data we want to retrieve
- A dynamic transaction can be referenced as Base Trn






Data	
Data Provider	True
Used to	Retrieve data <input type="button" value="v"/>
Update Policy	Read Only

Example 1: Data join

A company sells products and provides services.

A list is to be issued containing everything that the company offers in alphabetical order.

Name	Type
  Product	Product
 ProductID	Id
 ProductDescription	Description
 ProductStock	Numeric(4.0)

Name	Type
  Service	Service
 ServiceId	Id
 ServiceDescription	Description
 ServiceHoursDuration	Numeric(4.0)

Example: DataProvider generated

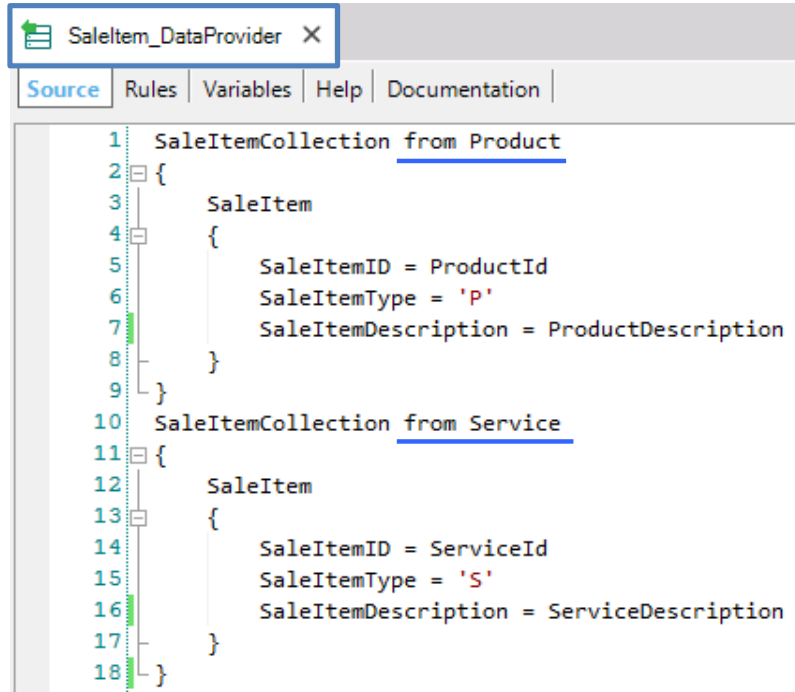
Name	Type
[-] SaleItem	SaleItem
SaleItemId	Id
SaleItemType	Character(1)
SaleItemDescription	Character(20)

Data	
Data Provider	True
Used to	Retrieve data



```
SaleItem_DataProvider X
Source | Rules | Variables | Help | Documentation
1  /*
2  SaleItemCollection
3  {
4      SaleItem
5      {
6          SaleItemId =
7          SaleItemType =
8          SaleItemDescription =
9      }
10 }
11 */
```

Example: DataProvider



```
1  SaleItemCollection from Product
2  {
3      SaleItem
4      {
5          SaleItemID = ProductId
6          SaleItemType = 'P'
7          SaleItemDescription = ProductDescription
8      }
9  }
10 SaleItemCollection from Service
11 {
12     SaleItem
13     {
14         SaleItemID = ServiceId
15         SaleItemType = 'S'
16         SaleItemDescription = ServiceDescription
17     }
18 }
```

Example: SaleItem specification

Table SaleItem specification

Table name: [SaleItem](#)

SaleItem is dynamic transaction

Table Structure

Attribute	Definition	Previous values	Takes value from
SaleItemId	Numeric (4) Not null		
SaleItemType	Character (1) Not null		
SaleItemDescription	Character (20) Not null		

Statements

```
CREATE VIEW [SaleItem]
```


Example: PDF list

Sale Items

Air conditioner repairation	S	1
Alignement and balancing	S	4
Brakes check	S	2
Engine check	S	3
Filters	P	2
Injector cleanup	S	5
Lamps	P	3
Oil	P	1

ReportSaleItemsAlphabetically X

Source | Layout | Rules | Conditions | Variables | Help | Documentation

Subroutines

```
1 Print Title
2 For each SaleItem order SaleItemDescription
3   Print SaleItem
4 endfor
5
```

SaleItem

SaleItemDescription	SaleItemType	SaleItemID
---------------------	--------------	------------

Example 2: Modeling reality



- Products → stock > 1000
- Services → < 10 contrataciones

Name	Type
Promotion	Promotion
PromotionId	Id
PromotionType	Type
PromotionDescription	Description

Data

Data Provider	True
Used to	Retrieve data

```

Promotion_DataProvider X
Source Rules Variables Help Documentation
1 PromotionCollection from Product
2   where ProductStock > 1000
3 {
4   Promotion
5   {
6     PromotionId = ProductId
7     PromotionType = 'P'
8     PromotionDescription = ProductDescription
9   }
10 }
12 PromotionCollection from Service
13   where Count(InvoiceLineQuantity, SaleItemType='S' and SaleItemID=ServiceId) < 10
14 {
15   Promotion
16   {
17     PromotionId = ServiceId
18     PromotionType = 'S'
19     PromotionDescription = ServiceDescription
20   }
21 }
  
```

Promotions X

Web Form | Rules | Events | Conditions | Variables | Help | Documentation

<No action group selected>

MainTable | Image1

PROMO 50 %

Promotion Type &PromotionType ▾

GRID

Promotion Description

PromotionDescription

Conditions

PromotionType=&PromotionType when &PromotionType <> 'A';

Recents Promotions



Promotion Type

All ▾

Services

Products

All

Promotion Description

Oil

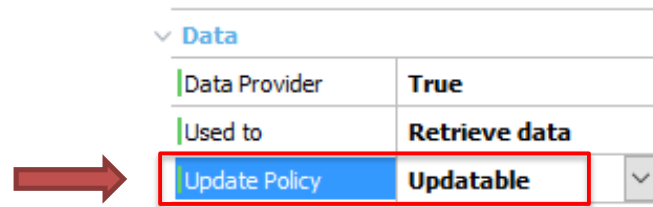
Air conditioner repairation

Lamps

Dynamic Transactions to update data

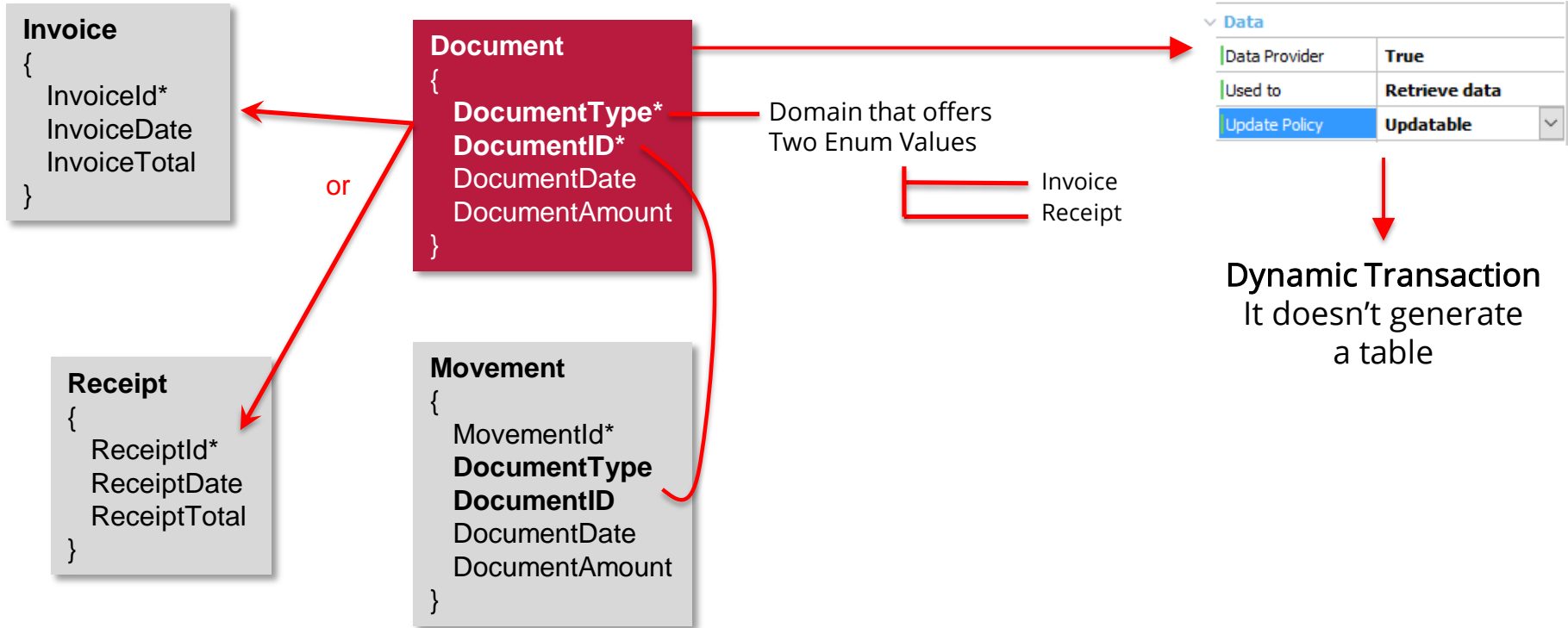


How do we update data if we don't have a table associated with the transaction?

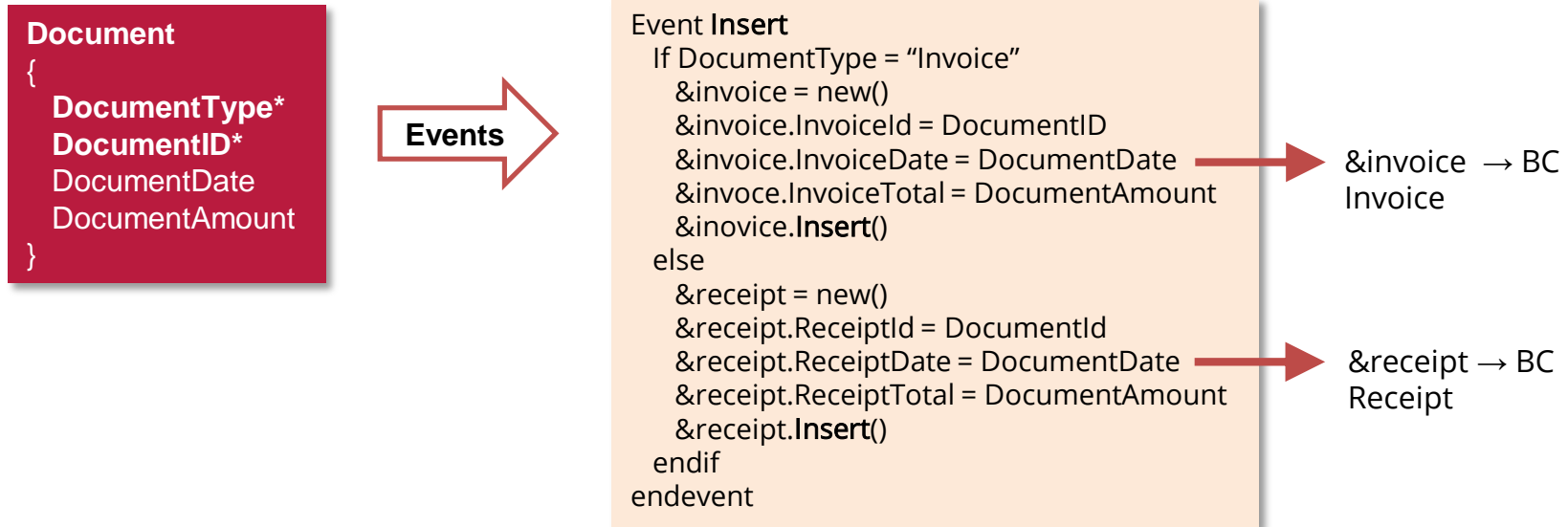


```
1  Event Insert
2      //code
3  -Endevent
4
5  Event Update
6      //code
7  -Endevent
8
9  Event Delete
10     //code
11 -Endevent
```

The developer will have to program the events **Insert**, **Update** and **Delete**.



Example 3: Using Dynamic Transactions to update data

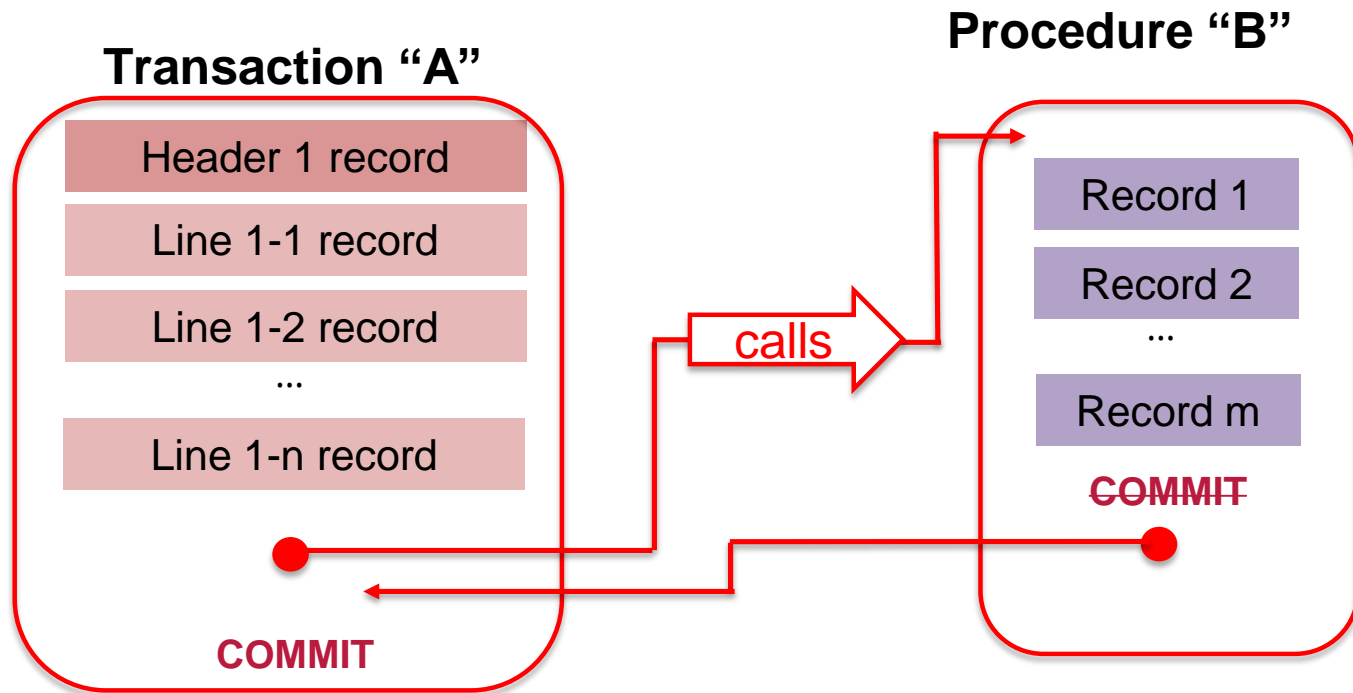


Transactional Integrity

Concepts

- A set of updates to the database has **transactional integrity** when in case of an “abnormal” termination the database remains in a **consistent state**.
- **Consistency** at this point is determined by Logical Work Units (LWU): operations on the database performed between two **Commit** operations.
- **Transactions and Procedures** → At the end, GeneXus automatically writes the **Commit** command in the generated programs. The object can be disabled through the **Commit on Exit** (“Yes”, “No”) property of the object.
- **Business Component** → GeneXus doesn't write the **Commit**.

Customizing LUWs



B (parm₁, ... , parm_n) on BeforeComplete;

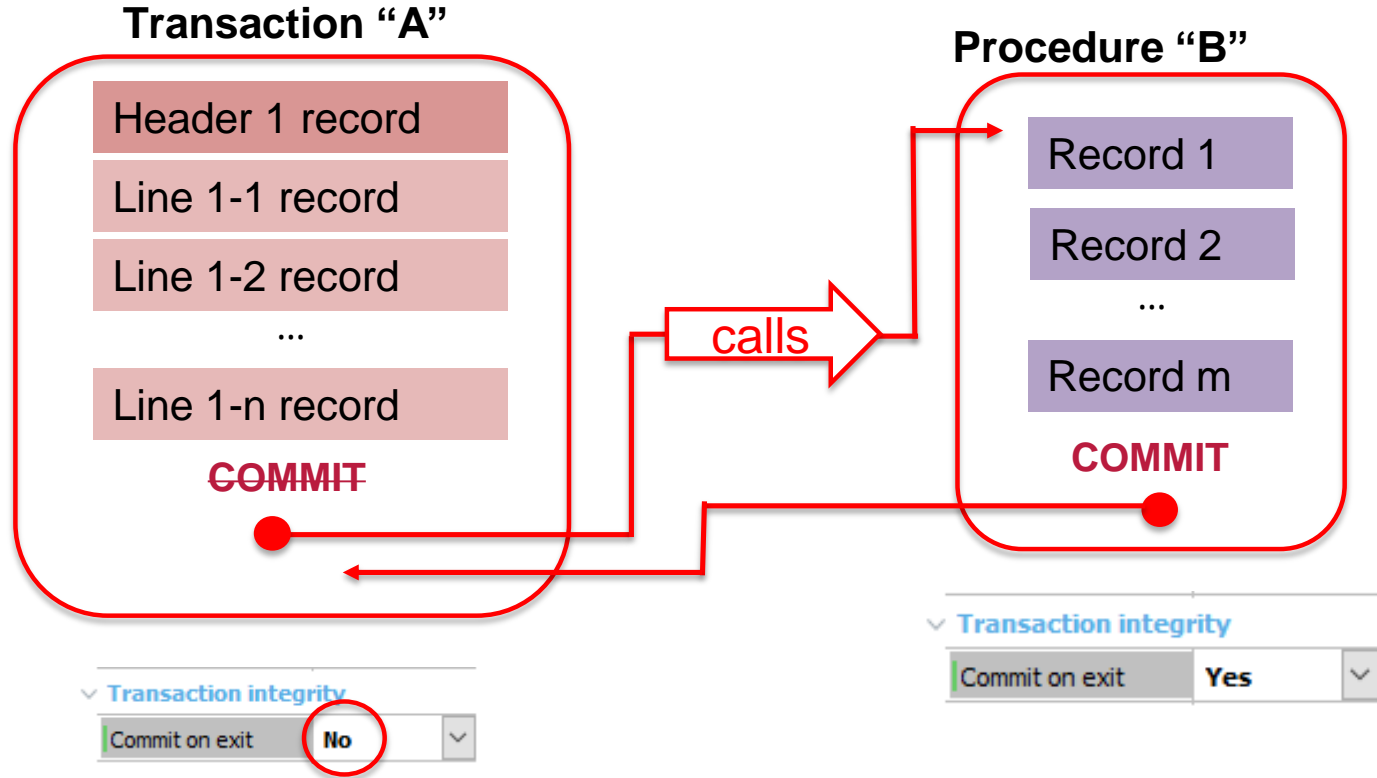
Transaction integrity

Commit on exit Yes

Transaction integrity

Commit on exit No

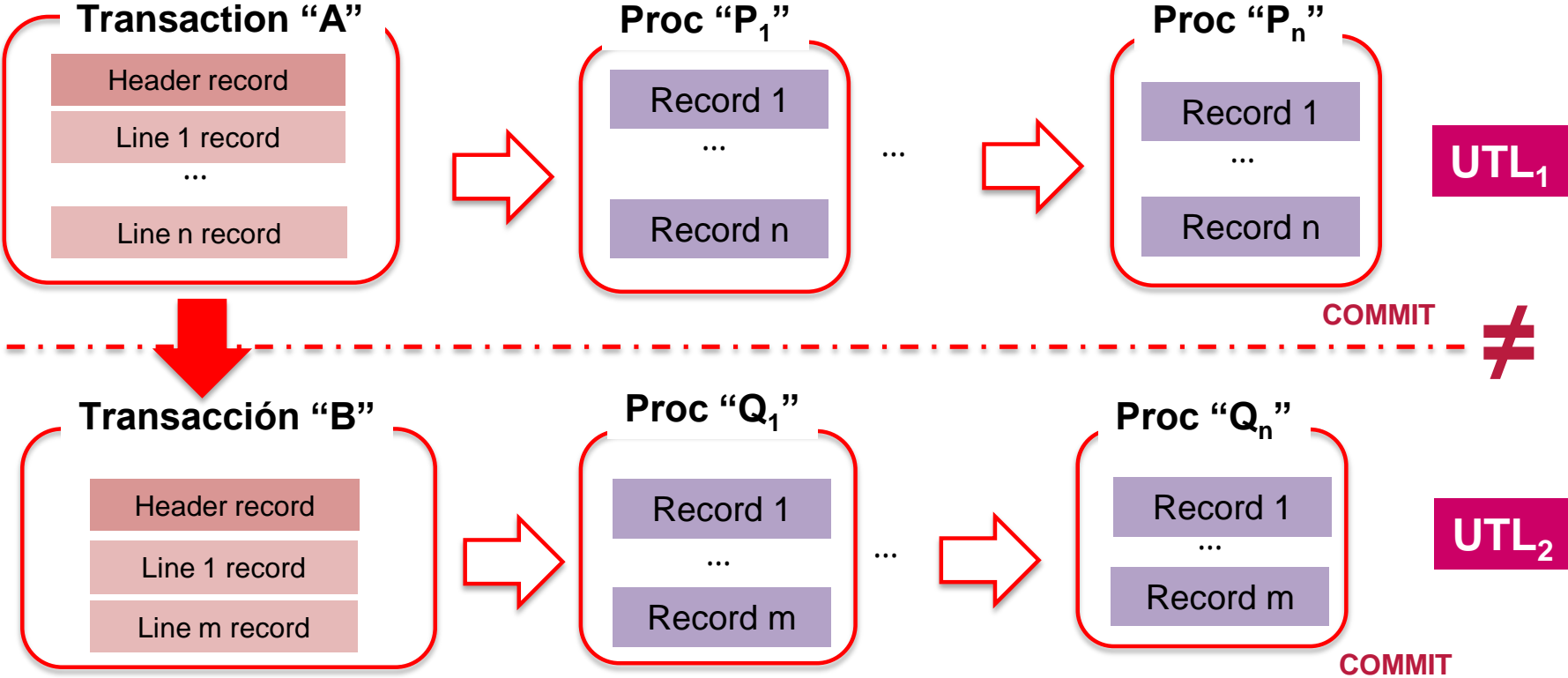
Customizing LUWs



B (parm₁, ... , parm_n) on AfterComplete;

Customizing LUWs

Transaction may only commit its records and those of procedures in a chain of invocations: NOT the records of another transaction:



Web Panels

Web Panel without a grid, with variables in the form

The screenshot shows a web form titled "EnterAttractionsFilter" with a "Web Form" tab selected. The form contains the following elements:

- Country Id:
- Attraction Name From:
- Attraction Name To:
- List Attractions By Country:
- List Attractions By Name:

A red bracket on the right side of the form indicates that the variables (&CountryId, &AttractionNameFrom, &AttractionNameTo) are input variables, not read-only.

Variables: **input**
(not read-only)

Web Panel without a grid, with attributes in the form

Parm(in: AttractionId);

The screenshot shows a web panel window titled "ViewAttractionFromScratch". The window has a menu bar with "Web Form", "Rules", "Events", "Conditions", and "Variables". Below the menu bar, there is a status bar that says "<No action group selected>". The main content area contains a form with five input fields: "Id" (with value "AttractionId"), "Name" (with value "AttractionName"), "Country Name" (with value "CountryName"), "Category Name" (with value "CategoryName"), and "City Name" (with value "CityName"). To the right of the form is a vertical scroll bar. A red bracket is drawn around the scroll bar, pointing to the text "Only one record is loaded". A database icon is positioned between the form and the scroll bar.

Only **one** record is loaded

Grid: WITH BASE TABLE

The screenshot shows a web form editor window titled "WWAttractionsFromScratch". The form contains several input fields: "Country Id" with a dropdown menu, "Attraction Name From", and "Attraction Name To". Below these is a grid control. The grid is connected to a database icon, and a red line indicates the data source. The grid has four columns: "Id", "Attraction Name", "Country", and "Photo".

Id	Attraction Name	Country	Photo
AttractionId	AttractionName	CountryName	

The Properties window shows the configuration for the Grid control. The "Base Trn" property is set to "Attraction". The "Appearance" section shows the "Class" is "Grid" and "Auto Resize" is "True".

Property	Value
Control Name	Grid1
Collection	
Base Trn	Attraction
Order	
Conditions	
Data Selector	(none)
Class	Grid
Custom Render	
Empty Grid Text	
Auto Resize	True
Width	
Height	
Rows	0
Tooltip Text	

Base Transaction

The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface for a web form named 'AttractionsByName'. The interface is divided into three main sections:

- Web Form (Left):** Shows a form with three input fields: 'Country Id' (with a dropdown arrow), 'Attraction Name From', and 'Attraction Name To'. Below these fields is a grid control labeled 'GRID'. The grid has four columns: 'Id' (with a sub-label 'AttractionId'), 'Attraction Name' (with a sub-label 'AttractionName'), 'Country' (with a sub-label 'CountryName'), and 'Photo' (with a small image icon).
- Source Code (Middle):** Shows the following code in the 'Subroutines' view:

```
1 print Title
2 print ColumnTitles
3 For each Attraction and CountryName
4 where AttractionName = &AttractionNameFrom
5 where AttractionName = &AttractionNameTo
6 print Attractions
7 endfor
```

Lines 3, 4, and 5 are highlighted with a red box. A red arrow points from this box to the 'Attraction' column in the grid, with an equals sign (=) next to the arrow's tail.
- Properties Panel (Right):** Shows the 'Properties' window for 'Grid: Grid1'. The 'Collection' property is set to 'Attraction', and the 'Base Trn' property is highlighted with a red box.

Order

The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface with three main panels:

- Web Form:** Shows a form with fields for "Country Id" (dropdown), "Attraction Name From" (text), and "Attraction Name To" (text). Below these is a grid named "GRID" with columns: "Id" (AttractionId), "Attraction Name" (AttractionName), "Country" (CountryName), and "Photo" (image icon).
- Source:** Contains the following code:

```
1 print Title
2 print ColumnTitles
3 For each Attraction order CountryName
4   print AttractionName
5   print AttractionName
6   print Attractions
7 endfor
```
- Properties:** Shows the "Grid: Grid1" properties. The "Order" property is highlighted in blue. A red arrow points from this property to the "Grid1's Order" dialog box.

The "Grid1's Order" dialog box is open, showing a list with "CountryName" selected. The dialog has "OK" and "Cancel" buttons.

Grid: WITH BASE TABLE

WWAttractionsFromScratch * x

Web Form * Rules Events Conditions Variables

<No action group selected>

MainTable Grid1

Country Id &CountryId v

Attraction Name From &AttractionNameFrom

Attraction Name To &AttractionNameTo

GRID

Id	Attraction Name	Country	Photo
AttractionId	AttractionName	CountryName	

Grid's Conditions

CountryId = &CountryId when not &CountryId.IsEmpty();

OK Cancel

Properties

General Class

Filter

Grid: Grid1

Control Name	Grid1
Collection	
Base Trn	Attraction
Order	CountryName
Conditions	CountryId = &CountryId; ...
Data Selector	(none)

Appearance

Grid

True

Height

Rows 0

Tooltip Text

Layout

Filter conditions

The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface with three main components: a web form, a source code editor, and a properties panel.

Web Form: Shows a form with three input fields: "Country Id" (with a dropdown menu), "Attraction Name From", and "Attraction Name To". Below these is a grid control labeled "GRID".

Source Code: The code editor shows the following logic:

```
1 print Title
2 print ColumnTitles
3 For each Attraction order CountryName
4   where CountryId = &CountryId
5   print Attractions
6 endfor
```

Properties Panel: The "Grid: Grid1" section is expanded, showing the following properties:

Control Name	Grid1
Collection	
Base Trn	Attraction
Order	CountryName
Conditions	CountryId = &CountryId; ...
Data Selector	(none)

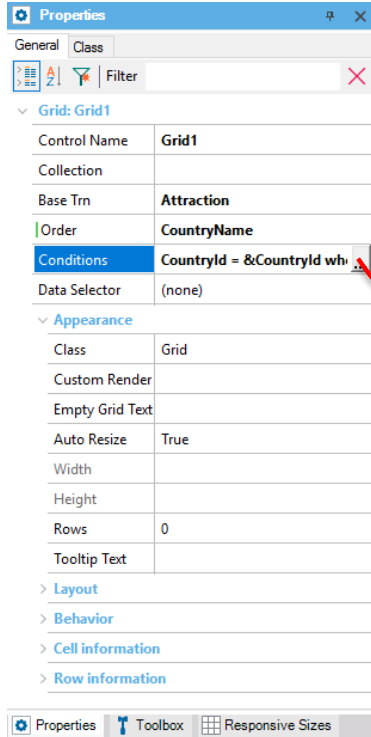
The "Conditions" property is highlighted with a red box, and a red arrow points from the "where" clause in the source code to this property.

Grid Appearance: The "Appearance" section shows the following properties:

Class	Grid
Custom Render	
Empty Grid Text	
Auto Resize	True
Width	
Height	
Rows	0
Tooltip Text	

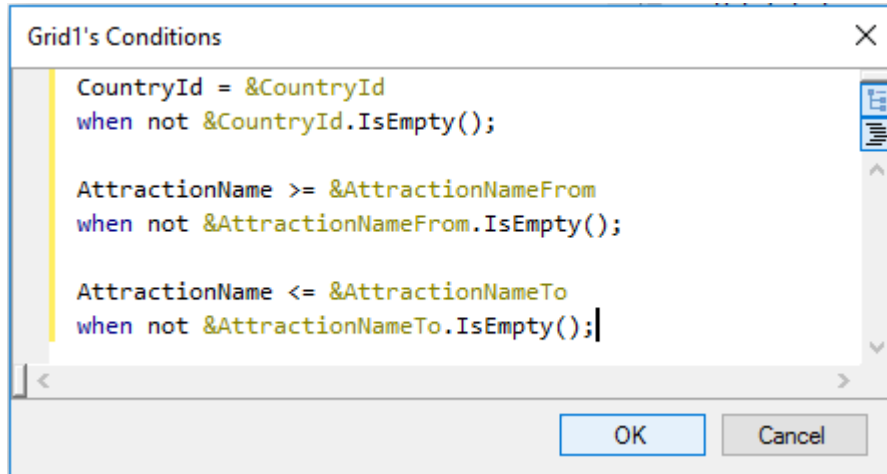
The "Layout" section is partially visible at the bottom.

Many conditions



The Properties window shows the configuration for a Grid control named Grid1. The Conditions property is highlighted, showing the expression: CountryId = &CountryId when not &CountryId.IsEmpty(). A red arrow points from this property to the Grid's Conditions dialog box.

Control Name	Grid1
Collection	
Base Trn	Attraction
Order	CountryName
Conditions	CountryId = &CountryId when not &CountryId.IsEmpty()
Data Selector	(none)
Appearance	
Class	Grid
Custom Render	
Empty Grid Text	
Auto Resize	True
Width	
Height	
Rows	0
Tooltip Text	



The Grid's Conditions dialog box displays the following conditions:



```
CountryId = &CountryId
when not &CountryId.IsEmpty();

AttractionName >= &AttractionNameFrom
when not &AttractionNameFrom.IsEmpty();

AttractionName <= &AttractionNameTo
when not &AttractionNameTo.IsEmpty();
```

Buttons: OK, Cancel

Events

Country Id	&CountryId ▾					
Attraction Name From	&AttractionNameFrom					
Attraction Name To	&AttractionNameTo					
GRID						
Id	Attraction Name	Country	Photo	Trips		
AttractionId	AttractionName	CountryName		&trips		&newTrip
Total Trips	&totalTrips					

First time

Start

Refresh


Load

User / Control

Event

Load event in Web Panel WITH base table

The screenshot shows a web form editor window titled "WWAttractionsFromScratch". The "Web Form" tab is active, and the "Events" section is selected. The event is named "LOAD". The form contains a dropdown menu for "Country Id" with the value "&CountryId", and two text boxes for "Attraction Name From" and "Attraction Name To" with values "&AttractionNameFrom" and "&AttractionNameTo" respectively. Below these is a table with the following structure:

Id	Attraction Name	Country	Photo
AttractionId	AttractionName	CountryName	

LOAD Event

"N times, as many as records existing in the table run through."



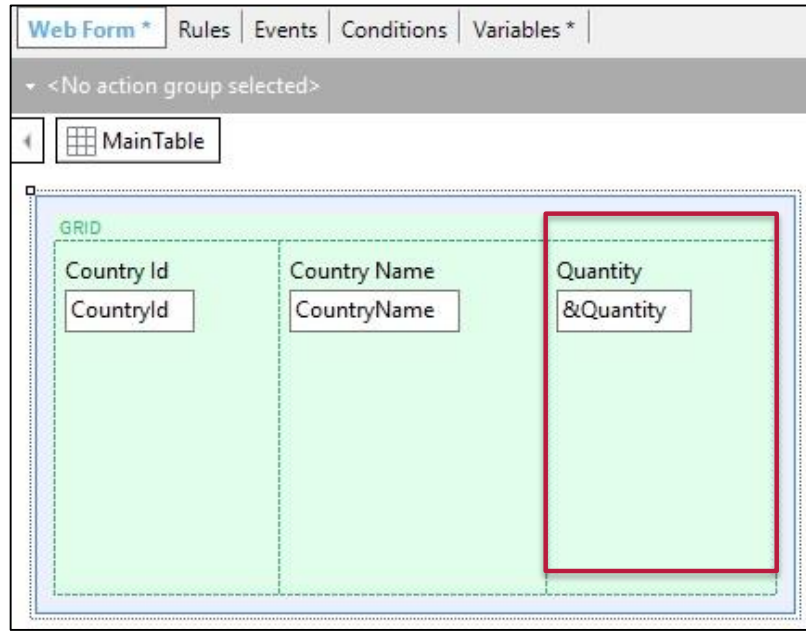
Another example

Country

```
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
}
```

Attraction

```
{
  AttractionId*
  AttractionName
  CountryId
  CountryName
}
```



Event Load

&Quantity = Count(AttractionName)
 endevent

Refresh event

Travel Agency

CATEGORIES COUNTRIES ATTRACTIONS ▾

Country Id: (None) ▾

Attraction Name From:

Attraction Name To:

Attraction Name	Country	Attraction Photo	Trips
Christ the Redemmer	Brazil		1
Eiffel Tower	France		2
Forbidden city	China		0
Matisse Museum	France		1
Meet the Emperor	China		0
Total Trips			4

Travel Agency by GeneXus

CATEGORIES COUNTRIES ATTRACTIONS ▾

Country Id: France ▾

Attraction Name From:

Attraction Name To:

Attraction Name Country Attraction Photo Trips

Eiffel Tower	France		2
Matisse Museum	France		1
Total Trips			7

Refresh (once)
Load (2 times)

```

Event Load
    &trips = count( TripDate )
    &totalTrips = &totalTrips + &trips
Endevent

Event Refresh
    &totalTrips = 0
Endevent
    
```

Travel Agency

CATEGORIES COUNTRIES ATTRACTIONS ▾


Country Id: France ▾

Attraction Name From:

Attraction Name To:

Attraction Name Country Attraction Photo Trips

Eiffel Tower	France		2
Matisse Museum	France		1
Total Trips			3



Attributes in the Grid

The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface. The main workspace shows a web form with several input fields and a grid. The grid is highlighted in green and contains columns for 'Id', 'Attraction Name', 'Country', 'Photo', and 'Trips'. A red arrow points from the 'AttractionId' attribute in the grid to the 'Visible' property in the Properties panel, which is currently set to 'False'.

Properties Panel:

Attribute/Variable: AttractionId	
Attribute	AttractionId
Title	Id
Class	Attribute
Column Class	
Return On Click	False
On Click Event	
Control Info	
Control Type	Edit
Input Type	Values
Notify Context Char	False
Behavior	
Input History	True
Is Password	False
Read Only	True
Empty as null	Yes
Appearance	
Auto Resize	True
Format	Text
Visible	False
Tooltip Text	
Invite Message	

Web Panels without Base Table






Web Panels WITHOUT BASE TABLE

Country Id

Attraction Name From

Attraction Name To

GRID

Attraction Id	Attraction Name	Country	Photo	Trips		<input type="text" value="&newTrip"/>
<input type="text" value="&AttractionId"/>	<input type="text" value="&AttractionName"/>	<input type="text" value="&CountryName"/>		<input type="text" value="&trips"/>		<input type="text" value="&newTrip"/>
						

Total Trips

LOAD Event
"Once"



Event Load

```

For each Attraction
  order CountryId, AttractionName when not &CountryId.IsEmpty()
  order AttractionName
  where CountryId = &CountryId when not &CountryId.IsEmpty()
  where AttractionName >= &AttractionNameFrom when not &AttractionNameFrom.IsEmpty()
  where AttractionName <= &AttractionNameTo when not &AttractionNameTo.IsEmpty()
  &AttractionId = AttractionId
  &AttractionName = AttractionName
  &CountryName = CountryName
  &AttractionPhoto = AttractionPhoto
  &trips = count( TripDate )
  Load
  &totalTrips = &totalTrips + &trips
endfor
Endevent
  
```


Web Panels Multiple Grids

Multiple grids

GRID

Category Id CategoryId	Category Name CategoryName
---------------------------	-------------------------------

GRID

Attraction Id AttractionId	Attraction Name AttractionName	Country Name CountryName	Attraction Photo 
-------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------	---

PARALLEL


Independent navigation

FreeStyleGrid

GRID

CategoryId
CategoryName

GRID

Attraction Id AttractionId	Attraction Name AttractionName	Country Name CountryName	Attraction Photo 
-------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------	---

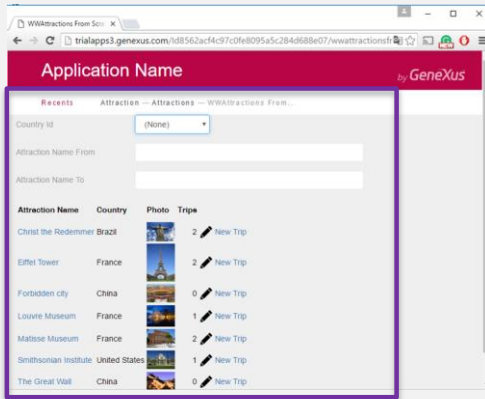
NESTED

Navigation of related tables

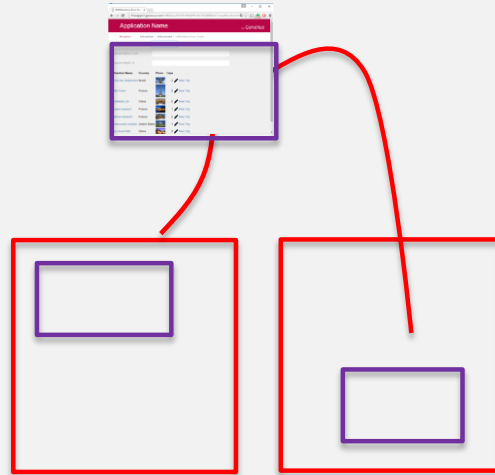
Types of Web Panels

Types of Web Panels

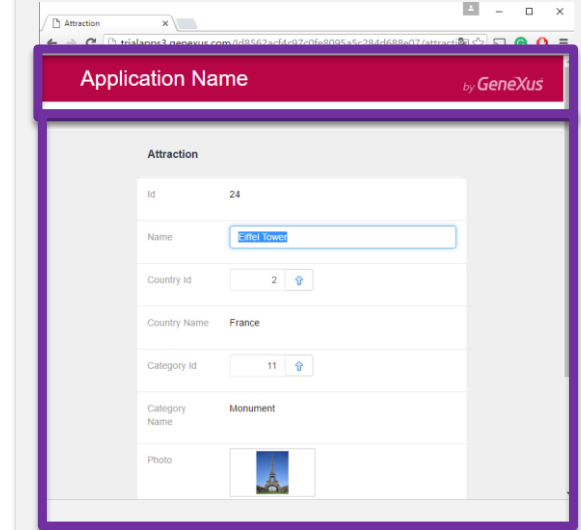
Web page (default)



Component



Master page



Design Systems

Design Systems

Elements that give consistency and coherence to the UX

Master Page

e.g. Header / footer

Theme

Classes

Responsive sizes

Responsive tables

Controls

User control objects

Base styles

CSS libraries

Stencils

Design components

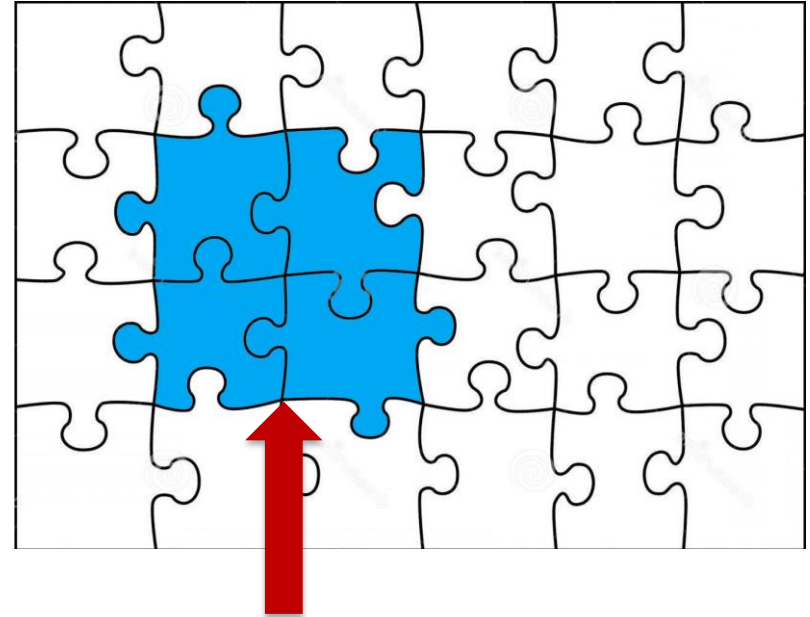
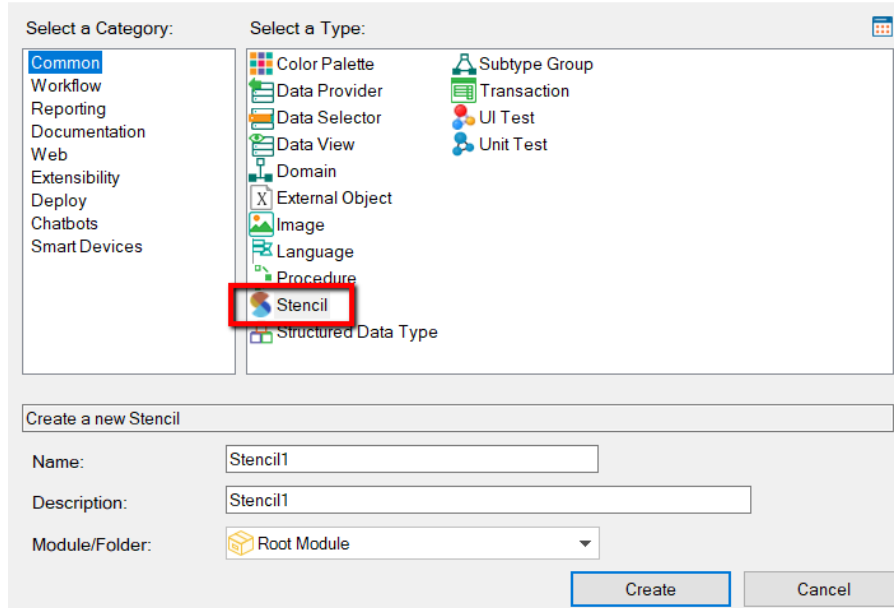
Patterns

Design / behaviour



RWD

Stencils



Design component

Object that allows repeating the design of the same portion of the screen (a set of controls), in many screens

Responsive Design

Responsive Web design

Application Name by GeneXus

Recents Attraction — Attractions

Attractions + INSERT

Ordered By: **Name**

COUNTRY NAME

Id	Name	Country Name	Category Name	Photo	City Name		
25	Christ the Redemmer	Brazil	Monument		Rio de Janeiro	UPDATE	DELETE
24	Eiffel Tower	France	Monument		Paris	UPDATE	DELETE
28	Forbidden city	China	Tourist Site		Beijing	UPDATE	DELETE
22	Louvre Museum	France	Museum		Paris	UPDATE	DELETE
27	Matisse Museum	France	Museum		Nice	UPDATE	DELETE
26	Smithsonian Institute	United States	Museum		Washington	UPDATE	DELETE
23	The Great Wall	China	Tourist Site		Beijing	UPDATE	DELETE

Application Name by GeneXus

Recents Attraction — Attractions

Attractions + INSERT

Ordered By: **Name**

COUNTRY NAME

Name	UPDATE	DELETE
Christ the Redemmer	UPDATE	DELETE
Eiffel Tower	UPDATE	DELETE
Forbidden city	UPDATE	DELETE
Louvre Museum	UPDATE	DELETE
Matisse Museum	UPDATE	DELETE
Smithsonian Institute	UPDATE	DELETE

Application Name by GeneXus

Recents

Attractions + INSERT

Christ the Redemmer	UPDATE	DELETE
Eiffel Tower	UPDATE	DELETE
Forbidden city	UPDATE	DELETE
Louvre Museum	UPDATE	DELETE
Matisse Museum	UPDATE	DELETE
Smithsonian Institute	UPDATE	DELETE

Responsive Web design

The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface for a web form titled "WWAttractionsFromScratch". The main workspace shows a form layout with several fields: "Country Id" with a dropdown menu, "Attraction Name From", "Attraction Name To", a "GRID" section with columns for "Id", "Attraction Name", "Country", "Photo", "Trips", and a "Total Trips" field at the bottom.

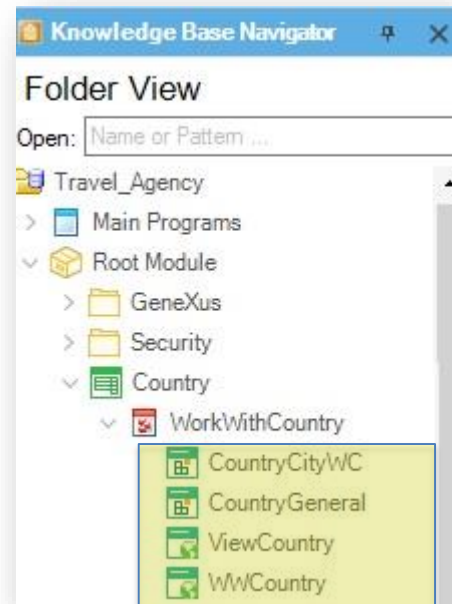
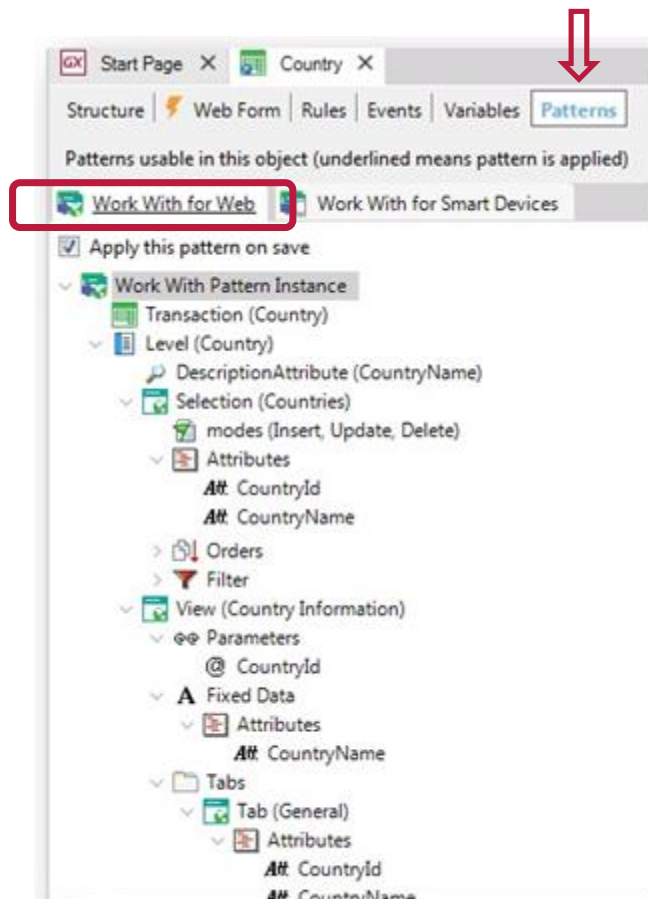
The "Responsive Sizes" panel on the right is open, showing the configuration for the selected "Table- MainTable". The "Size" dropdown is set to "Medium (Desktop >= 992 px) inherits from Small", which is highlighted with a red box. Below this, a list of responsive sizes is shown, also highlighted with a red box:

1,1 &CountryId
2,1 Table1
3,1 Grid1
4,1 &totalTrips

Red arrows point from these responsive size entries to the corresponding fields in the form: from "1,1 &CountryId" to the "Country Id" dropdown, from "2,1 Table1" to the "Attraction Name From" field, from "3,1 Grid1" to the "GRID" section, and from "4,1 &totalTrips" to the "Total Trips" field.

The "Values" section at the bottom of the panel shows default settings: Width: 100%, Label Width: 25%, Offset: 0%, Visible: True, Move: < >, and a checked "Default" checkbox. A button at the bottom reads "Use default values for all screen sizes".

Patterns



Automatically generated by GeneXus

Dynamics



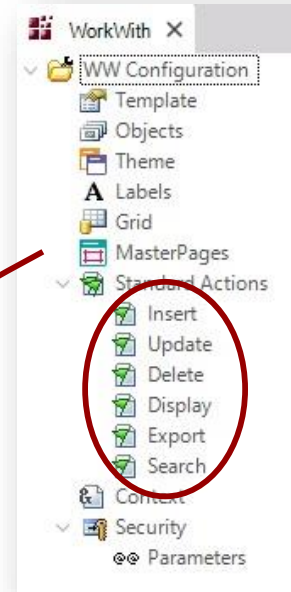
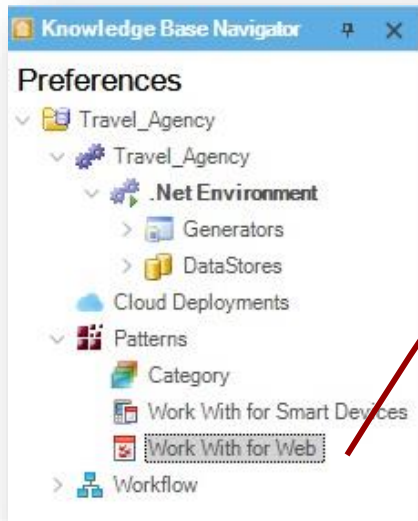
Example: New attribute CountryFlag

The image illustrates the dynamic generation process for a new attribute. It shows three main components:

- Entity Structure:** A table showing the 'Country' entity with attributes: CountryId (Id), CountryName (Name), CountryFlag (Image), City (City), CityId (Id), and CityName (Name). A red arrow points to the 'CountryFlag' attribute.
- Pattern Instance Configuration:** A screenshot of the 'Work With Pattern Instance' configuration. It shows the 'Attributes' section with the following configuration:
 - CountryId
 - CountryName
 - CountryFlagA red arrow points to the 'CountryFlag' attribute in this configuration.
- Generated Application:** A screenshot of the 'Travel Agency' web application. It shows a 'Countries' table with columns: Id, Name, Flag, UPDATE, and DELETE. The table contains three rows: Brazil, China, and France. A red dashed arrow points from the 'CountryFlag' attribute in the configuration to the 'Flag' column in the application.

General Settings

How are all instances initialized?



In Country...

Properties

modes: Ins: default, Upd: default, ...

Insert	default
Update	default
Delete	default
Display	default
Export	default

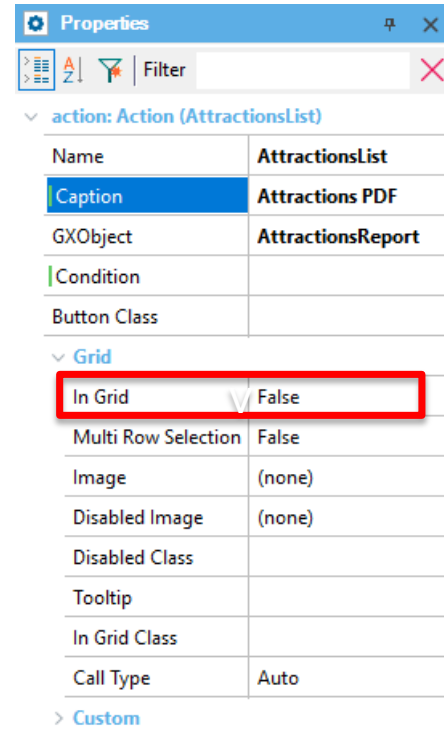
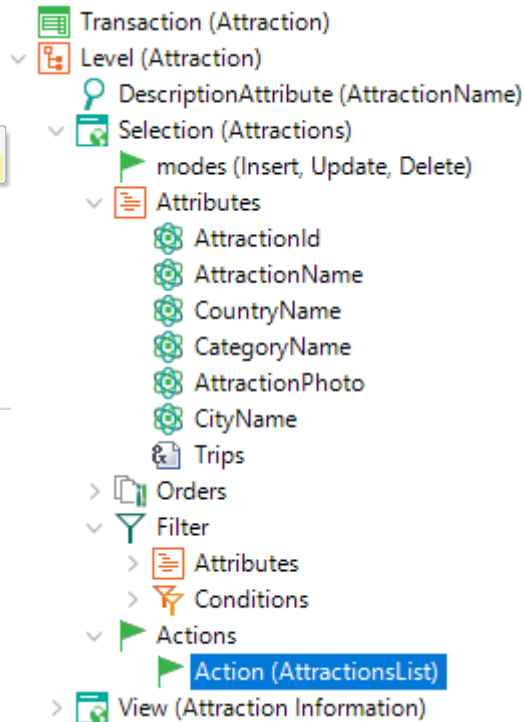
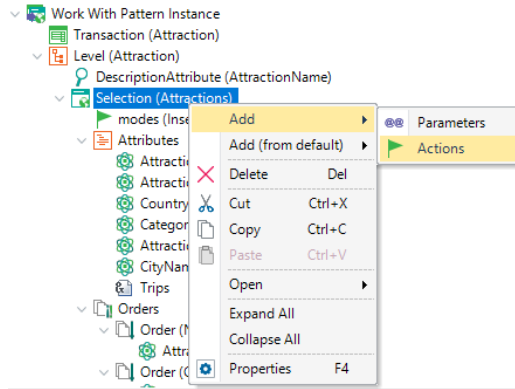
Adding variables or attributes

The screenshot shows the GeneXus IDE interface. The main window displays the 'Patterns' tab for an 'Attraction' object. The 'Patterns' tab is active, and the 'Work With for Web' pattern is selected. The 'Apply this pattern on save' checkbox is checked. The 'Work With Pattern Instance' section is expanded, showing a tree structure of objects: Transaction (Attraction), Level (Attraction), DescriptionAttribute (AttractionName), Selection (Attractions), modes (Insert, Update, Delete), Attributes, Orders, Filter, and View (Attraction Information). The 'Trips' variable is highlighted in blue under the 'Attributes' section. A red arrow points from the 'Trips' variable in the tree to the 'Properties' window on the right.

The 'Properties' window shows the properties for the selected variable 'Trips':

variable: Trips	
Name	Trips
Description	Trips
Domain	TripsAmount
Load Code	count(TripDate)
Form	

Adding actions







Adding actions

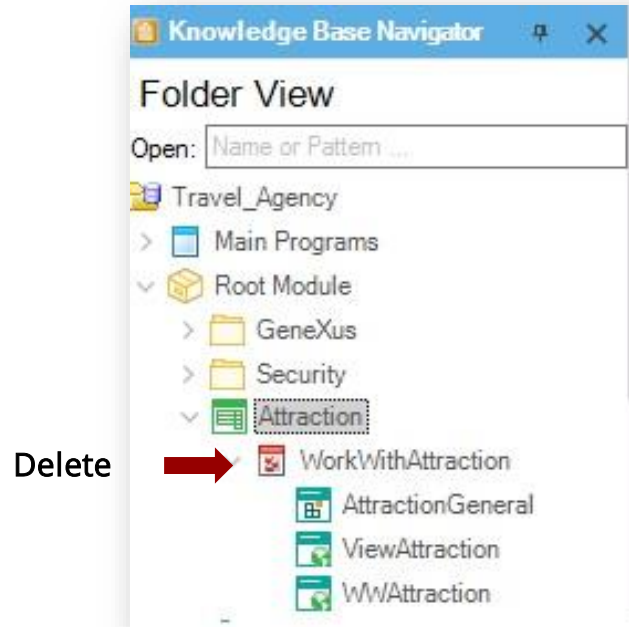
ns

Attractions [+ INSERT](#) [ATTRACTIONS PDF](#)

Attractions PDF

Id	Name	Country Name	Category Na...	Photo	City Name	Trips		
25	Christ the Redemmer	Brazil	Monument		Rio de Janeiro	3	UPDATE	DELETE
24	Eiffel Tower	France	Monument		Paris	2	UPDATE	DELETE
28	Forbidden city	China	Tourist Site		Beijing	0	UPDATE	DELETE
	Louvre							

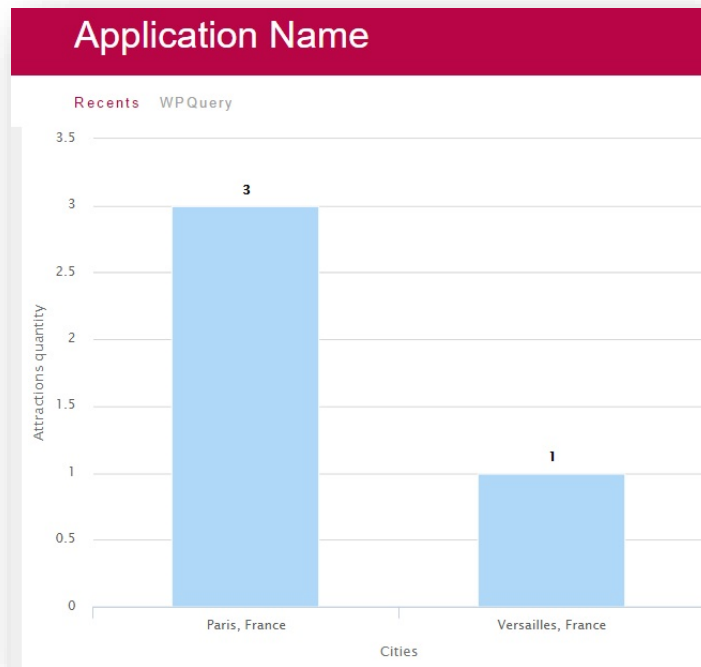
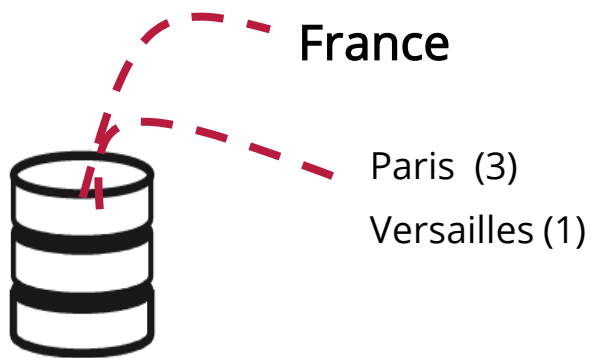
Deleting the pattern



Dynamic Queries

Query Object

View the number of attractions of France, by city



View the number of attractions of France, by city

```
Country
{
  CountryId*
  CountryName
  City
  {
    CityId*
    CityName
  }
}
```

```
Attraction
{
  AttractionId*
  AttractionName
  CountryId
  CountryName
  CityId
  CityName
}
```

Structure * | SQL statement | Preview

Structure	Description
AttractionQuery	Attraction Query
Attributes	
CityName	City Name
CountryName	Country Name
Count (AttractionName)	Count (Attraction Name)
Parameters	
Filters (AND)	
CountryName = "France"	
OrderBy	
CityName	

Preview

Structure | SQL statement | Preview

Drop filters here

City Name	Country Name	Count (Attraction Name)
Nice	France	1
Total of Nice		1
Paris	France	2
Total of Paris		2
TOTAL		3

Query viewer

The screenshot displays the Query Viewer interface, which includes a data table, a bar chart, and a Properties panel.

Web Form * | Rules | Events | Conditions | Variables

<No action group selected>

MainTable

Drop filters here

Continent	Country	Soy	Wheat	Rice
Africa	Egypt	286	124	50
Total of Africa		286	124	50
America	USA	303	219	167
	Uruguay	198	108	62
Total of America		501	327	229
Asia	India	300	86	48
Total of Asia		300	86	48
Australia	Australia	396	262	206
Total of Australia		396	262	206
Europe	France	161	91	6
	Spain	275	105	7
Total of Europe		436	196	14
TOTAL		1,919	995	67

Recents WP Query

Cities	Attractions quantity
Paris, France	3
Versailles, France	1

Properties

Filter

- Data Bindings
 - Object: **AttractionQuery**
 - Axes: **&Axes**
 - Parameters: **&Parameters**
 - Use Cache: False
- Appearance
- Export
- Output
 - Type: **Chart**
 - Chart Type: **Column 3D**
 - Plot Series: In the same chart
 - XAxis Labels: Horizontally
 - XAxis Intersection At: False
 - Show Values: True
 - XAxis Title: **Cities**
 - YAxis Title: **Attractions quantity**

GeneXus Server

Send Knowledge Base to GeneXus Server

Send Knowledge Base

Send the Knowledge Base to GeneXus Server

To Send the Knowledge Base select the url and type an alias

Travel_Agency

Security

Authentication Type:

Username:

Password:

Save Password

Alias:

Work with Lock Model

All versions in Knowledge Base

Team Development

Team Development X

Commit to: http://sandbox.genexusserver.com/salto/home.aspx?Travel_Agency_0

Pattern:

Category: *ALL Folder: *ALL

Pending Commits (8/8) Ignored Objects

Drag a column here to group by that column

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Name	Type	Description	Modified On	Module	Action	Last Synchroniz	User
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Airline	Transaction	Airline	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Modified	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineFlight1WC	Web Component	Airline Flight1 WC	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineFlightWC	Web Component	Airline Flight WC	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineGeneral	Web Component	Airline General	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AttractionsAndCategor...	Procedure	Attractions And Ca...	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Modified	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		ViewAirline	Web Panel	View Airline	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		WorkWithAirline	Work With for W...	Work With Airline	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		WwAirline	Web Panel	Work With Airline	20/6/2016 9:33	Root Module	Inserted	20/6/2016 9:30	ARTECHlacaggia...

Add Knowledge Base properties to list

Remind me to move changes to...

Commit

Knowledge Manager / Team Development

Partial commit

Team Development X

Commit to: http://sandbox.genexusserver.com/salto/home.aspx?Travel_Agency_0

Pattern:

Category: Folder:

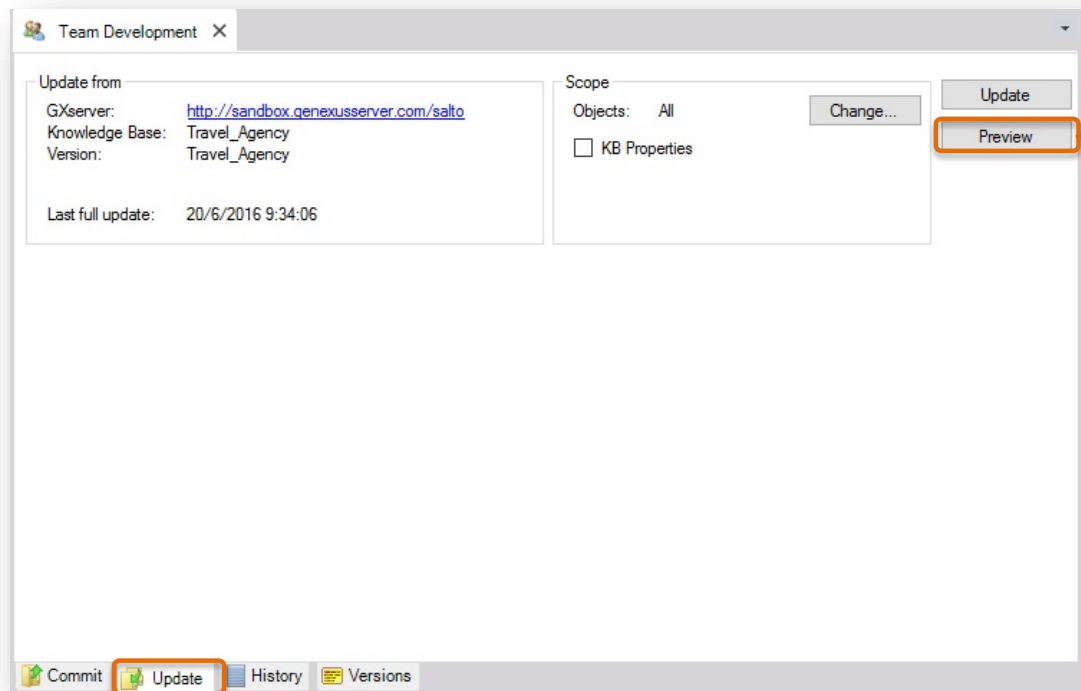
Pending Commits (8/8) Ignored Objects

Drag a column here to group by that column

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Name	Type	Description	Modified On
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Airline	Transaction	Airline	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineFlight1WC	Web Component	Airline Flight1 WC	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineFlightWC	Web Component	Airline Flight WC	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AirlineGeneral	Web Component	Airline General	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		AttractionsAndCategor...	Procedure	Attractions And Ca...	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		ViewAirline	Web Panel	View Airline	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		WorkWithAirline	Work With for W...	Work With Airline	20/6/2016 9:33
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		WWAirline	Web Panel	Work With Airline	20/6/2016 9:33

Add Knowledge Base properties to list

Update



Partial selection

History

The screenshot shows the 'Team Development' window with the 'History' tab selected. The window displays a list of changes and a detailed view of the selected change.

Version: Refresh

From: To: Search: Apply

Drag a column here to group by that column

#	Comment	User	Commit Date
3	WorkWithAirline and AttractionsAndCategories listing	GXTechnical\acaggiano	20/06/2016 10:10 a. m.
1	Travel_Agency is now hosted by GeneXus Server	GXTechnical\acaggiano	20/06/2016 09:33 a. m.

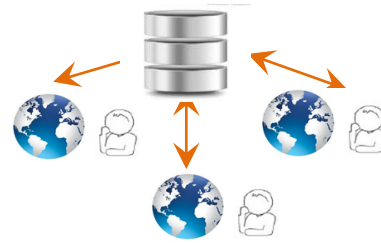
#3 - 20/6/2016 10:10:22 - GXTechnical\acaggiano

WorkWithAirline and AttractionsAndCategories listing

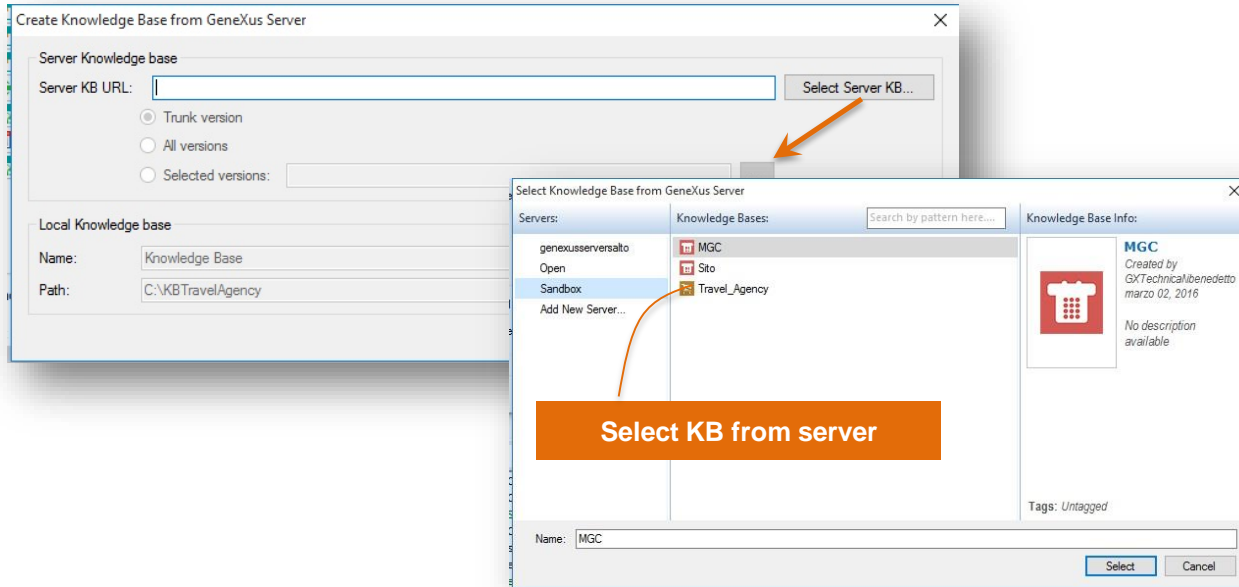
Name	Type	Description	Action
Airline	Transaction	Airline	Modified
AirlineFlight1WC	Web Panel	Airline Flight1 WC	Inserted
AirlineFlightWC	Web Panel	Airline Flight WC	Inserted
AirlineGeneral	Web Panel	Airline General	Inserted
AttractionsAndCategories	Procedure	Attractions And Categories	Modified
ViewAirline	Web Panel	View Airline	Inserted
WorkWithAirline	Work With for Web	Work With Airline	Inserted

Commit Update **History** Versions

Create KB from GeneXus Server



File / New / Knowledge Base from Server



Example

Peter



Name	Type
Employee	Employee
EmployeeId	Id
EmployeeName	Name
EmployeeAddress	Address, GeneXus
EmployeePhone	Phone, GeneXus



Mike



Name	Type
Employee	Employee
EmployeeId	Id
EmployeeName	Name
EmployeeAddress	Address, GeneXus
EmployeePhone	Phone, GeneXus

Name	Type
Employee	Employee
EmployeeId	Id
EmployeeName	Name
EmployeeAddress	Address, GeneXus
EmployeePhone	Phone, GeneXus

Example

Peter



Name	Type
Employee	Employee
EmployeeId	Id
EmployeeName	Name
EmployeeAddress	Address, GeneXus
EmployeePhone	Phone, GeneXus
EmployeePhoto	Image

Commit



Name	Type
Employee	Employee
EmployeeId	Id
EmployeeName	Name
EmployeeAddress	Address, GeneXus
EmployeePhone	Phone, GeneXus
EmployeePhoto	Image

Mike



Name	Type
Employee	Employee
EmployeeId	Id
EmployeeName	Name
EmployeeAddress	Address, GeneXus
EmployeePhone	Phone, GeneXus
EmployeeSalary	Numeric(4.0)
EmployeePhoto	Image

Update

Example

Peter



Name	Type
Employee	Employee
EmployeeId	Id
EmployeeName	Name
EmployeeAddress	Address, GeneXus
EmployeePhone	Phone, GeneXus
EmployeePhoto	Image

Mike

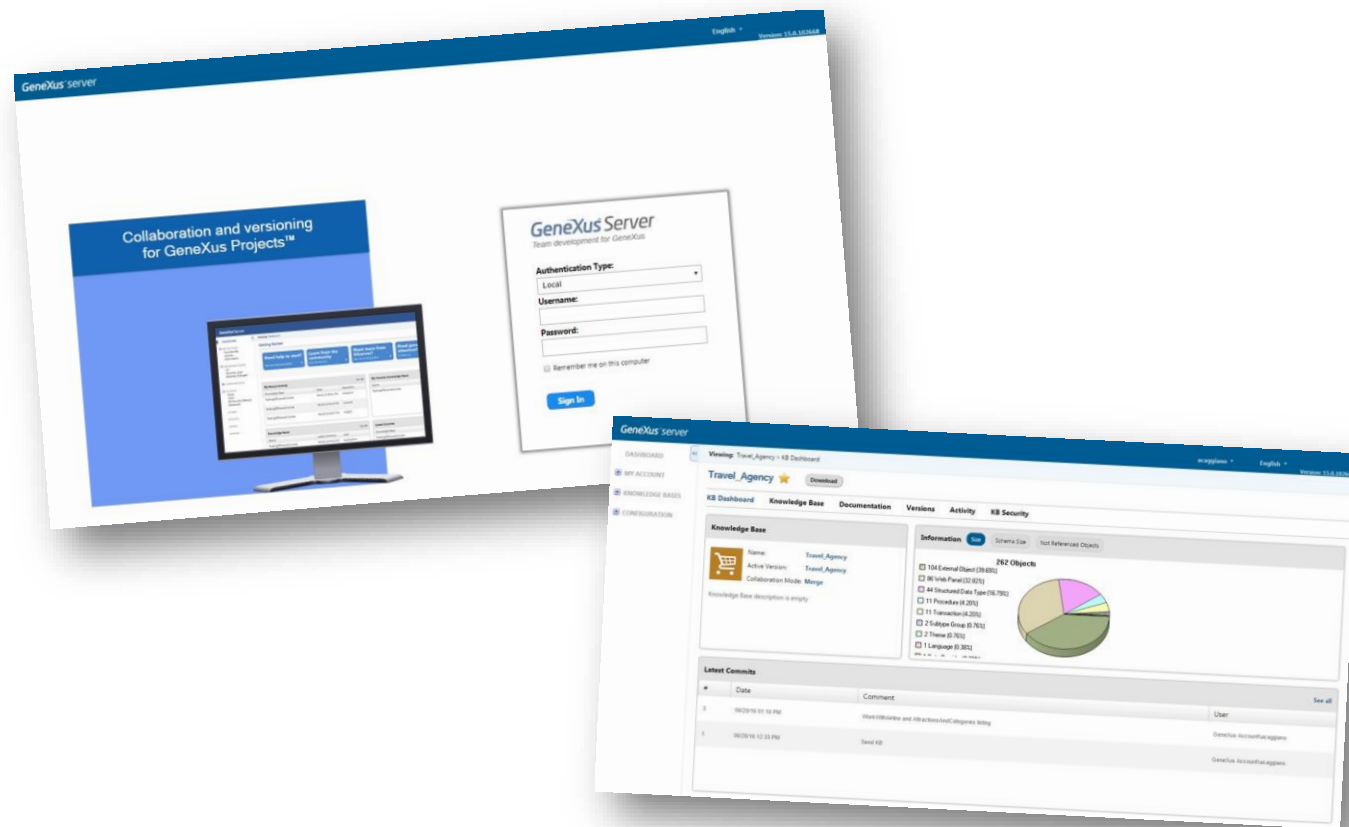


Name	Type
Employee	Employee
EmployeeId	Id
EmployeeName	Name
EmployeeAddress	Address, GeneXus
EmployeePhone	Phone, GeneXus
EmployeeSalary	Numeric(4.0)
EmployeePhoto	Image



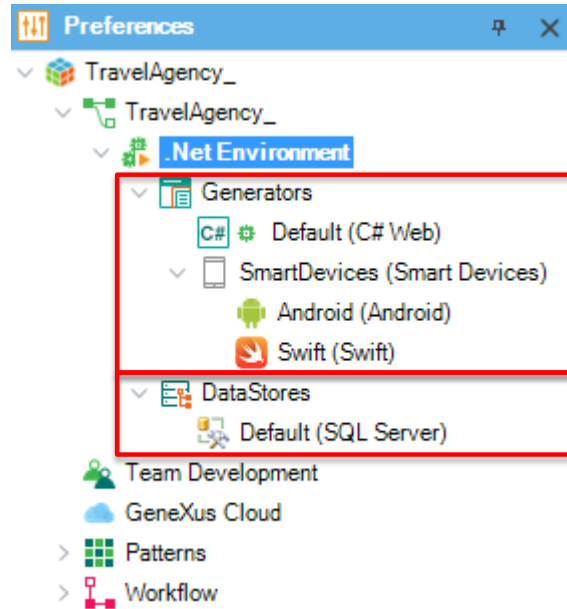
Name	Type
Employee	Employee
EmployeeId	Id
EmployeeName	Name
EmployeeAddress	Address, GeneXus
EmployeePhone	Phone, GeneXus
EmployeeSalary	Numeric(4.0)
EmployeePhoto	Image

Web console

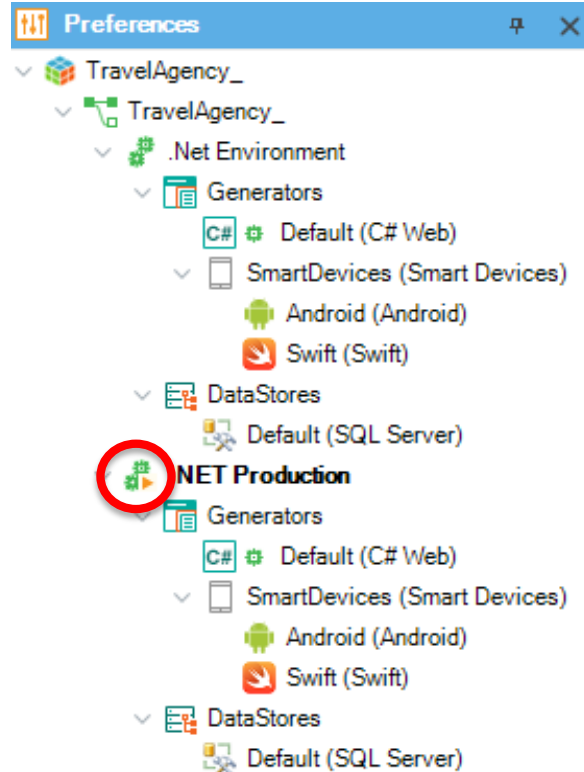


Execution environments

Generators and databases

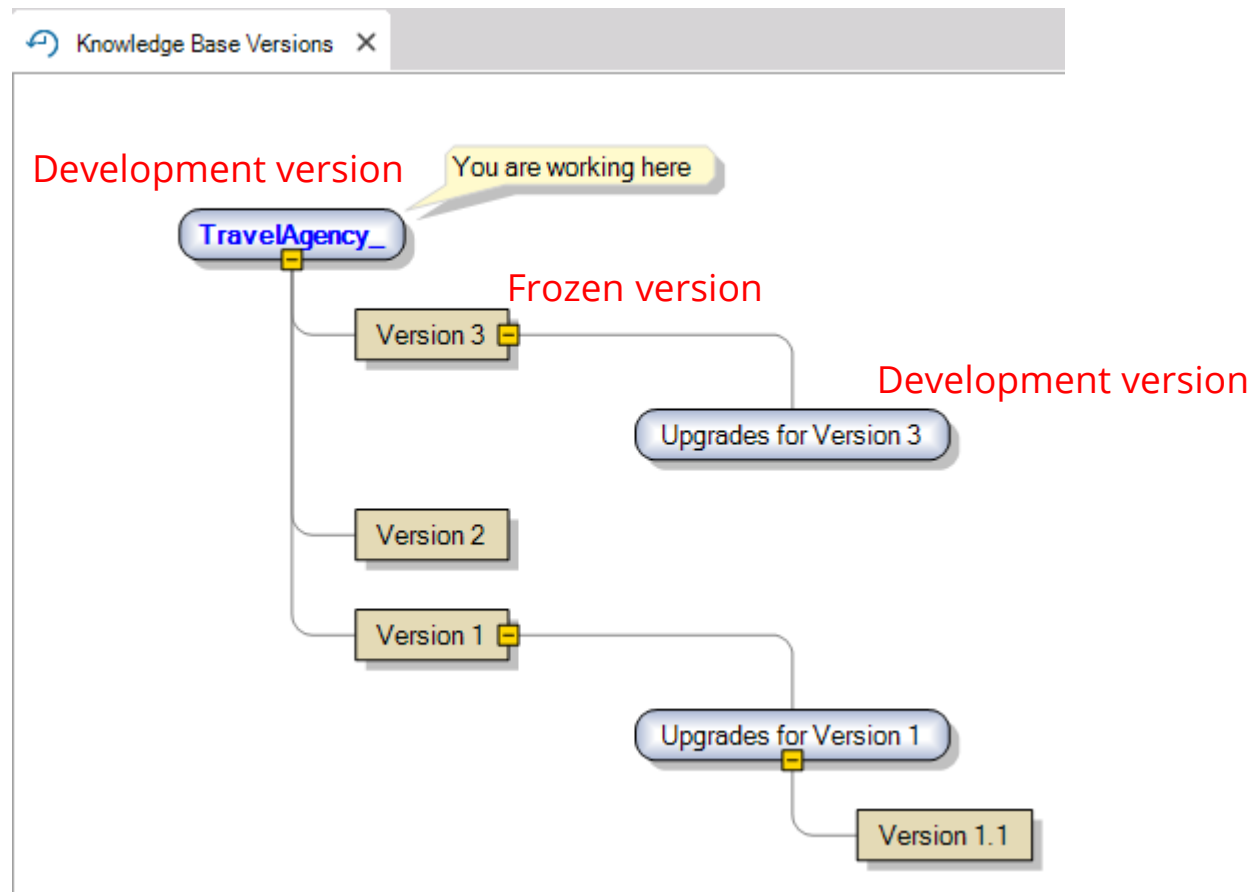


Working with more than one environment

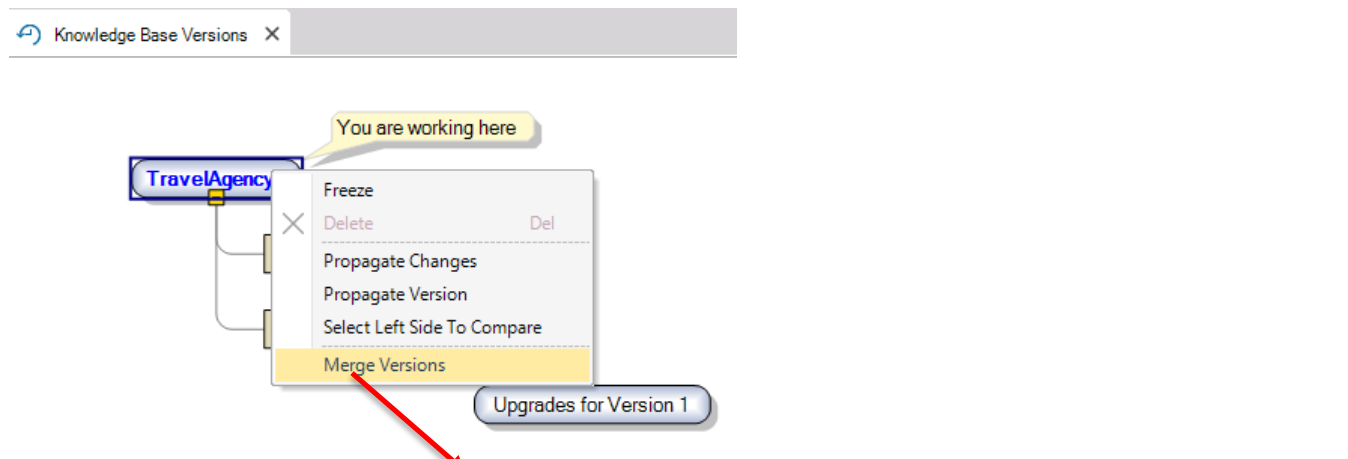


Knowledge Base versioning

Versions tree



To synchronize (merge) two development versions:



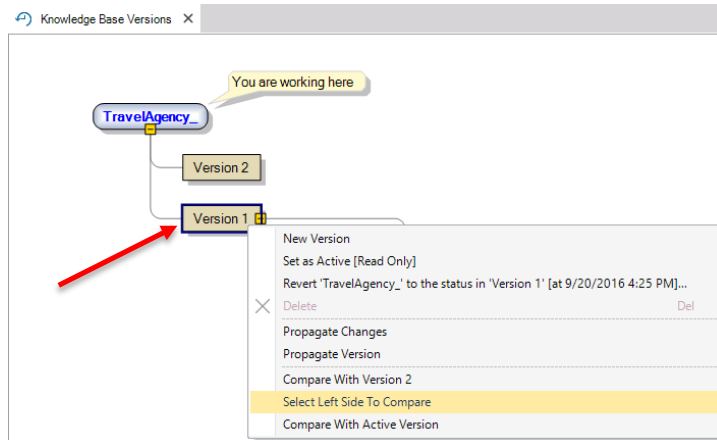
The screenshot shows the 'Knowledge Base Versions' window. A context menu is open over the 'TravelAgency' version, with 'Merge Versions' highlighted. A red arrow points from this menu item to the 'Merge Versions' sub-window below. The sub-window has a title bar with 'Knowledge Base Versions' and 'Merge Versions'. The main content area is titled 'Merge Versions' and contains the following fields and controls:

- Merge in:
- changes made to:
- since:
- using Version 1 as reference
- Backup target before merge
-

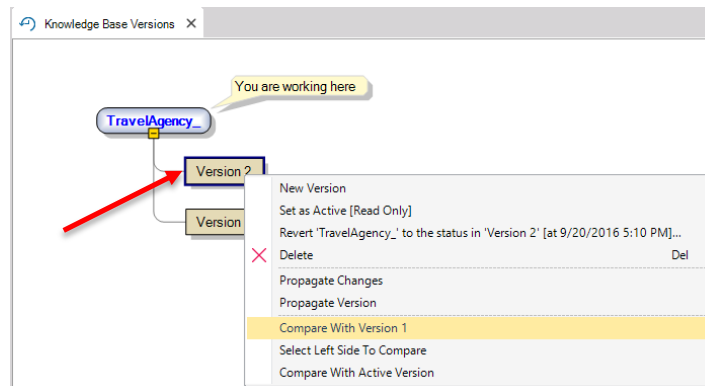
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Name	Type	Action
-------------------------------------	------	------	--------

To compare two versions:

1)



2)



Security with GAM



AUTHENTICATION



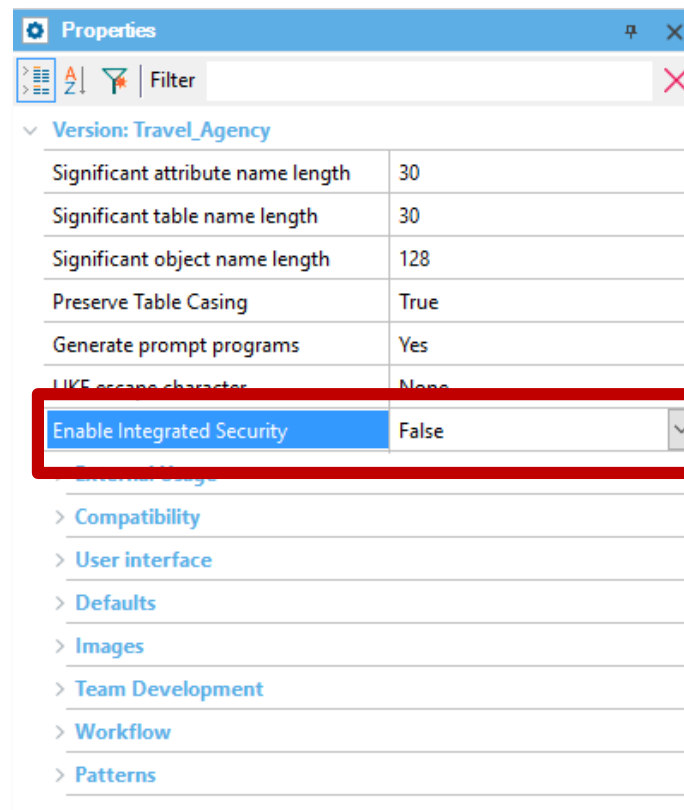
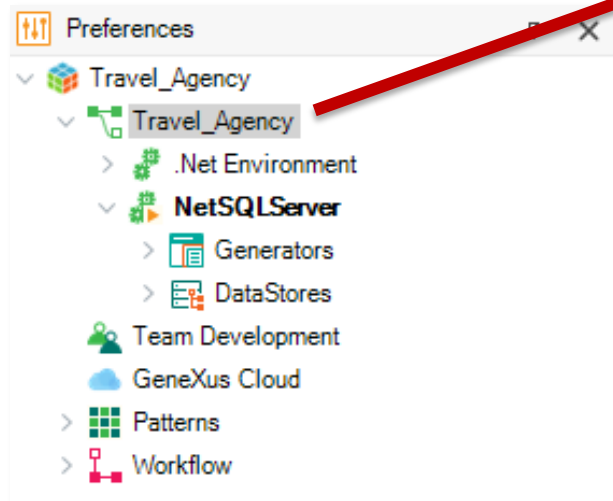
AUTHORIZATION

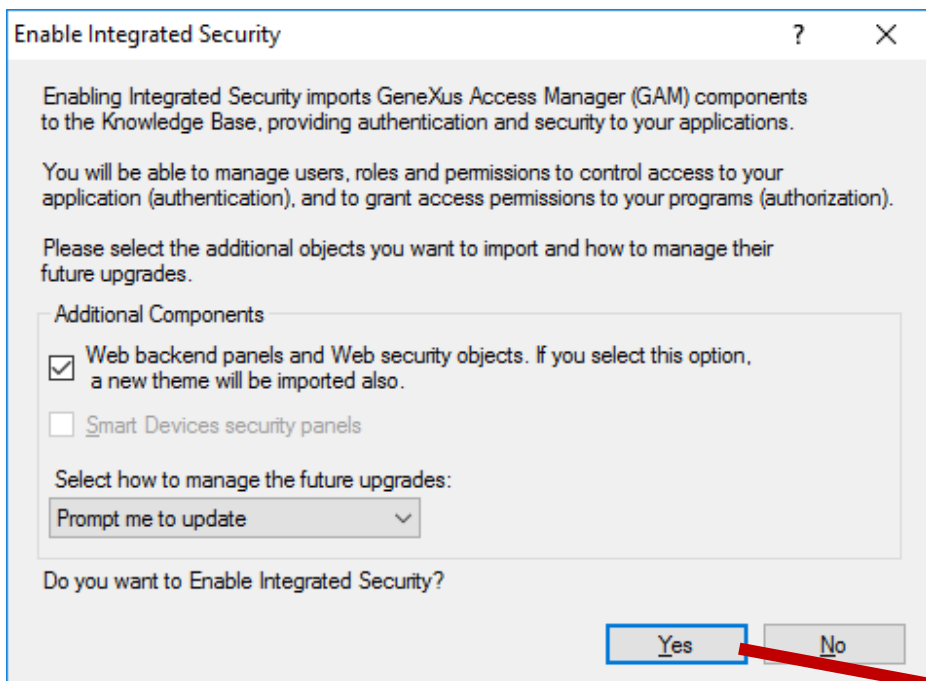
GeneXus™

ACCESS MANAGER

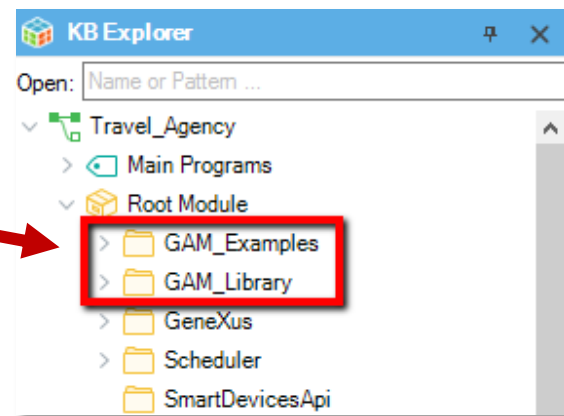


Enabling the GeneXus Access Manager





Importing objects from GAM



Properties

> A Z | Filter

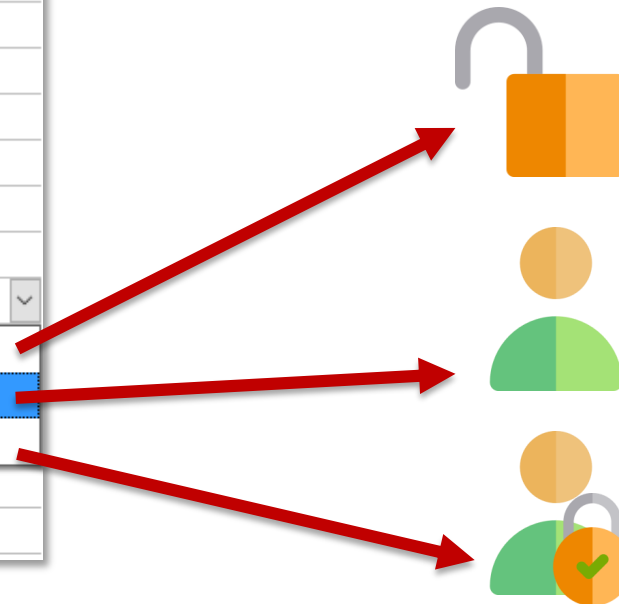
Version: Travel_Agency

Significant attribute name length	30
Significant table name length	30
Significant object name length	128
Preserve Table Casing	True
Generate prompt programs	Yes
LIKE escape character	None
Enable Integrated Security	True

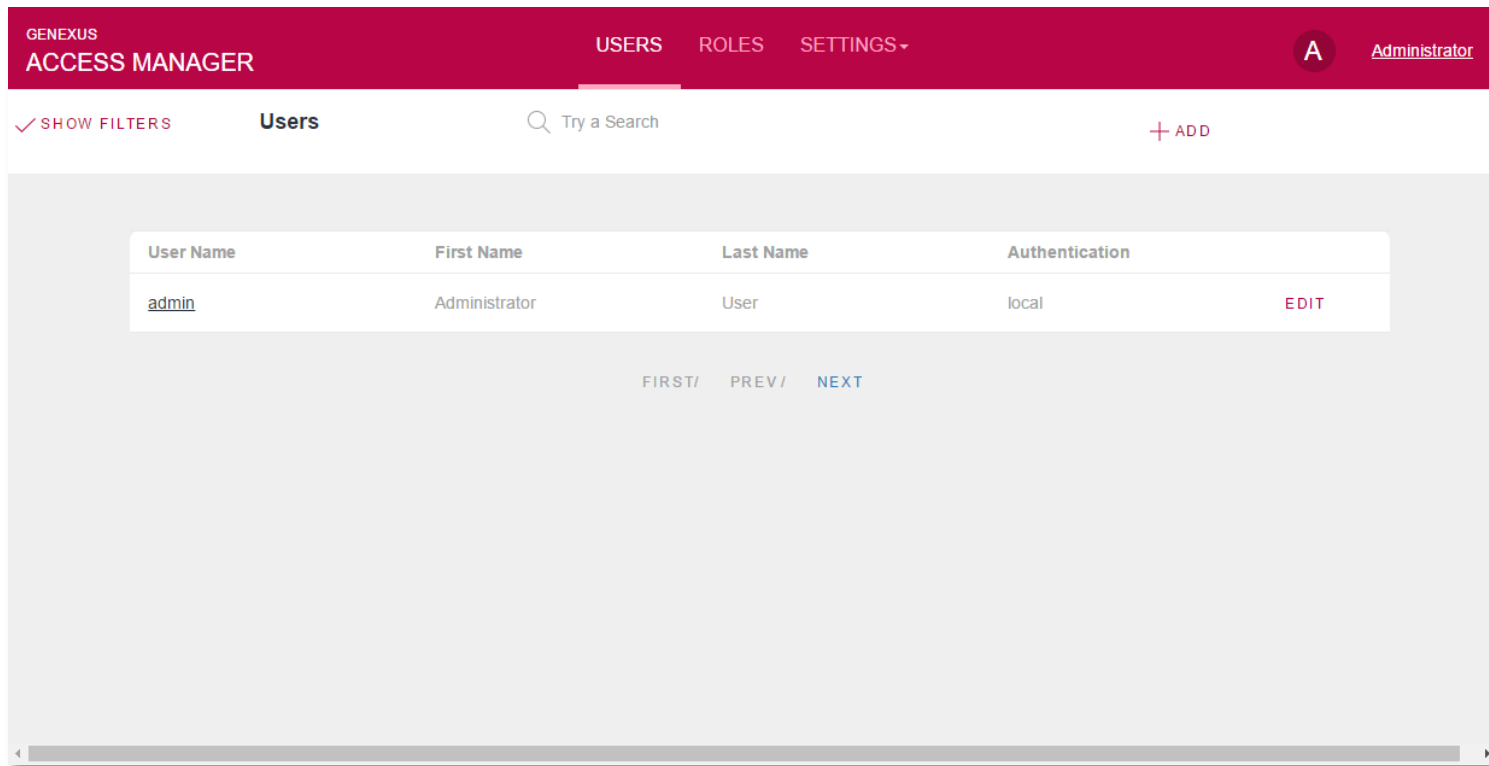
Integrated Security

Integrated Security Level	Authentication
Application ID	None
> Web specific	Authentication
> SmartDevices specific	Authorization
> External Usage	
> Compatibility	

Selecting integretind security level



Accessing to GAM backend (GAM Home object)



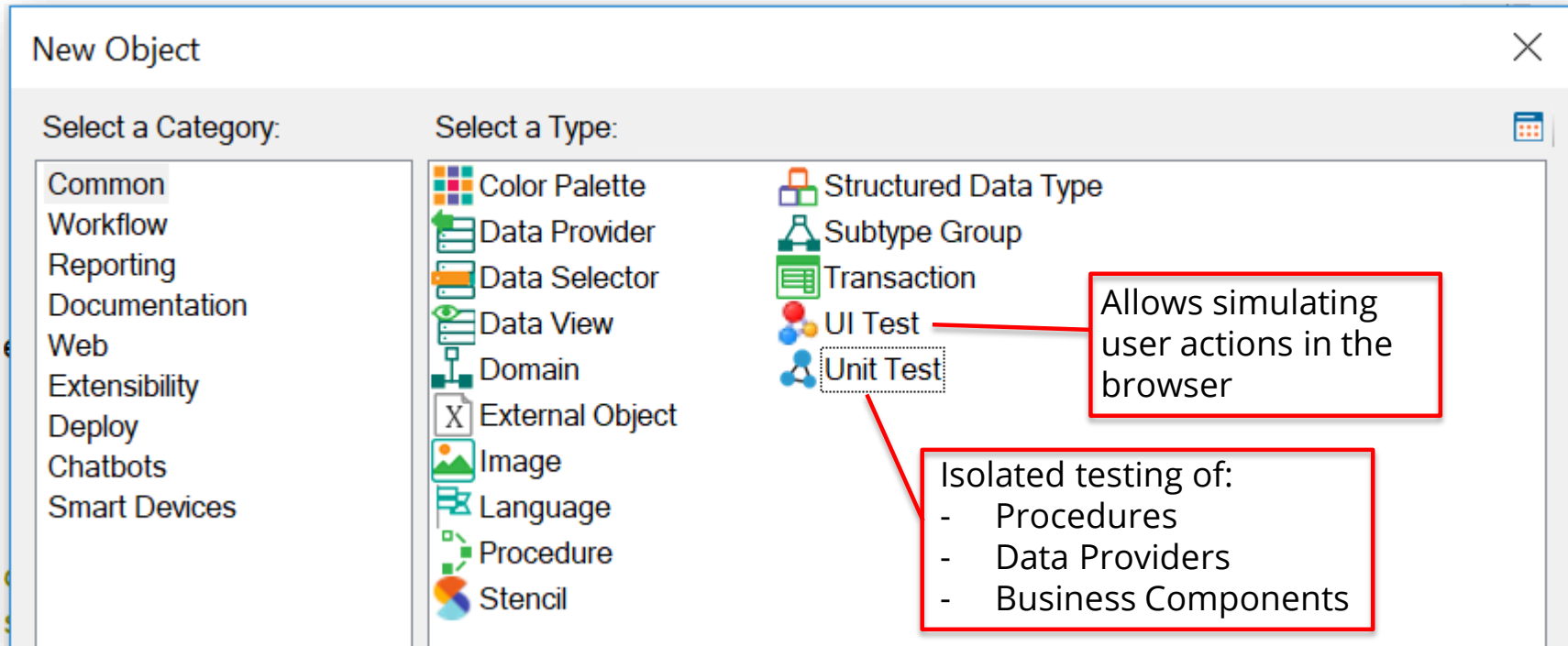
The screenshot displays the 'Users' management interface in the GeneXus Access Manager. The top navigation bar is dark red and contains the text 'GENEXUS ACCESS MANAGER' on the left, and 'USERS', 'ROLES', and 'SETTINGS' with a dropdown arrow in the center. On the right of the navigation bar, there is a circular profile icon with the letter 'A' and the text 'Administrator'. Below the navigation bar, the main content area has a white header with 'SHOW FILTERS' (checked), the title 'Users', a search input field with the placeholder 'Try a Search', and a '+ ADD' button. The main content area features a table with the following columns: 'User Name', 'First Name', 'Last Name', and 'Authentication'. A single row is visible with the values: 'admin', 'Administrator', 'User', and 'local'. To the right of the 'local' value is an 'EDIT' button. At the bottom of the table, there are navigation links: 'FIRST / PREV / NEXT'.

User Name	First Name	Last Name	Authentication
admin	Administrator	User	local

FIRST / PREV / NEXT

Testing

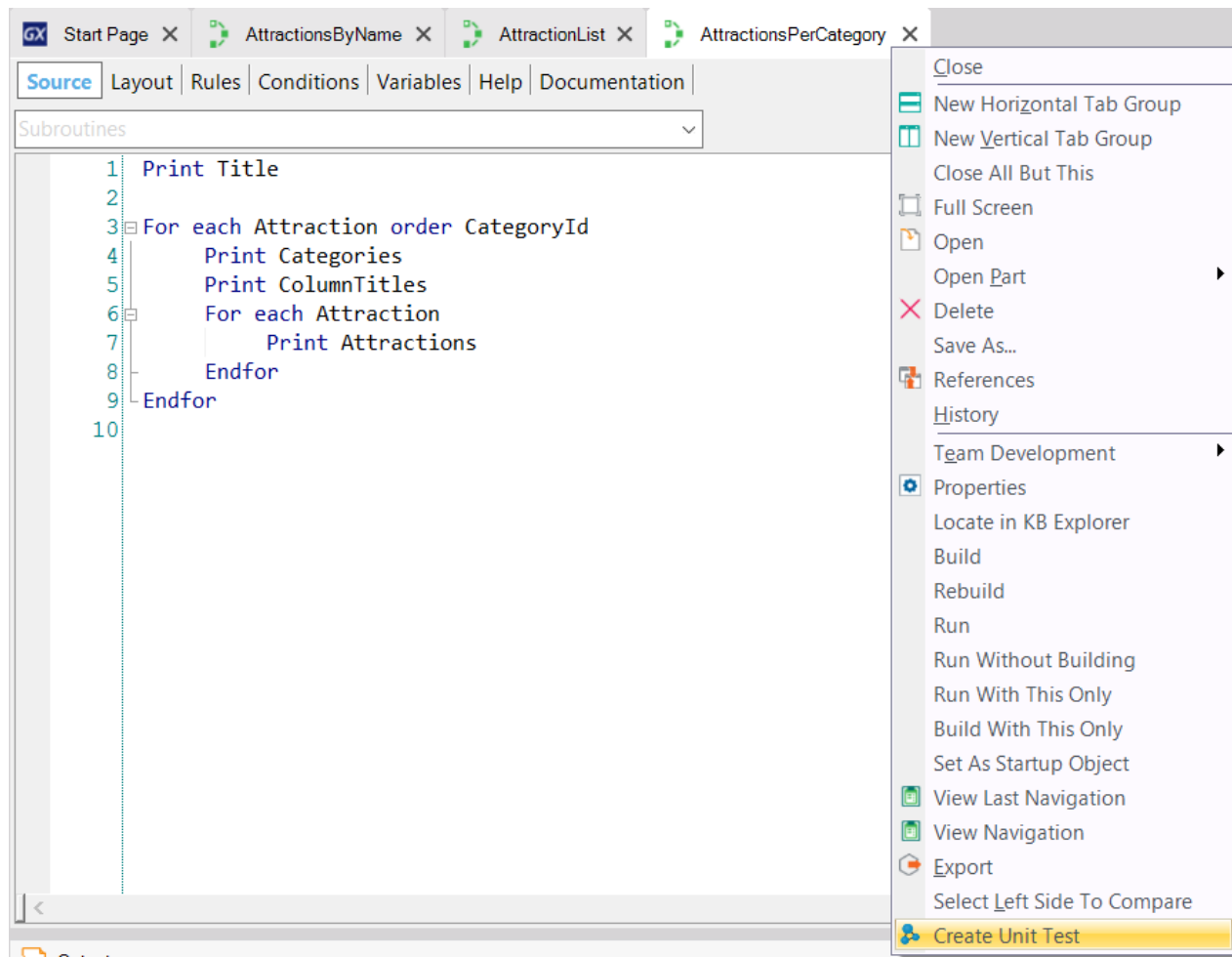
Objects to generate unit tests and interface tests



Unit Test

These objects are created:

- <ObjectName>UnitTest
- <ObjectName>UnitTestSDT
- <ObjectName>UnitTestData



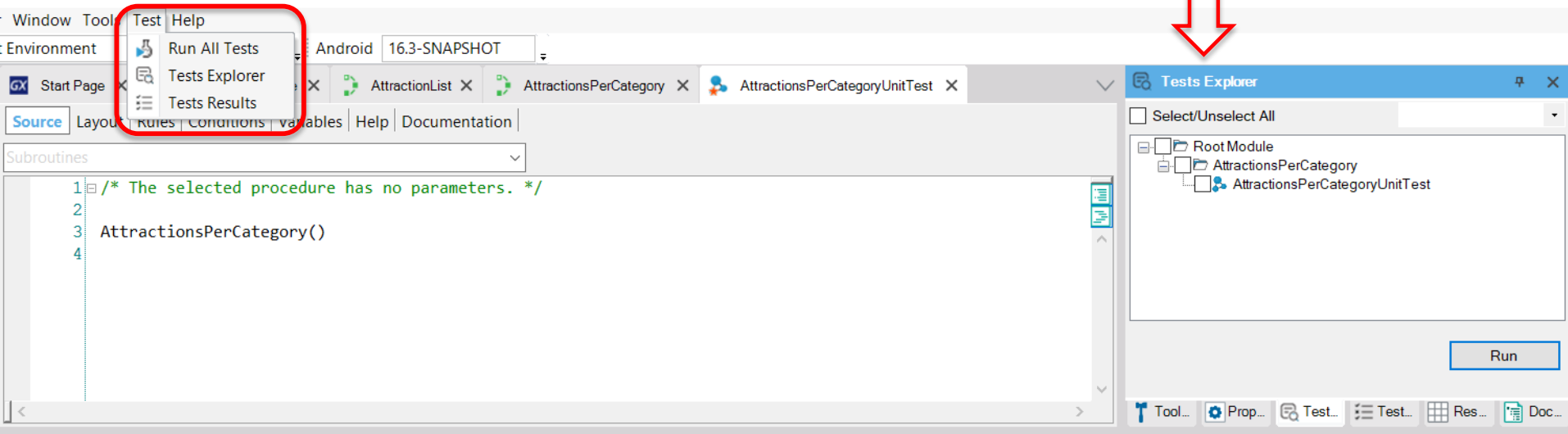
The screenshot shows the GeneXus IDE interface. The top menu bar includes 'Source', 'Layout', 'Rules', 'Conditions', 'Variables', 'Help', and 'Documentation'. The 'Subroutines' dropdown is open, showing a list of subroutines:

```
1 Print Title
2
3 For each Attraction order CategoryId
4     Print Categories
5     Print ColumnTitles
6     For each Attraction
7         Print Attractions
8     Endfor
9 Endfor
10
```

The right-hand side of the IDE displays a context menu with the following options:

- Close
- New Horizontal Tab Group
- New Vertical Tab Group
- Close All But This
- Full Screen
- Open
- Open Part
- Delete
- Save As...
- References
- History
- Team Development
- Properties
- Locate in KB Explorer
- Build
- Rebuild
- Run
- Run Without Building
- Run With This Only
- Build With This Only
- Set As Startup Object
- View Last Navigation
- View Navigation
- Export
- Select Left Side To Compare
- Create Unit Test

Explorer Test



The screenshot displays the GeneXus IDE interface. The 'Test' menu is open, with options 'Run All Tests', 'Tests Explorer', and 'Tests Results'. A red box highlights this menu. A red arrow points to the 'Tests Explorer' window on the right, which shows a tree view of the project structure: 'Root Module' containing 'AttractionsPerCategory' and 'AttractionsPerCategoryUnitTest'. The 'Run' button is visible at the bottom of the Tests Explorer window. The main editor shows the source code for 'AttractionsPerCategory()' with a comment: '/* The selected procedure has no parameters. */'.

Window Tool Test Help

Environment Android 16.3-SNAPSHOT

Start Page AttractionsPerCategoryUnitTest

Source Layout Rules Conditions variables Help Documentation

Subroutines

```
1 /* The selected procedure has no parameters. */
2
3 AttractionsPerCategory()
4
```

Tests Explorer

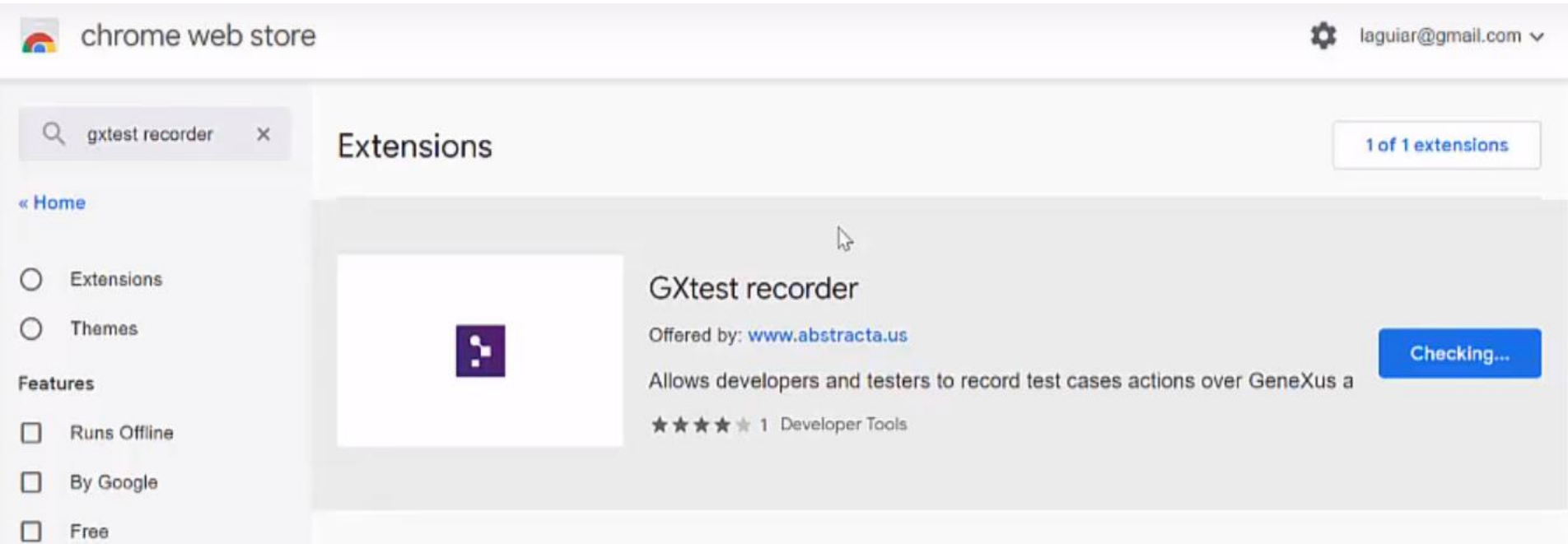
Select/Unselect All

- Root Module
 - AttractionsPerCategory
 - AttractionsPerCategoryUnitTest

Run

Tool... Prop... Test... Test... Res... Doc...

Interface Test: GXTest



The screenshot displays the Chrome Web Store interface. At the top left, the 'chrome web store' logo is visible. On the right, the user's email 'laguiar@gmail.com' is shown next to a gear icon. A search bar contains the text 'gxtest recorder' with a magnifying glass icon and a close button. Below the search bar, the word 'Extensions' is displayed. A sidebar on the left contains navigation options: 'Home', 'Extensions', and 'Themes'. Under 'Features', there are three checkboxes: 'Runs Offline', 'By Google', and 'Free'. The main content area shows the details for the 'GXtest recorder' extension. It includes a purple icon, the title 'GXtest recorder', the developer 'www.abstracta.us', a description 'Allows developers and testers to record test cases actions over GeneXus a', and a rating of '★★★★☆ 1 Developer Tools'. A blue button labeled 'Checking...' is positioned to the right of the extension details.

chrome web store

laguiar@gmail.com

gxtest recorder

Extensions

1 of 1 extensions

« Home

Extensions


Themes

Features

Runs Offline

By Google

Free

 GXtest recorder

Offered by: www.abstracta.us

Allows developers and testers to record test cases actions over GeneXus a

★★★★☆ 1 Developer Tools

Checking...

Interface Test

Command Target Value

Country	Category
Brazil	Monument
China	Tourist site
China	Tourist site
France	Museum
France	Monument
France	Museum
United States	Museum

COMMAND: []
 TARGET: [] [Select] [Find]
 VALUE: []

Log Reference Debug Save Clear

Command Target Value

Ready	id=ATTRACTIONNAME	Estadio Centenario
ClickBy	id=COUNTRYID	
SelectBy	id=COUNTRYID	label=Uruguay
ClickBy	id=COUNTRYID	
ClickBy	id=ATTRACTIONNAME_Balloor	
AssertTextBy	id=ATTRACTIONNAME_Balloor	Attraction, Country already exists
ClickBy	id=CITYID	
ClickBy	id=ATTRACTIONNAME	
TypeBy	id=ATTRACTIONNAME	Estadio Centenario 2

COMMAND: []
 TARGET: [] [Select] [Find]
 VALUE: []

Log Reference Debug Save Clear

```
[info] Executing: | ClickBy | id=ATTRACTIONNAME_Balloor | |
[info] Executing: | AssertTextBy | id=ATTRACTIONNAME_Balloor |
Attraction, Country already exists |
[info] Executing: | ClickBy | id=CITYID | |
[info] Executing: | ClickBy | id=ATTRACTIONNAME | |
```

Estadio Centenario

Attraction, Country already exists

Uruguay

Rio de Janeiro

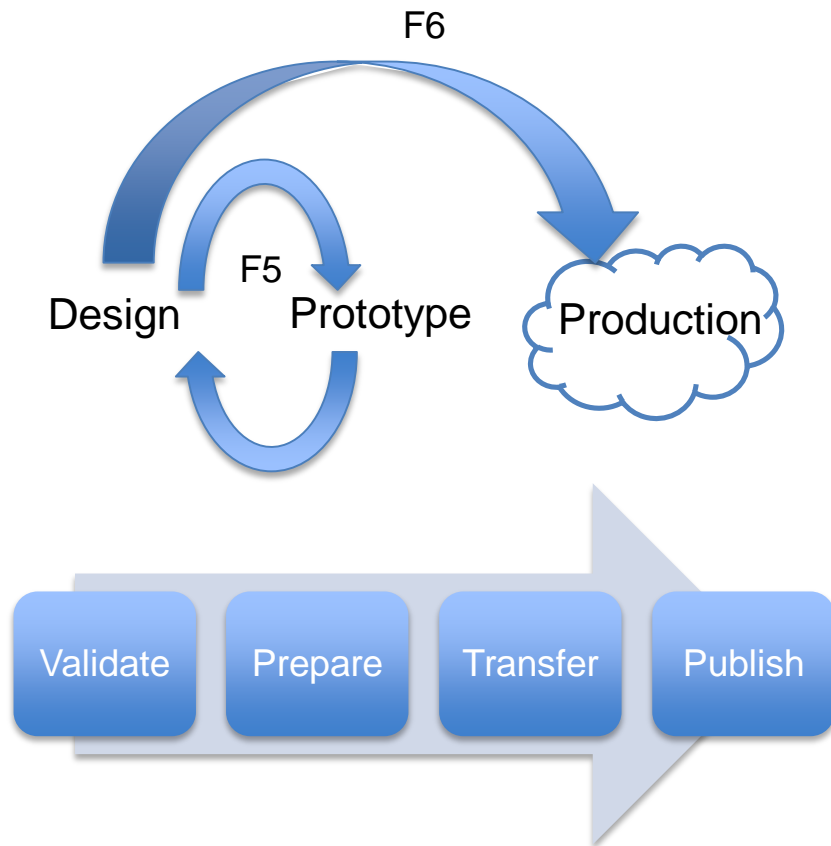
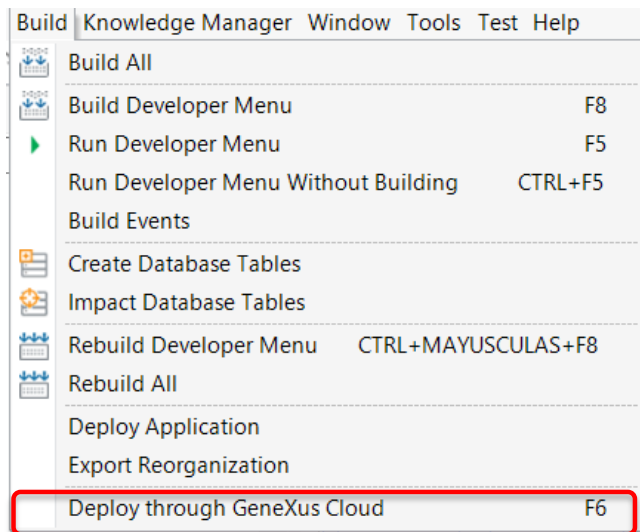
Monument

Command Recorded
 command: ClickBy
 target: id=BTNINSERT

UI Test (GXTest license required)

Deployment

Automatic deployment with F6



Build Knowledge Manager Window Tools Test Help

- Build All
- Build MenuTravelAgency F8
- Run MenuTravelAgency F5
- Run MenuTravelAgency Without Building CTRL+F5
- Build Events
- Create Database Tables
- Impact Database Tables
- Rebuild MenuTravelAgency CTRL+MAYUSCULAS+F8
- Rebuild All
- Deploy Application**
- Export Reorganization
- Deploy through GeneXus Cloud

Application Deployment Tool

Deploy Application X

Select objects to deploy


New Deployment Unit ... Add...

- Web Panel
 - Home

Target: Local [Options](#)

Application Server: Microsoft IIS 7

Deploy



Application Deployment Tool

Local deployment (packages creation):

Target:	Local
Application Server:	Generic Servlet 2.4 (Tomcat 5.x)
Display Name:	Generic Servlet 2.4 (Tomcat 5.x) Generic Servlet 2.5 (Tomcat 6) Generic Servlet 3.0 (Tomcat 7) Generic Servlet 3.1 JBoss (Enterprise Java Beans) Tomcat 8.x WebSphere (Enterprise Java Beans)
Target:	Local
Application Server:	Microsoft IIS 7 Microsoft IIS 7 Microsoft IIS 8 (or higher)

Deployment to PAAS (Platform As A Service) servers

Target:	AWS Elastic Beanstalk
Display Name:	Local AWS Elastic Beanstalk AWS Lambda Function deploy (Main Procedure only) AWS Serverless Deploy IBM Bluemix ----- Docker Image Google App Engine SAP Cloud Platform
Target:	Azure
	Local AWS Elastic Beanstalk Azure Docker Image

GeneXus™ Cloud

Deployment Services

✓ Building the environment in the Cloud

✓ Automatic deployment

✓ Deployment management

✓ Maximizing application uptime

Integration

External Objects

Tools | Test | Help

- Extensions Manager
- Database Reverse Engineering
- Application Integration
- Application Help...
- Import Pattern Instances
- Workflow
- Options
- Advanced
- Explore Knowledgebase Directory
- Explore Target Environment Directory
- CMD Environment Directory
- GeneXus Access Manager
- Refactoring
- Translations
- Update Android SDK
- GeneXus Account...

- .Net Assembly Import
- External DataStore Service Import
- SAP BAPI Import
- Java Class Import
- Json Import
- OpenAPI Import
- WSDL Import
- XML Schema Import

WebPanel2 * X

Web Form | Rules | Events | Conditions | Variables * | Help | Docum

Name	Type
& Variables	
& Standard Variables	
• FacebookTest	Facebook, GeneXus.Social

1 | &FacebookTest.

- AccessToken
- PostToWall
- ShareImage
- ShareLink
- ShareVideo

ExternalObject1 * X

Structure | Help | Documentation

Structure

- ExternalObject1
 - Properties
 - Methods
 - Events

Type Definition

Based on (none)

Data Type Facebook, GeneXus.Social

Collection

Initial value

Validation

Value range

Validation Failed Message

Control Info

Control Type

Input Type

Notify Context Change

Behavior

Input History

Is Password

Appearance

Auto Resize

Width

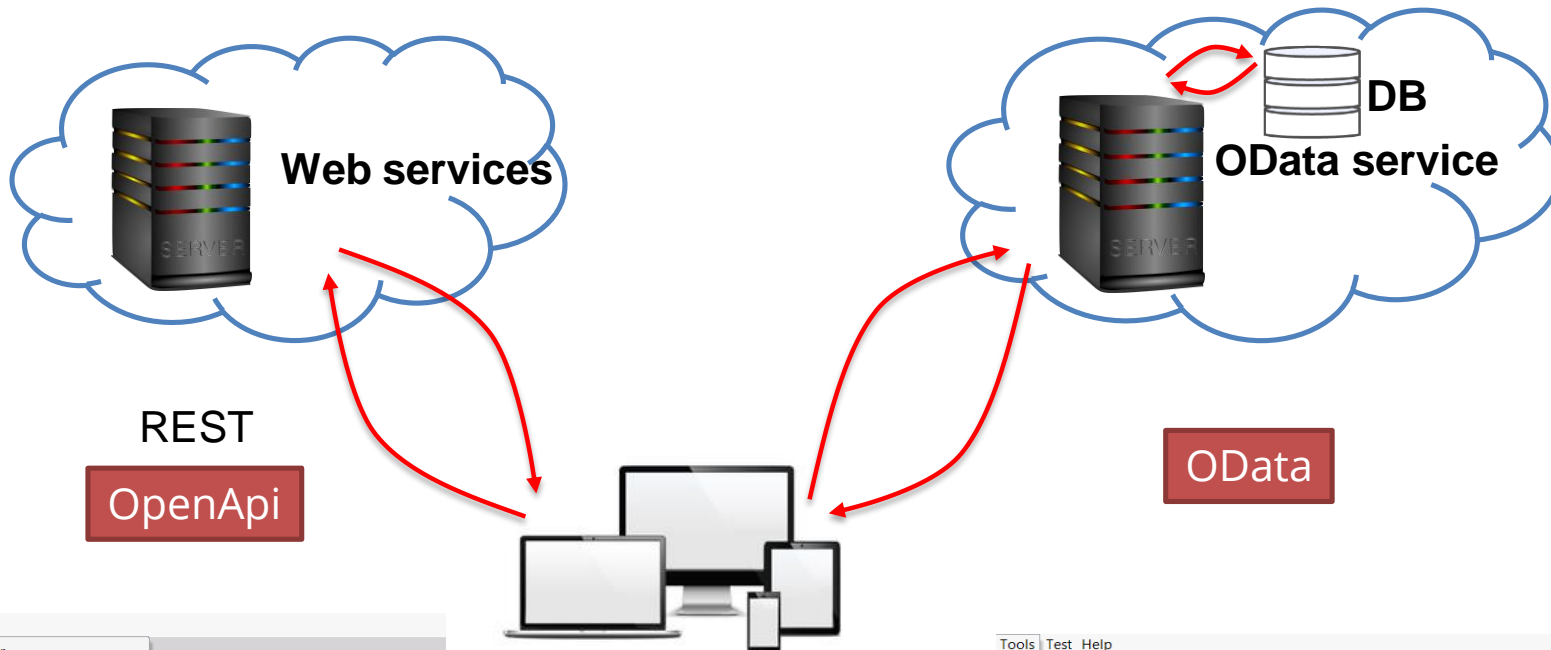
Height

Fill

(none)

External Objects

- Actions, GeneXus.SD
- Analytics, GeneXus.Common
- AppLifecycle, GeneXus.SD
- Audio, GeneXus.SD.Media
- AudioRecorder, GeneXus.SD.Media
- Beacons, GeneXus.SD
- Calendar, GeneXus.SD
- Camera, GeneXus.SD.Media
- ClientInformation, GeneXus.Client
- ClientStorage, GeneXus.Client
- Clipboard, GeneXus.Common
- ConfigurationManager, GeneXus.Common.Configuration
- Contacts, GeneXus.SD
- DeepLink, GeneXus.SD
- DeviceAuthentication, GeneXus.SD
- Facebook, GeneXus.Social
- Geolocation, GeneXus.Common
- GlobalEvents
- Interop, GeneXus.SD
- LocalNotifications, GeneXus.SD.Notifications
- Log, GeneXus.Common
- Maps, GeneXus.Common
- Navigation, GeneXus.Common.UI
- Network, GeneXus.SD
- NotificationParameters, GeneXus.SD.Notifications

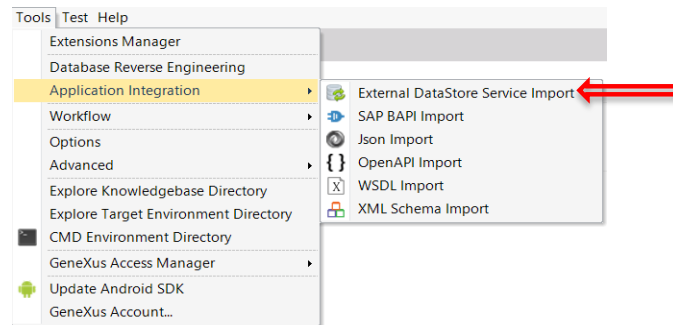
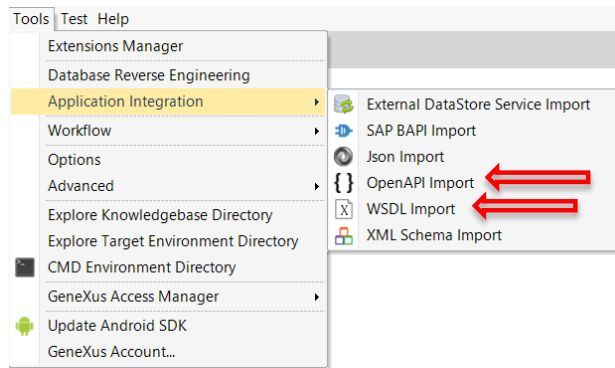


SOAP
WSDL

REST
OpenApi

OData

Client applications



Artificial Intelligence Module

Manage Module References

Modules: Search by pattern here...

Chatbot (2.1.10.129299)
GeneXus Chatbot module is a basic set of interfaces and implementations of data structures and algorithms needed to implement a Chatbot solution.

GeneXusAI (1.1.21.129329) Install
GeneXusAI contains a common set of Artificial Intelligence tasks, including audio, text and image processing, all of

GeneXus (2.1.7.129290)
GeneXus Core Module is a basic set of interfaces and

GXtest (0.4.2)
GXtest Module provides core functionality for creating, running and reporting tests on genexus and over ci/cd pipelines. <https://wiki.genexus.com/commwiki/servlet/wiki?>

MyKB

- Main Programs
- Root Module
- References
 - GeneXus
 - GeneXusAI**
 - Customization
 - Documentation

Module Information:

GeneXusAI

Module is not installed

Available Versions: 1.1.21.129329

Author: GeneXus S.A.
Owner: GeneXus S.A.

Description:

GeneXusAI contains a common set of Artificial Intelligence tasks, including audio, text and image processing, all of them provided by several Cloud Platforms (e.g. IBM Watson, Microsoft Azure Cognitive Services, SAP Leonardo)

Platforms:

- C# Web

Dependencies:

- GeneXus 1.12.13.125610

Id: 733e9734-9f0a-4620-b397-d84fbc2cef10

- GeneXusAI
 - Audio
 - SpeechToText
 - TextToSpeech
 - Domains
 - Configuration
 - Provider
 - Domains
 - Image
 - Classify
 - DetectFaces
 - DetectObjects
 - DetectScene
 - OCR
 - Text
 - DetectLanguage
 - ExtractEntities
 - KeyPhrases
 - SentimentAnalysis
 - Translate
 - Video
 - Analyze
 - OutputAnalysis
 - Process
 - Domains

IBM Watson

Microsoft Cognitive Services

SAP Leonardo

Google Cloud Services

Amazon Web Services

Chatbots: Conversational Flow object

New Object

Select a Category: Select a Type:

- Common
- Workflow
- Reporting
- Documentation
- Web
- Deploy
- Chatbots**
- Smart Devices

Select a Type:

- Conversational Flows

Create a pattern instance of Conversational

Name:

Description:

Module/Folder:

ConversationalFlows1* X

[Instance Data](#) | [Try Live](#) | [Documentation](#)

- Conversational Flows Instance
 - Flow: Greetings
 - Response
 - Message (text message)
 - Flow: Hello World
 - User Input
 - UserName
 - Response
 - Message (text message)

Citizen Service

9/14/18 8:33 PM

Please describe the problem:

9/14/18 8:33 PM

There's a missing traffic poster

9/14/18 8:33 PM

Where did it happen?

9/14/18 8:33 PM

Milan 99

9/14/18 8:34 PM

Please select the traffic signal: [See again](#)

9/14/18 8:34 PM

Type to talk...

Smart Devices

Applying a Pattern to a Transaction

The screenshot shows the 'Patterns' panel in GeneXus. At the top, the object name 'Country' is displayed with a close button. Below it, a navigation bar includes 'Structure', 'Web Form', 'Win Form', 'Rules', 'Events', 'Variables', 'Help', 'Documentation', and 'Patterns'. The main area is titled 'Patterns usable in this object (underlined means pattern is applied)'. It features three tabs: 'Category', 'Work With for Web', and 'Work With for Smart Devices'. The 'Work With for Smart Devices' tab is active and underlined. A checkbox labeled 'Apply this pattern on save' is checked. Below this, a tree view shows the object structure: 'Level (Country)' (indicated by a red arrow), 'List', 'Detail', 'Section (General)', 'Section (Place)', and 'Section (Sale)'. A large empty box on the right contains the text: 'Select List, Detail or Section on the tree to edit it'.

Country X

Structure | Web Form | Win Form | Rules | Events | Variables | Help | Documentation | **Patterns**

Patterns usable in this object (underlined means pattern is applied)

Category | Work With for Web | Work With for Smart Devices

Apply this pattern on save

↑ Level (Country)

- List
- Detail
- Section (General)
- Section (Place)
- Section (Sale)

Select List, Detail or Section on the tree to edit it

Applying a Pattern to a Transaction

The screenshot shows the GeneXus KB Explorer interface. The left pane displays the project structure, with 'WorkWithDevicesCountry' selected under 'Country_DataProvider'. A red arrow points to this object. The main pane shows the 'Patterns' tab, where the 'Work With for Smart Devices' pattern is applied to the selected object. The 'Apply this pattern on save' checkbox is checked. The right pane shows the 'Properties' window for the selected object, with the 'Main program' property set to 'True'.

Patterns usable in this object (underlined means pattern is applied)

- Category
- Work With for Web
- Work With for Smart Devices

Apply this pattern on save

Level (Country)

- List
- Detail
- Section (General)

Properties

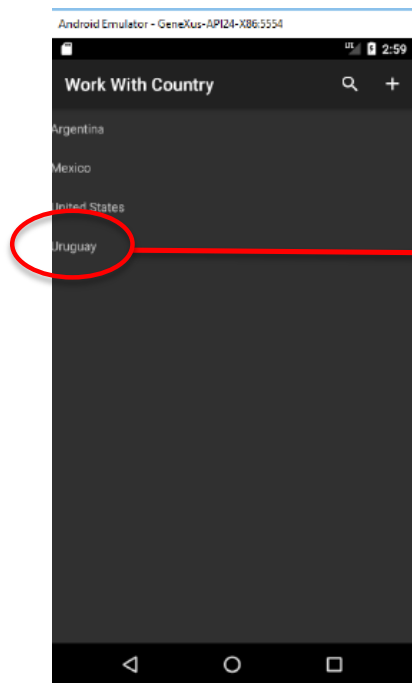
Location When In Use Use	
Log Maximum Size in KByte	5000
Main program	True
Microphone Usage Descrip	
Motion Usage Description	
Multitex Build	False
Name	WorkWithDe
Obfuscate Application	False
Object Visibility	Public
Offline Data Base Access L	Off
Offline Database	(none)
Offline Synchronization Lo	Off

Select List, Detail or Section on the tree to edit it

Set its property Main program = True, and right-click and Run over the object:

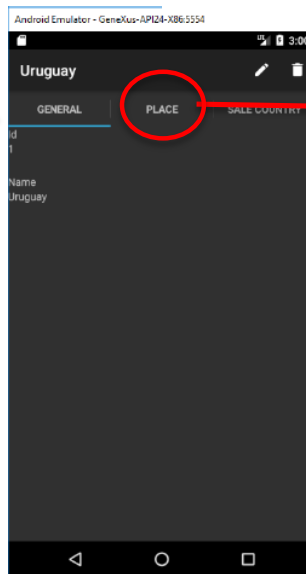
Applying a Pattern to a Transaction

Right-click and Run:

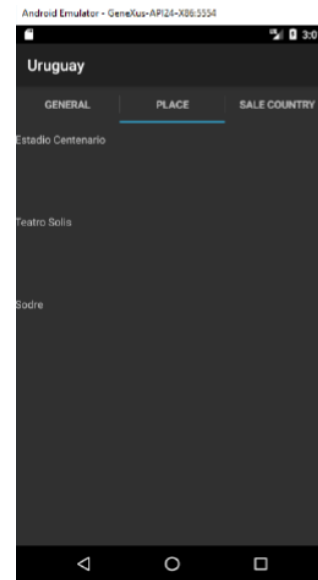
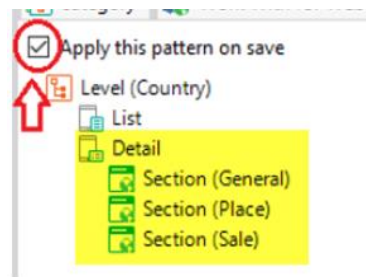


GENERAL

Select 1 country



PLACE



Applying a Pattern to a Transaction

For each place, in addition to its name, we want to see its geolocation.

The image illustrates the process of applying a pattern to a transaction in GeneXus. On the left, the IDE interface shows the 'Country' object with the 'Patterns' menu open. The 'Work With for Smart Devices' pattern is selected and applied to the 'Section (Place)'. The 'Place Geolocation' field is added to the 'Place' section. On the right, the Android emulator displays the 'Uruguay' application with the 'PLACE' tab selected, showing a list of places with their names and geolocation coordinates.

IDE Screenshot:

- Country X
- Structure | Web Form | Win Form | Rules | Events | Variables | Help | Documentation | **Patterns**
- Patterns usable in this object (undefined means pattern is applied)
- Category | Work With for Web | **Work With for Smart Devices**
- Apply this pattern on save
- Level (Country)
 - List
 - Detail
 - Section (General)
 - Section (Place)** ←
 - Section (Sale)
- Layout | Rules | Events | Conditions | Variables
- Application Bar
 - Grid1 | Table1 | **PlaceGeolocation**
- Grid
 - PlaceName
 - Place Geolocation | PlaceGeolocation →

Emulator Screenshot:

Android Emulator - GeneXus-API24-X86:5554

Uruguay

GENERAL | **PLACE** | SALE COUNTRY

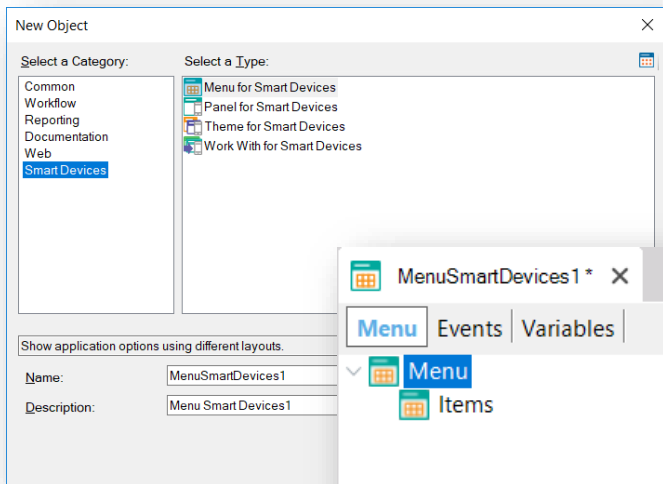
Estadio Centenario
Place Geolocation -34.894511, -56.152690

Teatro Solís
Place Geolocation -34.907680, -56.201040

Sodre
Place Geolocation -34.904363, -56.198283

Access Menu: Menu for Smart Devices

Creation:



MenuSmartDevices1 * X

Menu Events Variables

Menu

Items

Properties

Name	MenuSmartDevices1
Description	Menu Smart Devices1
Module/Folder	Root Module
Qualified Name	MenuSmartDevices1
Object Visibility	Public
Auto Update	False
Main program	True

Add action...

MenuSmartDevices1 * X

Menu Events Variables

Menu

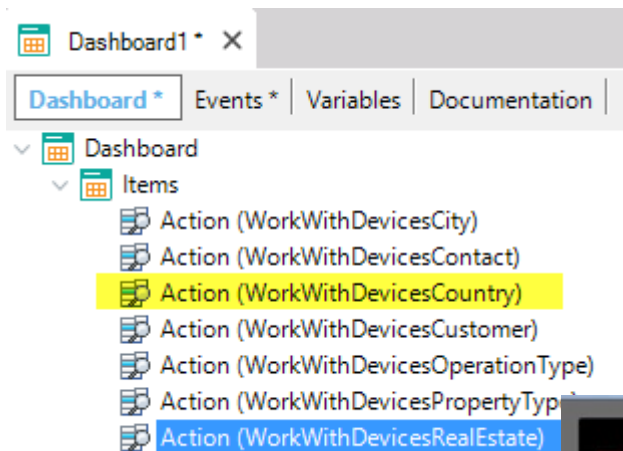
Items

Add

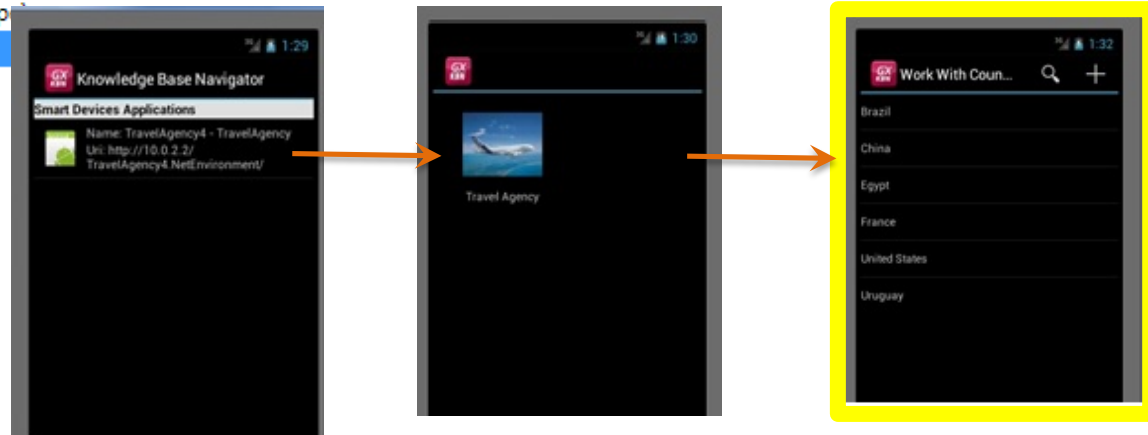
- Delete SUPR
- Cut CTRL+X
- Copy CTRL+C
- Paste CTRL+V
- Expand All
- Collapse All
- Properties F4

Action

Link



After pressing F5...



GeneXus™

Videos

training.genexus.com

Documentation

wiki.genexus.com

Certifications

training.genexus.com/certifications